The Toledo Evening Bee.

VOL. XVII. NO. 184. TOLEDO, OHIO, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1892. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

ARMSTRONG & CLARKE

MASONIC TEMPLE BLOCK

Purveyors to the People.

We save our patrons from TEN TO TWENTY PER CENT in living expenses and furnish the HIGHEST QUALITY of goods in every department of our business.

18 lbs. H. & E. Granulated Sugar	$1.00
25 lbs. H. & E. C Sugar	1.00
4 lbs. Fine Roasted Rio Coffee	1.00
2 gals. N. O. Molasses	1.00
2 gals. Porto Rico Molasses	1.00
Choice Maple Syrup, per gal	1.20
Choice Maple Sugar, per lb	.14
Garden Leaf Japan Tea, per lb	.30
St. Charles Evaporated Cream, per can	.15
Strained White Clover Honey, per lb.	.15
Rock Candy Syrup, per gal	.80
Edam Cheese, each	1.00
Kosher Sausage, per lb	.15
Franco-American Soups, per can	.30
Select Oysters, per can	.45
Standard Oysters, per can	.30
Bulk Oysters, per quart	.25
Boxsee's Clam Juice, per can	.25
Boxsee's Little Neck Clams, per can	.25
Bay State Clam Chowder, per can	.25
Kornlet, per can	.23
Maizine, per can	.18
Evaporated Apricots, per lb	.18
Heinz Sweet Gherkins, English pints	.30
Heinz Sweet Gherkins, 1-2 pints	.18
Heinz Sour Gherkins, 5 Row Midgets	.24
Heinz Cauliflower, pints	.28
Heinz Chili Sauce, Gallon Jugs	1.25

HEINZ PICKLES

SWEET AND SOUR,

PURE FRUIT PRESERVES

—AND—

Appetizing Condiments, Sauces, Etc

Win first medal wherever exhibited, and highest praise from all who try them.

BUT GET THE GENUINE.

Others use the name "Heinz," but the original Heinz condiments are manufactured by the H. J. Heinz Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

Armstrong & Clarke

A TABLE TALK

—ON—

FINE FURNITURE!

In which it was clearly shown that our

EXTENSION TABLES,
SIDEBOARDS,
DINING ROOM CHAIRS,

And general stock of high grade Furniture is of the best made, and sold at remarkably low prices.

THE CONANT BROS. FURNITURE CO.

Summit, Adams and Water Sts.

LAVEY,

EYE SPECIALIST,

Opthalmic Optician!

EXAMINATION FREE.

318 Summit Street.

WEATHER.

U. S. Department of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau.
Toledo, O., Nov. 25, 1892.

The area of high pressure this morning covers the entire country east of the Mississippi river, but it is decreasing in intensity and drifting to the eastward. A second area of high pressure is advancing from the extreme northwest, and is accompanied by a very severe cold wave over that section of the country.

There is a storm of considerable energy and magnitude now central over Nebraska that is moving eastward and will reach the lake region by to-night.

The weather over the entire northern half of the country is either cloudy, raining or snowing. It is snowing over the country west of the storm center and raining or its eastern front.

The temperature has risen over the entire country east of the Rocky mountains, and will continue to rise over the east during the next 36 hours. Over the extreme west and northwest a cold wave is prevailing and the temperature has fallen decidedly. North of Montana it is 25 degrees below zero, and growing colder. If this cold wave moves eastward it will not reach this section before Sunday night or Monday.

Local forecast for Toledo and vicinity for the next 36 hours: Light rain or snow, slightly warmer. E. A. HANNER, Observer.

One in seven of all deaths comes from Consumption. That's about the proportion. And almost every death from Consumption comes from neglect and delay. There's neglect in preventing the disease—delay in curing it.

You can prevent it—and cure it, if you'll act in time, with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Poor and impure blood makes you an easy victim—a scrofulous condition of the system invites it.

You must reach the disease through the blood, and the "Discovery" does it. It's the most potent and effective blood-cleanser, strength-restorer, and flesh-builder that's known to medical science. The scrofulous affection of the lungs that's called Consumption, and every form of scrofula and blood-taints, all yield to it. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all severe, lingering Coughs, it's an unequaled remedy.

And it's the *only* one that's *guaranteed* to do what is claimed for it. If it fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture at lowest prices; Wooden and Willow Ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety. Toys of every description, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes.

DUNSCOMB & CO., 510 & 512 SUMMIT

WAGON LOADS!

You see our wagons every day in every part of the city delivering great loads of Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household goods. You see them oftener and better loaded than those of all our competitors together. We mention this as a pointer to you, that as sure as people come to our store and get our prices and terms they are satisfied; they buy. Our terms, prices and goods are the best to be had.

DRAPER & NUGENT

This is my own, my native land; I'm here to stay.

Let me sell you a HOLIDAY PRESENT. The demand immense. Tremendous sales. An AGENT will be WELCOMED like the bridegroom at the marriage feast when he has the HIGH ARM NO. 9. The BEST sewing machine on earth. There can be no rivals, there may be weak imitations.

Others claim ours is as good as the NO. 9. It's false. Order a NO. 9, trial free to all.

I offer $1,000 in gold to anyone who will prove that the only Grand Prize awarded Sewing Machines at the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1889, was not awarded to the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company.

A. AUSTIN,

317 Adams St., Toledo, O.

JOHN J. BARBER, DENTIST,
315 Superior Street,
Phone 804.

A pound of Ward's Fine Writing Paper for 23c, and 33 Envelopes to match, 9c and 11c.

OUR

Fine Wedding Invitations and Card Work a specialty.

DIAMOND STOCK

Is the Largest and Finest in the City. Over 300 Diamond Rings to select from.

FREEMAN--The Jeweler,

Sole Agent in Toledo for Patek, Philippe & Co.'s Fine Watches.

313 Summit St.

Plain 18k Wedding Rings made of one piece. The largest stock in the city.

EVERY HIGH SCHOOL

Girl wants to see the new Fur Chokers we have just received.

HARLEY'S.

DROWN YOUR FURPoses of anything as good enough, in wall paper, paint and fresco, and insure permanency and pleasure by engaging

ALLEN & PARKHURST.

WITHOUT STEAM.

A State of Affairs in New York City.

The Firemen in a Great Company

Object to Having Their Wages Cut Down.

Twelve Hours a Day is Too Much for Them.

Much Inconvenience in the Buildings Where Power is Obtained Through the Pipes.

New York, Nov. 25.—All the firemen in the New York Steam company's great plant in Greenwich and Washington streets between Cortlandt and Dey streets, struck at 10 minutes past 12 o'clock this morning against a reduction of wages.

The company employs about 50 firemen on the 56 boilers located around the bases of the great chimneys which are among the most prominent landmarks of the city.

They had been receiving 25 cents an hour, and were working from eight to ten hours a day. The company had announced that hereafter they would be paid but 20 cents an hour and would be expected to work 12 hours a day.

Nearly all of them had been steamship firemen, and these said that the reduction would bring their wages down to a lower figure than they could get at sea, especially on American boats, and all joined in saying that it was a physical impossibility for a man to fire the boilers of the steam company's plant 12 hours a day for many days in succession.

The steamship men said the fire rooms of the plant were hotter than the stoke holes of a modern steamer, where a man only worked four hours at a stretch and then was at liberty to rest eight hours, to say nothing of the long vacations with full pay when the vessel was lying in port.

The men at work left their posts one by one. There was not a fireman left in the house, and before the men had left they had opened the dampers, letting great volumes of cold air into the furnaces and bringing the steam pressure down like a shot.

Chief Engineer Clarence, who was in charge, rushed out into the street and begged the men to return, but was met with a peremptory but polite refusal. The strikers were jubilant at the consternation they had caused. Before 1 o'clock the steam had fallen from the regular pressure of 85 pounds to less than 50 pounds and was still rapidly failing. The elevators in the Western Union telegraph building at Broadway and Day streets had to stop running, and in this building and in the general postoffice the electric lights went out, as there was not power enough to run the dynamos.

There was a great hurrying around to start fires beneath the long idle boilers of their steam plants, and there was pandemonium in those of the morning newspaper offices that were caught without power at the very hour when their presses were about to start.

NEILL'S LAST DAYS.

A Newgate Warden Talks About the Prisoner.

He Was in a Very Humorous Mood the Day Before His Execution.

New York, Nov. 25.—A London dispatch says: One of the wardens of Newgate prison has given, in an interview, some interesting particulars of the last days of Thomas Neill Cream, the American wholesale poisoner who was hanged last week.

On being returned to prison Neill requested that he should be allowed to retain his own clothes, and the request was granted after he had been rigorously searched.

On several occasions he repeated the remark: "They shall never hang me," and consequently more than the usual close guard was kept upon him. He was deprived of his gold spectacles for fear that he should attempt to drive the side bar through his eye into the brain, and was furnished with a pair of glasses in a horn.

He several times asked for chewing tobacco, but under the rules of the prison the request could not be granted, and he therefore had recourse to paper and pieces of rag, upon which he kept up an incessant chewing in order, as he said, to keep his mind occupied.

On the day before the hanging he was in a humorous mood. One of the wardens asked him if he had swept out his cell, and he replied in the negative.

"Why haven't you done it?" asked the warden.

"I don't intend to sweep my cell out," retorted Neill.

"And why not?" responded the warden, who thought that the condemned man was getting obstreperous in his last hours.

"Because I can't," responded Neill, while his laughter echoed down the corridor, "I have swept the dust out, but I can't sweep the cell out."

Repeated efforts were made by the turnkeys at the instigation of the authorities to induce the condemned man to tell where he obtained his poisonous drugs in such quantities as he undoubtedly possessed, especially as the evidence only accounted for a small portion of the strychnine found in his room. Neill, however, persistently refused to satisfy their curiosity.

THE QUAIL LAW.

As to Whether It Is Constitutional or Not.

Cincinnati, Nov. 25.—The circuit court has been occupied in hearing the case of Ed Roth, of the St. Nicholas, who was found guilty in the lower courts of violating the game law, in having quails served at his table out of legal season. Mr. Roth's attorneys are attacking the constitutionality of the law. The birds served by Roth to his patrons were not Ohio quails, but imported from Maryland.

FOUND DEAD.

Madison, Ind., Nov. 25.—Capt. James W. Frost was found in his room on his steamer, the Jim Montgomery, at Bethlehem, yesterday morning. He was in good health and spirits when he retired at night. He leaves a widow and four children in this city and one son at Ripley, O., where his remains will be shipped for burial.

FIXING FOR A LYNCHING.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 25.—George Lawson, white, was murdered at South Pittsburg last night by three negroes. All three were captured and have confessed. At last accounts a mob was forming and the prospects were that the murderers would be lynched.

A DAILY PAPER.

Chicago Newspaper Men to do the Proper Caper.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—A conference of the newspaper publishers of Chicago, and Hon. J. W. Robinson, chief of the machinery department of the world's fair, was held at the Herald building today with James W. Scott presiding, for the purpose of considering plans for the publication of a morning and afternoon paper in Machinery hall during the world's fair in order to afford the general public an opportunity of observing the many processes incident to the production of a daily paper. The meeting to-day, and which was of an harmonious character, had reference to the particular presses that should be used and their location.

POISON IN THE MEAL.

Brightwood, Ind., Nov. 25.—(Special.)—Mrs. James Pressley died yesterday after a short illness with every indication that she had been poisoned. The story was circulated that some corn meal which had been purchased by her husband from a local grocer contained the poison, which caused her death. Mr. Pressley, who also ate bread from the meal, and is lying at the point of death, was questioned.

WILL MARRY NO MORE.

A Wife Poisoner Behind Prison Bars.

A Mob of Citizens Wanted to Lynch Him Without the Form of a Trial.

Riverton, Ia., Nov. 25.—Wm. Mayhar is not likely to marry again just now. This is because Mayhar is behind prison bars. The coroner's jury which investigated the mysterious death of Mrs. Mayhar No. 5, finished its work Wednesday evening and the verdict charged Mayhar with causing her death by administering poison.

The preliminary examination was not concluded and an adjournment was taken until to-day.

In the meantime Mayhar is behind the bars. When the coroner's verdict was made known citizens collected and discussed the advisability of lynching Mayhar before he again added to his list of wives.

Cooler counsel prevailed, for a time at least, and no action was taken.

FOUR DROWNED.

Fatal Accident on the Snake River.

The Government Boat Capsized and Only Two Out of six Reached Shore.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 25.—A Lewiston dispatch gives meager particulars of the drowning of four young men near there in Snake river yesterday.

The government scow is at work at that point, and six men were in a boat endeavoring to set off a blast, when the boat capsized and two only reached shore. The remaining four hung to the boat until they were swept into a whirlpool and wrenched loose.

Among the unfortunates was the foreman of the scow and Willie Wiggins, one of the most popular young men in Lewiston, having been born and reared there. None of the bodies have been recovered.

ROW AT CORNELL.

Desperate Class Fight Between the Sophomores and Freshmen.

Mount Vernon, Ia., Nov. 25.—Cornell college is greatly excited over a class row between the sophomores and freshmen. Trouble commenced over the sophomores wearing mortar-board hats. When they appeared with their new hats a howling mob of freshmen attacked them and a general fight ensued. Torn garments, bloody noses, and scratched faces were the result, and the melee was only stopped when the faculty interfered. Tuesday evening the sophomores met in a body and proceeded to the homes of freshmen. Being admitted, the occupants of the rooms were overpowered and a search made for soph hats, six of which were lost in Monday's fight. Several freshmen in resisting the sophs were roughly handled.

Later in the evening the sophs met a large number of freshmen who had been looking for them, and after a desperate struggle the sophs were routed. Yesterday the young ladies of the two classes caught the spirit, a general hair-pulling and eye-gouging party occurred in the hall, the faculty being obliged to interfere. A big fight is expected, and freshmen are waiting for a favorable opportunity, armed to the teeth, to tackle the sophs.

The annual sophomore oratorical contest occurs in two weeks, but it is generally believed that the freshmen will not allow it to go on. Interesting developments are expected before the week is over. The faculty are doing all in their power to quell the disturbance, but so far with little or no success.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.

Increase of Stock by the Toledo Electric Street Railway Company.

Columbus, O., Nov. 25.—The following articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state to-day: The Dresden Rock Plaster Manufacturing company, Dresden, capital stock $20,000; the Wilmont Tile and Brick company, Wilmont, capital stock $5,000; the Columbus, Grand View & Suburban Street Railroad company, Columbus, capital stock $50,000; the First Presbyterian church of Greenfield, O.; Division No. 4, Ancient Order of Hibernians, of Clark county, O., Springfield; the Snell Cycle Fittings company, Toledo, capital stock $50,000; the American Fire Brick and Clay company, Mineral Point, capital stock $50,000; the Board of Trade company, Washington C. H., capital stock $1,000; B. Nai Israel synagogue, Steubenville; the Toledo Electric Street Railway company, Toledo, increase of capital stock from $8,000,000 to $1,400,000.

THE PROSECUTION RESTS.

Progress of the Birchell Murder Trial at Bryan.

Bryan, O., Nov. 25.—Notwithstanding that yesterday was a legal holiday, the trial of George Birchell for murder was continued as usual, with the exception of a three hours' intermission at noon. The prosecution, after examining some 60 witnesses, rested their case.

The defense is now endeavoring to prove an alibi, and have subpoenaed nearly 80 witnesses. The blood stains, it is alleged, will be accounted for. Testimony tending to indicate that Birchell was engaged in a fight at Stryker, O., a few days before the homicide occurred and was badly cut by the marshal while resisting arrest, will be presented.

The trial will probably last a week or ten days longer.

NOT BILLED.

Comedian Murphy Does a Lively Song and Dance.

South Bend, Ind., Nov. 25.—Joseph Murphy, the popular Irish comedian, while filling an engagement in Kerry Gow at the Oliver, in this city, had a narrow escape from being seriously injured. In the blacksmith scene where Murphy shoes the horse, he was working over a piece of red hot iron, when a misdirected blow caused the piece of glowing iron to fly from his grasp, lodging in his clothing between his vest and shirt. For a moment the actor lost his presence of mind, and dancing around excitedly, tore at his clothes and yelled "Fire!" The hot iron quickly burned a hole through his coat and fell to the stage, much to the relief of the uncomfortable comedian.

Moore was the only English epicure poet.

BAD MARKSMEN

Try to Bring Down a Chicago Highwayman.

A Large Suburb Considerably Excited.

Everybody Takes a Shot at Him But All of Them Fail to Make Their Shots Tell.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—The masked man who is terrorizing Lakeview was hunted yesterday by an extra detail of policemen and an army of volunteers, who sought excitement on the holiday. He was seen several times yesterday and a dozen shots were exchanged with him, but no one was hurt and each time the fellow got away. It was believed the fellow will not attempt any robberies at night, so the policemen were called off the chase at 5 o'clock.

Late last evening the lone highwayman, or one who is supposed to be the Lakeview desperado, halted a man at Kenmore avenue and North Fifty-ninth street. The citizen gave up what cash he had and the thief made his escape.

The police were placed all along the principal streets leading to the city. Capt. Schnurler, who was in command of the forces in the precincts in which the robber had been working, had stationed officers all through the district.

About 3 p. m. a solitary horseman rode up to Sheffield avenue station and asked a policeman to go to the station and secure him a close description of the mounted robber. The policeman did so.

The inquirer was mounted on a fine horse, and as he rode away Capt. Schuttler came up and severely reprimanded the officer. It is believed the inquirer is the robber. He answers the description closely, so does his horse. After he learned the description of the highwayman he rode rapidly away.

The entire portion of Lakeview over which the robber had worked was patrolled yesterday by young men on horseback from the city. They included clerks from manufactories, railway offices, and from all the great down-town establishments. They all came to the Sheffield avenue police station and asked for a description of the robber. All these young men were armed. They went out to try to shoot the lone highwayman.

Officers were mounted and held in reserve at the police station and engine houses all day in the territory where the robber was working. Thirty-five detectives from down town were scattered through the district.

The fellow was sighted near the Mt. Pleasant house late in the afternoon by Michael Fitzgerald, who, seeing him with his mask on, shot at him twice. The fire was returned. Fitz was on foot and unable to follow him.

He was next seen by Michael Simon. He had evidently been hiding in a straw pile back of St. Boniface's cemetery. As he emerged from it with a mask on Simon stopped out in the street and ordered him to halt. The horseman leveled his revolver at Simon and fired. His aim was bad. Simon returned the fire, but the horseman spurred up and escaped. He was next seen at "Ed" Kelly's roadhouse, by "Nick" Harrison, "Dick" Donovan, and Thomas Barrett, all officers, but he escaped them. He was afterward seen near Pat Ahern's place. Ahern ran out and tried to get a shot at him, but he rode rapidly away.

CANADIAN AFFAIRS.

Premier Abbott Is Going to Resign.

Minister Foster Bound for England on an Important Mission.

Montreal, Nov. 25.—The Hon. Mr. Foster, minister of finance, left England yesterday, carrying in his pocket the resignation of Premier Abbott. This will lead to a reorganization of the cabinet, and on good authority it was said last night that the Hon. J. A. Chapleau, minister of customs, will be made lieutenant governor of the province of Quebec, the present holder of the position, Lieut.-Gov. Auger, succeeding to the portfolio of customs.

Sir John Thompson, the present minister of justice, will be the premier, and W. L. Ives, member of parliament, will be taken into the cabinet as minister of agriculture. Other changes are likely to be made.

FROM HONOLULU.

Questions Asked the Cabinet—Some of the Islands in a State of Siege.

San Francisco, Nov. 25.—From Honolulu the steamer Monowai brings news that the native members asked the following questions of the new cabinet, and they have been answered as follows:

Does the cabinet intend to negotiate a new reciprocity treaty with the United States?

Answer—Yes.

Is there any disposition to cede Pearl harbor to the United States to use it for repairing and coaling station as long as the treaty remains in effect?

Yes.

Is it proposed to send an envoy to Washington to assist in the negotiations of the treaty?

No.

The cabinet announced that it would be the policy of the government to retain the autonomy and independence of the Hawaiian kingdom and promote closer relations with the United States. It also gave notice that no measure tending to legalize a lottery can be supported.

Details of trouble at Pago Harbor, recently reported by telegraph, are given in the Samoa Times of the 5th inst., received by the Monowai to-day. The Times says: "Hostilities were commenced on Tuesday morning, October 24. Chief Lelate and his followers making a raid on the village of Aoa, killing four men and wounding one. On the 29th Fagatono and Aua went to Pago to endeavor to arrange matters peaceably between the contesting parties, but on their approaching the beach the Fagasoa people, who had joined the Pago party, fired upon the boats, killing two men and wounding three. Later on Fagatono and Aoa villages were burned down and the whole of the east end destroyed. Lelate and his people retreated to the island of Anuun and entrenched themselves there. The position is an extremely strong one, indeed, almost inaccessible, at any rate most difficult to attack. There are plenty of provisions on the island, and consequently there is no danger of them being starved out. Taulautai and Taulati, inland tribes, are about to join Leiate's party, and if they do so the whole of Tutuila will be involved in war. There is ample ammunition available.

SHE IS PENNILESS.

New York, Nov. 25.—Something of a sensation has been caused in club and theatrical circles by the development that Mrs. Eleanor Fletcher Bishop, mother of the once noted mind reader, who was alleged to have been cut up by physicians while he was in a trance, is absolutely penniless, and suffering for the want of food.

She lives in a little shanty below the street level on Sixty-fourth street, the use of which has been temporarily granted to her by the owner. During her son's lifetime, and when she was surrounded with every luxury her contributions to charity mounted up into the thousands of dollars. A benefit performance has been offered to her by Mr. Daly, the theatrical manager.

MANSLAUGHTER.

A Verdict in the Case of James Lawson.

Findlay, O., Nov. 25.—The jury in the trial of James Lawson for the murder of Harry Scouten, last July, brought in a verdict of manslaughter.

Scouten and Lawson were employed on the Robinson oil lease, near Stuartsville, the former as a driller and the latter as a pumper. Scouten appears to have lectored Lawson, who is physically diminutive and gave him several severe beatings. On the day of the murder Lawson bought a revolver at Stuartsville, and going home past the derrick where Scouten was employed saw the latter come toward him and stoop down. Lawson took the revolver from his pocket, and it was almost instantly discharged, killing Scouten. Lawson fled and was not apprehended for several days. He claims he acted in self-defense in pulling the weapon, but that it went off accidentally, owing to his inexperience in handling firearms. He fled because he was afraid of being lynched, the Lytle affair being fresh in the public mind. These claims constituted his defense. The trial occupied but two and a half days.

BEYOND HIS MEANS.

Lived B. F. Bear, Now Charged With Forgery.

Celina, O., Nov. 25.—B. F. Bear, of Covington, O., has got himself into serious trouble. Alexander Wychaff, 15 months ago, allowed Bear to act as his agent and Bear got deep in debt to him.

He went to Covington to settle, but Bear agreed to give his notes for $700, with his father-in-law, A. T. Levering, as security.

Bear started for Mr. Levering's home, but never went there, and forged his father-in-law's name to the notes. Wyckoff & Clark, successors to A. Wyckoff, retained Bear as agent, and he became indebted to them for over $400. He settled by forged notes.

Recently he burned out and the latter firm pushed a settlement. Bear agreed to settle the whole matter when he got his insurance money, which was paid him by the company, but in a less amount than insured for. This money was garnisheed by other interested parties and then the story came out. Bear was considered a straight business man and stood high in the community, but he lived beyond his means.

EX-SECRETARY BLAINE.

His Condition Continues to Be Alarming.

His Old Troubles Break Out Anew.

Every Indication Points to the Fact That He Is a Very Sick Man.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The condition of ex-Secretary Blaine at noon is such as to arouse the solicitude of his friends as to the result of the illness from which he is suffering. It is impossible to state accurately or definitely the exact nature of his present illness for the family decline to discuss it, and acting in accordance with the wish of the family, the attending physician's reply to all inquirers is that that is a matter which they don't talk about outside the residence.

Mr. Blaine, since his return to Washington in October, continued, until recently, apparently in unusually good health, as compared with the long period of physical depression which prevailed during the summer at Bar Harbor. Persons who saw him then, said that he was a very sick man. However, upon his return to Washington he resumed work in his library, and was busily engaged, it was said, upon a revision or a continuance of his book "Twenty Years in Congress."

On Tuesday of last week he was seized with a chill, followed by the appearance of a light fever. The night before he had complained of a slight attack of gout in his foot.

Dr. Frank Hyatt, whose treatment of Mrs. Blaine's illness two years ago was so successful and who, in the interim, maintained close personal relations with the ex-secretary and family, was called to attend Mr. Blaine.

He is a specialist in diseases of the throat and lungs, and when he learned the nature of the complaint from which the patient was suffering he informed the family it was a case outside his own province, and that the services of a skilled general practitioner were needed. This would of itself show conclusively that other than the bronchial organs are affected. Dr. W. W. Johnson was thereupon summoned and is now in attendance upon the patient. Dr. Hyatt meeting with him at the bedside.

A [illegible] Wednesday [illegible], which weakened Mr. Blaine would lead to the supposition that the trouble was an intestinal one, but this is denied.

The only authoritative statement that has been heard approaching a definite description of the ailment from which Mr. Blaine is suffering is that his trouble is a recurrence of that from which he has not been free for the past two years.

This would indicate, despite the denial above recorded, that the trouble did originate from the stomach. The illness which kept him confined to the house of his daughter, Mrs. Damrosch, in New York, for several weeks in the spring of 1891 is said to have been a case of vertigo. The attack which prostrated him while at his desk in the state department last spring, as is well known, was due to indigestion.

But this is not the most serious feature of the case. His system refuses to respond to the treatment. Progress toward recovery goes on to a certain stage and there stops. He is no better to-day than he was yesterday and is still confined to his bed. The lethargy of despondency is the worst thing physicians have to combat.

Later in the day Dr. Johnson told a United Press reporter that when he arrived at the Blaine residence this morning to hold a consultation with Dr. Hyatt he found Mr. Blaine up and dressed and looking decidedly improved.

Dr. Johnson said that Mr. Blaine was much better and would be able to go out doors in a few days if the weather remained fine.

His cold had almost entirely disappeared and the throat affection for which Dr. Hyatt was treating him proved to be nothing more than one of the slight bronchial troubles so prevalent in the Washington climate.

Mr. Blaine's condition, said Dr. Johnson, was the same that it had been for the past four months.

WHITEHOUSE NOTES.

Whitehouse, O., Nov. 25.—(Special.)—Master Henry Dick, of Toledo, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Rakestraw, of Toledo, are visiting friends and relatives here over Thanksgiving.

Mrs. C. M. King entertained a party of friends at a Thanksgiving dinner.

The ball given by the Bailey Base Ball club on Wednesday eve, at King's new music hall, was a grand success, both socially and financially.

Elmer Highland, of Toledo, came home to eat turkey.

Mrs. Martin, of Toledo, was in town Monday on business.

Messrs. Gotlieb Bucher and George Williams returned from a duck hunt at Point Place.

F. W. Crain, of Maumee, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Kuhlenberger, of Eden, O., are the guests of Henry Schmid and family.

TRAIN WRECKED.

Brenham, Tex., Nov. 25.—The southbound passenger train on the Houston & Texas Central railroad was wrecked between Waller and Clear Creek yesterday morning. The whole train went into the ditch except the engine and one coach. Two are reported killed and a number injured.

THEY MADE 'EM MARCH.

Bold Hold Up on a Western Train.

Robbers Get a Big Haul in Washington.

They Go Through a Pullman Car and Take Everything in Sight.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25.—The overland westbound train on the Northern Pacific railroad was held up last evening near Hot Springs by three masked men who robbed all of the male passengers in the Pullman sleeper Wadena, six in all.

The robbers entered the car, it is believed, at Hot Springs, as the train had not gone five miles from that place when the men entered the rear part of the sleeper. The first man they met was E. H. Miller, of Portland, Ore., who was in the smoking department. He was relieved of $10 and a gold watch and then told to march in ahead of the robbers, which he did.

One of the highwaymen went to the extreme end of the car while the others stood guard at the end where they entered. All were dressed in dark clothes, overcoats, slouch hats and wore handkerchiefs over their faces, with holes cut out for eyes.

They placed revolvers at the heads of the passengers and commanded them to hold up their hands. As the robbing was going on S. J. Freedman, of Portland, Ore., came in from an adjoining car, and as he entered, not knowing what was going on, he was commanded to hold up his hands, but not complying quek enough, the robber nearest to him fired a shot through the side of the car and then Freedman understood what was wanted and he handed over his valuables.

The robbers did not molest the ladies, of whom there were four with two children, telling them to keep quiet and no harm would come to them. This they did.

After robbing everybody in the car, and without going to any of the other cars, the robbers pulled the bell cord, giving the proper signals and when the car stopped they pulled the bell to start again, and then jumped off, fled to the woods, firing a parting fusilade as they disappeared.

The total amount taken was 1,200, besides the gold watches and jewelry and other valuables.

The following is a list of the men robbed:

Pullman conductor and porter, E. E. Heeg, Portland, $10 and a gold watch worth $200.

S. J. Freedman, Portland, $100 and a gold watch.

Sam Ohner, $105 (he saved his watch by throwing it under the seat).

H. Guimare, between $900 to $1,000. He had just sold a mining claim in Slocan district in British Columbia and was going to Seattle. It is thought this is the man the robbers were really after, thinking he had more money than was found upon him.

E. H. Miller, $10 and jewelry.

Pullman Conductor G. W. Wiley, of St. Paul, $50.

From the fact that the robbers gave perfect signals, it is believed that they are railroad men. They were all armed with big Colt revolvers. The train arrived here about 3 o'clock this morning, en route to Portland.

THE STATE RESTS

In the Celebrated Birchall Trial.

Defense Will Try Hard to Prove an Alibi—Testimony Reviewed.

Bryan, O., Nov. 25.—Judge Snook does not allow legal holidays to block the wheel of justice in his court, and held a session on Thanksgiving day, with three hours' recess at noon to allow persons interested time to eat their turkey.

William Martin was again called to the stand and cross-examined.

Walter Fitzer testified that he sold a bottle of beer to Brown on the night of the murder and did not know whether the bottle were returned or not.

Sheriff Bailey was again on the stand to relate how and where he got the bloodstained clothing.

The first witness called for the defense was made to impeach his testimony and a long legal wrangle ensued.

Wilson Lindsey testified that on May 3, the day before the murder, Brown, Eli Ransom and Chas. Wirick got into a buggy and drove away, saying they were going to Defiance.

Thomas Morland was next called. "I have lived in Bryan 20 years; I work in a furnace; I quit working there about the first of April; I am now working in Milmine's foundry in the Fifth ward in Toledo; my family live in Bryan, on Beech street; Mrs. Birchell lives on the street directly north of us. Trevett street, the third house from the corner; there is an alley dividing my property and Mrs. Birchell's property; I have known George Birchell 17 years; Mrs. Birchell has lived there about six years; the boys are horseshoers; I was at home on the 17th of April last; I saw George Birchell that evening in Stryker, O.; I went there with Dick Birchell, Mike Birchell and George Schutt; this was on Sunday; it was after 7 o'clock in the evening when we got there; we first stopped at John Rumsey's; he was not at home, so we went to the church and Dick Birchell called him out; the calaboose in Stryker is south of the school buildings; we found George Birchell there in jail; I rapped at the door of the calaboose, but did not attract his attention until I went around to the window on the west side; Dick and the marshal alone got him out about 10 o'clock that evening; we got George into the rig and came home; it was nearly 11:30 when we got to Bryan; he was cut across the nose and scratched about the throat as though some one had used their finger nails; it had rained that day; George's clothes were covered with mud; Dick, Mike and Geo. Burchell, Geo. Schutt and myself came home together; I went over to Mrs. Birchell's house that night; no one was there but her; she was sick; she had been sick several weeks; she had been under the care of a physician; we got into her house about 11:30 that night; I brought some water into the house, and my wife came and washed George's face; George had an overcoat on when he was in Stryker; when he came into the house he sat by the table; his left eye was injured; he sat down and held his hand over his eye; the blood ran down off his face; he would wipe off the blood and give a flirt with his fingers; he was partially stupefied from the effects of liquor; on his way home I loaned him my handkerchief; he wiped his eye, nose and face on this handkerchief; he had another handkerchief bound over his eye when he came from Stryker."

The blood-stained clothes were identified as the ones worn by Birchell in Stryker.

Other evidence, all introduced to prove an alibi, was presented.

The defense this morning called Jack Jones, O. L. Gamber, and Mrs. T. Morland in th effort to prove an alibi. On cross-examination the witnesses were badly mixed up.

PINKERTONISM.

The Sensational Investigation Committee.

Testimony Taken in the City of Pittsburg.

What the Homestead People Have to Say on This Interesting Subject.

Pittsburg, Nov. 25.—The senatorial committee investigating the Pinkerton detective system continued its sessions here. The committee is taking evidence on all the various phases of the Homestead and other labor troubles with reference to the employment of armed detectives by property owners and is directing the inquiry so as to form an opinion as to the best course to be pursued to prevent riot and bloodshed.

The first witness examined was Capt. W. B. Rodgers, of the steamer Little Bill, who described the fight at Homestead, on July 6.

William Weihe, until a few weeks ago president of the Amalgamated association, was then called. He was requested to give an account of his life, which he did, after which he explained the technicalities in the sliding scale. He believed that the state of the steel market would have warranted the Carnegie company to pay the rate of wages demanded by the workmen at Homestead. The Amalgamated association, he declared, was always in favor of arbitration and its policy always one of conciliation. The strikers would not have fired upon United States troops or militia, as they did upon the Pinkerton barges. Pinkertons are hated by the workingmen. Continuing, Mr. Weihe said: "If the Carnegie company had kept up the conferences with the Amalgamated committee instead of issuing an ultimatum, a settlement could have been effected by July 1."

Witness did not think the company's property was ever in danger. The practice of employing armed detectives during a strike, said he, is very bad, as the workingmen regard it as an interference with their rights.

William G. Roberts, of Homestead, ex-vice-president of the Amalgamated association, told of the reduction in wages and of the number of men affected.

Senator Gallinger—Did you believe in the cessation of work by the men?

"I did."

"How did the conference of June 23 come about?"

"It was at the time of our convention and we wished to make one more request for a conference; it did not last very long."

"Do you mean to say that the average of wages paid by the Carnegie Steel company is lower than that paid by other steel mills?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did you, as a workman, approve of the various steps taken by the workmen in this strike?"

"If you mean the action of July 6, I certainly did not."

"What did your people think of the employment of Pinkertons?"

"We look upon it as an unfair means of forcing us into submission. The workmen look on all extra watchmen with suspicion as they usually try to get our places."

"What do you, as a workman, think of the employment of such detectives to masquerade as workmen in order to spy upon you as they are charged with doing?"

"I wouldn't work for a firm that would do it."

Witness said that the Carnegie company has a blacklist, and every applicant's record is examned before he is employed.

Senator Gallinger—To what cause do you attribute that river bank trouble?"

"The hatred of the workingmen all over the country for the Pinkertons caused it."

"What do you think is the solution of these labor troubles?"

"Arbitration, if compulsory."

"You don't think the United States can come into a state and take away the state's powers?"

"I think they can."

"I wish they could. What will be the result to the Amalgamated and other unions by the settlement of this strike?"

"I don't think it will have a bad result. It will bind the men closer together, as it shows what they must expect in the future."

"Do you think there was any danger to the property of the Carnegie company from the men?"

"No, sir."

"Do you think the offer on the part of the men to care for the property was made in good faith?"

"I certainly know it was."

"How do you think an arbitration board should be appointed?"

"By the government, and it should be made compulsory."

Mr. Weihe was recalled and said that he was in favor of restricted immigration as a partial relief for labor troubles. He also favored more strict enforcement of the anti-contract labor law, which, he said, was being evaded, if not openly violated.

"Foreign laborers will accept lower wages than Americans?"

"Yes, sir."

Thomas Mellon, a banker of this city, testified that an injunction would not have answered in the Homestead case as delay was too great. Witness had had some experience in handling strikes in the mining region and thought armed watchmen or detectives necessary, from the fact that the laws of Pennsylvania are defective and execution inefficient.

"Can you explain why in this enlightened state of Pennsylvania, in this, the close of the nineteenth century, such laws exist?" asked Senator Gallinger.

"In my opinion," the witness replied, "there is too much party politics for the good of the people. Preferment for office depends on service rather than fitness for the position. We seldom have a sheriff who can and will do his duty. There is also too much delay in calling out the militia, the governor fearing he might offend some one."

"Do you mean to say that the sheriff defers doing his duty through fear of political consequences?"

"I do. The same applies to the governor and the legislature."

A. C. Robertson, esq., select councilman and ex-member of the legislature, said he had been a glass worker for many years, and had organized several strikes. He said class legislation in this state had been in favor of the corporate class. Witness thought if an injunction proceeding had been sought by the Carnegie company, and Pinkertons not brought here, there would have been no trouble.

William Weihe, recalled, said: "The effect of strikes has been beneficial to labor and labor interests in some cases and the reverse in others. It brings the question of labor before great men and great minds and in time the working people may get legislation in their favor."

John A. Potter, superintendent of the Homestead mill when the trouble began, and now chief engineer of the Carnegie company, was sworn. He identified the testimony given by him before the congressional committee.

Gallinger—"At what point did you meet the Pinkertons?"

"At Ashtabula, O."

"Why did you meet them there?"

"Because I was authorized to do so."

"Did you take charge of them?"

"No, sir. They were in charge of their own people until we arrived at Davis Island dam, when Col. Gray took charge. He was a representative of the sheriff."

"Was he a deputy sheriff?"

"I think he was there as a representative of the sheriff."

"Did Gray swear in the Pinkertons in your presence?"

"No, sir."

"How long did you anticipate trouble at Homestead?"

"For three months."

"What led you to believe it?"

"I had talks with the men."

"Did you have detectives in the work reporting the sayings and doings of the men?"

"I never did."

"Did anyone else?"

"I never knew of such a thing."

"Where was the first shot fired from?"

"From the shore at Homestead. The shooting continued for some time."

"Do you know who gave the command to the men on the barges to fire?"

"I didn't hear any command."

Witness thought all means had been exhausted before Pinkertons were called in. The only knowledge he had that the men intended to damage the property of the company was from past experience. Witness refused to state whether he was clear that the employment of armed men was right.

THE CLEVELANDS.

President and Wife Enjoying Themselves.

He is Camped on an Island Where Every Voter Is a Democrat.

Exmore, Va., Nov. 25.—President-elect Cleveland is enjoying himself quietly on Broadwater island, the beautiful but isolated resort which is owned by the Broadwater club. It is nineteen and eight tenths miles from Exmore landing, which place is two miles from Exmore station on the New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk railroad.

The private steam launch Sunshine plies between the landing and the island over a course which follws Machenpongo creek for five and a half miles. The island is nine miles long and three miles wide and contains a population of 21 families.

At the late election 31 votes were polled and they were all for Cleveland. The president-elect and his friends, Chas. B. Jefferson and J. Carke Davis, are the guests of Joseph L. Ferrell, president of the club, at his cottage, which is a short distance from the club house, the latter standing in a grove of pine trees a half mile inland.

Mr. Davis is a member of the club. Mr. Cleveland and his two friends arrived at Exmore station shortly after 5 o'clock Wednesday morning, but the party remained in the private cars of General Superintendent Kenny, of the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore railroad, in which the trip was made, until 7 o'clock.

Although the hamlet contains but 13 houses, and five of them are stores, nearly 500 people welcomed the distinguished guest and gave him a cordial reception, both at the station and landing.

Mr. Cleveland acknowledged this welcome by uncovering his head and shaking hands with the gathering. At 8:30 o'clock the Sunshine conveyed the trio to Broadwater Island.

Although the object of Mr. Cleveland's visit is to secure absolute quiet and much needed rest, he expects to spend some time in duck shooting. A heavy northwester, which continued steadily the last two days, has prevented gunning, and the party has remained quietly indoors. Mr. Cleveland's health is excellent.

A reporter went to the island and presented his card to the president-elect. He was received courteously, but Mr. Cleveland begged to be excused from submitting to an interview. He, however, expressed himself as being delighted with his surroundings, and said that it was his intention to remain on the island five or six days.

Then he will join Mrs. Cleveland at Lakewood, N. J. It is probable, however, that if the president-elect's plans are interrupted by callers he will stay several days longer. The club house contains but four guests, three college students from Philadelphia, who are here for duck shooting, and a reporter. It does not seem possible that a more isolated spot could have been selected where Mr. Cleveland could be free from various annoyances to which he was subjected in New York. Since Mr. Cleveland's arrival it has been remarkably cold for this locality. It is expected that the wind will fall sufficiently to-day to allow the party to go duck shooting. Mr. Cleveland ate his Thanksgiving dinner at 5 o'clock, the only persons present being his companions, Messrs. Davis, Jefferson, and the host, Mr. Farrell.

Mrs. Cleveland's Narrow Escape.

Lakewood, N. J., Nov. 25.—Mrs. Cleveland had a most miraculous escape from being dashed down an embankment while out riding yesterday. The horses attached to the carriage, which contained Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. F. P. Freeman, jr., and the Messrs. Freeman, became frightened and dashed away at a breakneck speed. Mr. Freeman, sr., who held the reins, guided the enraged animals over the narrow road and by the deep chasm and finally succeeded in pulling them up before any injury was done to the occupants. The party were thoroughly frightened and immediately returned to the Freeman cottage, where Mrs. Cleveland is stopping.

WEDDED.

Oak Harbor, O., Nov. 25.—(Special)—Miss Gertrude Metzger, one of our young ladies, and Dr. F. S. Heller, a leading physician of town, were married Thanksgiving Day. They will spend a couple of weeks in Ann Arbor with friends. A number of fine presents were presented.

CHURCH JUBILEE.

St. Marys, O., Nov. 25.—(Special)—The Catholic church congregation of this city celebrated the silver jubilee of the dedication of their church yesterday with impressive ceremonies.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. W. Shultis.

FATHER AND MOTHER

Restored to Health.

A Stricken Household Made Happy.

Mr. and Mrs. Jamts W. Shultis, of Woodstock, Ulster Co., N. Y., are one of the most respected families of farmers in the county. Both being stricken with disease relate their happy recovery.

WOODSTOCK, Ulster Co., April 25, 1892.
DR. DAVID KENNEDY:

Dear Sir—Naturally energetic I found it hard to be the victim of ill disease. I was terribly troubled with my stomach, my food would break up sour after IT eating—would wake up every night with a burning, sour distressed feeling there, that made my life almost unbearable. I doctored with physicians and took many so-called cures but none helped me; seeing in the newspapers of the wonderful cures performed by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., I determined to try it; after using it a little while relief came and before I had finished the third bottle I was entirely cured. Just think of it stranger, from a sick man—ENTIRELY CURED. ALWAYS Before using Favorite Remedy I was constantly constipated and have not been troubled that way since. But the greatest blessing was the cure it performed for my wife, who previous to taking it was troubled with sickness common to all women. She was so ill that she could hardly drag herself about the house; she too tried all kinds of so-called positive cures but with no avail until she began using Favorite Remedy, and that was the medicine we had been praying for. After using it but a short while she began to pick up in health and strength and is a well woman to-day. CURES I honestly believe had it not been for Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy she would have been in her grave to-day. It's the greatest medicine on earth. It's worth its weight in gold.

Yours truly, JAMES W. SHULTIS.

Read this over again ye sceptics and incredulous ones! Ought you not to use this valuable medicine and enjoy health and happiness?

OUR TO-MORROW'S, SATURDAY, SALE OF FURNISHING GOODS

Will be memorable as a bargain giver. . . . . If you have Underwear to buy don't spend your money : : : till you see the values we offer. : : :

Gloves.

. . SPECIALS . .
FOR OUR SATURDAY
. . SALE . .

For 79c. — A Biaritz Glove in colors, worth $1.00.

For $1.00 — 8-button length real Suede Mosquetaires, black and colors, worth $1.25. New shades of English tans, greens, etc., in our 5-hook Carmen. Others sell for $1.25.

For $1.25 — 5-hook real Kid Gloves in all colors. Regular value $1.50.

All the Novelties of the . . . Season . . .

Ladies' Underwear.

A manufacturer's lot of Ladies' Natural Wool Underwear, made to sell for $1.00,

Now 79c.

Ladies' fine Natural Wool Scarlet Medicated and Australian Wool Jersey Ribbed Underwear, worth $1.25,

Now $1.00.

Ladies' Scarlet Medicated and Undyed Wool Underwear, same quality sells for $1.50,

Now $1.25.

Children's Underwear.

Fine Merino Underwear, perfectly finished, correct sizes and shapes.

Size 16 for 10c.
Rise 2 1-2c a Size.

A lot of Children's All-Wool Scarlet Medicated and Sanitary Grey Underwear, sizes 26 to 34, worth 50 to 75c.

Choice for 45c.

A lot of Children's Jersey Ribbed Underwear, bought to sell for 75c,

Now for 50c.

Gent's Underwear.

A manufacturer's lot of Gents' Fine Camel's Hair Shirts and Drawers. The wholesale price has been $12.00 a dozen,

Now for 75c
. . . Each . . .

A manufacturer's lot of Gents' Fine Undyed Wool Underwear. Wholesale price $15.00 a dozen,

Now $1.00 Each.

A manufacturer's lot of Gents' Fine All-Wool Medicated Underwear, White, Tan, Sanitary Grey and Mode shades, worth $1.50,

Now $1.25.

CHILDREN'S DAY
.. in our ..
CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

Unapproachable Bargains. Several lots closed out from manufacturers at about half price on sale to-morrow.

Sizes 8 to 12 in neat check mixtures,
Choice for $2.50.

Sizes 4 to 14, in new changeable and fancy mixtures,
From $3.50 to $7.50

Children's Fur Sets
From $1.50 to $3.50

R. L. McELROY, 209-211 SUMMIT STREET.

PRINCESS ANDREA

Presented By Rhea and an Excellent Company.

Attractions at the Theaters—Under the Lion's Paw Has Made a Hit—Robin Hood Monday.

Rhea and her strong company of bright young players delighted an audience that packed Wheeler's last evening. The play was a six-act comedy by Sardou, Princess Andrea. It tells the story of a young prince who becomes infatuated with Stella, a danseuse at a Vienna theater, for no other reason, perhaps, than that all other men were in the same boat and it was the thing to do.

He supposes himself so madly in love with her that when she leaves the city he arranges to go with her. His wife, Andrea, learns of his infatuation, and does her best to break the spell. She finally does so, and the play comes to a happy end. There are some very good scenes: Stella's dressing room, the reporters interviewing the danseuse, the husband's temporary confinement in the mad house, Andrea's interview with the prefect of police, etc. Rhea has a strong company. The members are all young, bright, clever and enthusiastic. These qualities mark the performance. Of Rhea's work little can be said that is not already known. She represents a grandly good, sweet and loving wife, and so well does she assume the part that the audience loves her and is in sympathy with her from the start. When an audience can feel a play the actors may know that their efforts are being appreciated. It would be an injustice to mention one of the support and not the other, as all were so good.

Robin Hood Monday.

Caroline Hamilton, the prima donna, is at the head of the famous Robin Hood Opera company, which will be heard at Wheeler's Monday. Miss Hamilton is an artist, with a big reputation, she having created the role of "Maid Marian" in New York city with the famous Bostonians. She possesses one of those rare attributes, a high voice with mezzo quality, and is a talented actress. Some of her gowns are said to be marvels of the dressmaker's art, they having all been especially constructed in Europe for this production.

At the People's.

Under the Lion's Paw at the People's is drawing well. It is the strongest play that has been presented at that theater this season. Even without the feature of the performing lion it would be a success. The scenery is also a feature.

HE IS DEAD.

Governor McKinley's Father Passes Away.

Canton, O., Nov. 25.—The life of the aged father of Gov. William McKinley passed away yesterday morning just before daylight. It was a sad Thanksgiving to the distinguished family and to all Canton. The residence of the honored old pioneer had been the object of much attention recently, it being generally understood that the last days of the feeble old man were near at hand.

Although expected, the end came suddenly. Heart disease, which had caused all the trouble Mr. McKinley had experienced, was the direct cause of death. The end came rather suddenly, just as the physicians said it would probably do.

At the bedside were his faithful sons, one the governor of the best state in the union, and the other a successful merchant of the Empire state. Success in life had in neither case diminished the filial devotion of the sons. The faithful wife, too, was with him to the last, ministering to his wants and making peaceful as much as she could the last moments of her companion and protector of many years.

WILL CONTINUE TO GROW.

Enormous Increase in the Shoe Trade of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. 25.—Returns for the first ten months of 1892 show another extraordinary increase in the boot and shoe trade of St. Louis. In spite of the large increase in this line of manufacture St. Louis received from Boston during the month 322,309 cases of shoes, as compared with 271,000 shipped to Chicago, 240,000 to New York, 101,000 to Philadelphia, 100,000 to Cincinnati, 50,000 to Cleveland and 30,000 to Kansas City. This return shows St. Louis to be the largest shoe distributing point in the United States west of Boston, and considering the fact that twelve years ago the city handled such a small number of boots and shoes that the total scarcely figured in the returns, its present position is quite remarkable.

FIRE AT BLUFFTON.

Lima, O., Nov. 25.—The grocery and dwelling of Andrew Barfoos, at Bluffton, were destroyed by fire last night, together with nearly all the contents. Loss, $3,000; no insurance.

is stamped in the best watch cases made. It is the trade mark of the *Keystone Watch Case Company*, of Philadelphia, the oldest, largest and best-known factory in the world—1500 employees, capacity 2000 cases daily. Its products are sold by all jewelers. It makes the celebrated *Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases*, now fitted with the only bow (ring) which cannot be pulled off the case—the

Non-pull-out

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet.

PIONEER SKETCHES.

Fortunes of Johnson, Skyles, Flinn and Miss Fleming Continued.

By Dr. H. Scott, Lancaster, Ohio.

After the drunk was ended, the Indians set out for the north with their prisoners and plunder, and finally arrived on the Maumee, southwest of Lake Erie. Among the booty obtained was a milch cow. To Johnson was assigned the task of leading her with a rope. This afforded the savages much amusement, as the animal and her leader often chose opposite sides of a tree, compelling him to fall back and follow her. If he would drive her ahead, she dragged him through impractical places. After three or four days of this kind of travel, the cow was slaughtered and eaten, very much to poor Johnson's relief.

Another adventure awaited Johnson, whether happily or otherwise, the reader may judge. There came to the camp a Mingo chief. He asked that Johnson might be given to him—he had killed a Wyandot warrior—the widow was inconsolable, and demanded that he should furnish her with a husband. He said he could not make up his mind to marry her himself; and he was unable to buy her a husband. He thought Johnson would make a good one; and the matter was proposed to him, which he accepted, because he thought it might afford him the opportunity for escape sooner or later. The widow was stated as being old, bent with rheumatism, and toothless; but it was all one to Johnson. When his captors had consented to the arrangement, they amused themselves by telling him that a fine Wyandot squaw was wanting to throw herself into his arms, shaking him cordially by the hand, to induce him to accept, the Mingo chief told him that he was to be burned at the stake as soon as they arrived at the Maumee. The chief's life would be forfeited if he failed to find a husband for the disconsolate widow.

The Indians recanted, and received Johnson back; and after a tedious march the entire party went into camp on the Maumee. The prisoners were assigned to different parties, and were held in ignorance of the fate that awaited them. It was said that after Johnson was recovered by his captors, the Mingo chief visited him and took an affectionate leave, and went away sorrowful, and that his subsequent fate was never known.

Johnson was a young man, not above 20 years; and was said to be of fine appearance and noble bearing. Though his fate had been concealed from him, it was but too plain he was held for the stake. There was a French trader by the name of Douchonquet residing at the village. He resolved to obtain the prisoner's release if it were in his power. He visited Chief Atommo and offered to pay a large ransom for Johnson, but was told that no price could buy him. This was communicated to the prisoner, when he gave up to despair. Chick-a-tom-mo afterwards called on the Frenchman to say that being about to start again for Ohio, they could carry Johnson's scalp more easily than they could take care of his person, and that they would burn him that evening; but as they had a great love for Duchonquet, they would deliver the prisoner into his hands for 600 brooch jewels. The brooches were paid and Johnson released, the Indians taking most affectionate leave of him. He went to Detroit; and thence by way of Montreal, and in time reached his old home and friends in Virginia.

Flinn was burned at the stake at one of the Shawnee villages a few days before Johnson's ransom. Having been kept in ignorance of his fearful doom, he had flattered himself that he might be adopted into an Indian family; but when the appalling news was communicated to him he merely said: "Then may God have mercy on my poor soul." A Canadian trader had offered large quantities of rum and such trinkets as he knew the Indians valued; but all were refused—nothing could tempt them to forego the pleasure they had set their hearts on. The following from an eye witness will give some idea of how he suffered and of his fortitude.

"The unhappy man was fastened to a stake, and the awful torture commenced amidst the wildest scene of tumult, whoops and yells. Men, women and children all took an excited part. It was with them the grandest of gala days. The chain that bound him to the stake was about a yard in length, allowing him in his agony to move that distance to and fro. He exhibited the most extraordinary fortitude. Not a groan did he allow to escape him. For several hours the awful scene was protracted, the savage tormentors being careful not to touch a vital part. At length a brawny savage, with the blow of a tomahawk, ended his sufferings."

The Canadian trader who tried to save Flinn was present. He said that the roasted flesh was eaten by the barbarians. He tasted it, and said it was sweeter than bear's flesh.

Skyles had been given in charge to a crabbed, sour savage who took pleasure in tormenting him in every possible way, wounded as he was. After arriving at the Indian village in the north, he was employed in waiting on the squaw of his master. She was represented as being a great scold, but withal as having a kind heart; and that through her influence her husband was induced to treat his prisoner with greater humanity.

Skyles was finally condemned to run the gauntlet, which he accomplished successfully, though not without terrible punishment. One of the Indian boys got a thorn switch of considerable length. As Skyles passed him he struck such a blow that the thorns penetrated deep into the flesh, so that in his flight the switch was wrenched from the boy and carried away.

One evening the squaw that Skyles had been serving so faithfully, came in and told him in a confidential way that he was to be burned at the stake on the following day. He pretended to receive the news coolly, and feigned to fall asleep. While pretending to sleep he overheard a conversation between the squaw and one of her little daughters. The mother thought that he ought not to be burned; but the girl declared that all white people were devils. She said she would delight to see him burned.

That night he effected his escape. While they all slept he took the old Indian's gun and shot pouch and slipped off into the darkness. He knew not where he could go to. He would prefer death in the wilderness to that by fire. He knew he would be pursued at daylight, and he rushed forward. He found a horse feeding. He rode him till the jungle became so dense he was obliged to turn him loose. During the day he hid himself, and at night resumed his tramp. He came to a village where there was a white trader, to him he appealed for food and protection. The trader was embarrassed. To harbor and assist the fugutive would be to forfeit his own life; but he told him where to conceal himself, and he hims lf carried food. He told him the Indians were already in the village looking for him. He told him a boat had left a day or two on the Maumee, laden with skins, and was manned entirely by white men, and bound for the mouth of the river at Lake Erie.

He succeeded in reaching the bank of the Maumee, where he also found a fine bark canoe in which he made chase of the boat. It was under cover of night, and the hooting owls and every noise from the woods alarmed him. But he urged his craft forward with all his strength, stimulated by alternating fear and hope.

At the earliest dawn he caught sight of the boat. When he came near he hailed, but the crew were asleep. He paddled along side and jumped aboard. The steersman was roused, and called the captain. Skyles related his story. The captain told him that he knew all about it; and also that the Indians were looking everywhere for him. But he took the half famished and exhausted fugitive under his protection, and in due time landed him safely in Detroit.

Skyles was both alarmed and surprised at seeing there Chik-o-tom-mo, Meeshawa and their companions. He was surprised because he thought they had gone south. They were searching for him; and he assumed disguise, and avoided them. Within a day or two, a band of Shawnees arrived in search of him. They had tracked him to the Maumee, and its mouth. Skyles, by the aid of a friend or two, kept concealed until the pursurers went away. Immediately after this he board d a boat bound for Montreal, and ultimately, without further serious peril or disaster, got back to his friends in Virginia.

The case of Miss Fleming, in some aspects, was far the most sad of all the prisoners. Her whereabouts, or her fate, seems to have been unknown to Johnson until a few days after his release, and while he was stopping with his friend Duchquet, when a band of Cherokees arrived at the village, having her in charge. The Indians had got rid of all the plunder obtained from the boats and presented a most forlorn and pitable aspect; their clothes in rags; their bodies emaciated and filthy. In every respect they were most wretched and starving. When Johnson heard of their arrival, and that Miss Fleming was with them, he went to see her. He found her in a deplorable condition. Her spirits were broken; her garments in tatters; her cheeks pallid and sunken; and a general anguish sat upon her once bright and smiling countenance. He asked her how she had fared. She could only reply by ringing his hand and a shower of tears. Her master was a most brutal and savage Indian. Her anguish and her tears only served to rouse still more his brutality; and he commanded her in the most unfeeling manner to follow him; and he took her to Lower Sandusky.

The savages made no disguise of their determination to burn her at the stake for their amusement. Johnson and his friend followed for the purpose of doing all in their power to procure her release by trying to interest the white traders of Sandusky. They found to their dismay the place thronged with savages of various tribes from all directions. The object was but too manifest. The traders were appealed to, and at once went to work to try to procure her ransom. There was there an adopted white man, who had known the Flemings. Miss Fleming recognized him. He pleaded for her release. Large ransoms were offered, but all of no avail; the Cherokees were inexorable; and all efforts were abandoned in despair.

King Crane was a distinguished chief, residing at Detroit. He was visited by Johnson and Duchonoquet. Johnson represented Miss Feming as his sister. Crane came to Sandusky and visited the Cherokee camp. The Cherokees repulsed him and told him it was a disgrace for him to interfere. Crane was roused, and retorted severely. Great commotion prevailed. It was feared that on the attempt to rescue the prisoner by Crane, she would be shot. Crane withdrew and went to Detroit, and this caused some days of delay, as the Cherokees felt that of course he had withdrawn his interference.

Miss Fleming was painted black and made fast to the stake, and the fagots piled about her, when she was left to spend the dreadful night alone, only to be burned alive in the morning.

That very night Crane was approaching with a strong force of fighting warriors. He arrived toward the dawn, when the camp was asleep, and silent, save the groans of the poor girl that caught the ears of the rescuers, who had not previously conceived the extremities to which the burners had proceeded. The prisoner was released without delay, when Crane roused the camp and thold them the girl was in his possession, and if they wanted to fight it out, to come on. They were awe stricken, and offered no resistance. Miss Fleming was ultimately restored to her people, who, from the time the news of the disaster to the boat on the Ohio had reached them, mourned her as dead.

IN OLDEN TIMES

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

KNEW HOW IT WAS HERSELF.

And So She Ordered a Chair That Would Hold Up Two Persons.

A substantial-looking country woman went into a Woodward avenue furniture store the other day, says the Detroit Free Press, and asked to see a parlor chair.

"How's this one, madam?" inquired the clerk, setting out a weak wicker affair.

She shook the chair and shook her head.

"How do like this heavier one?" he asked, dragging up another style.

She shook it and shook her head.

Then he showed her a lot, each a little heavier than the one rejected, and all were pronounced too light.

"Good heavens, madam," exclaimed the exasperated clerk, "do you want an iron-seated brick chair with a stone foundation?"

"Yes, that's it, that's it." she said eagerly. "You see, my girl Susan has got her clamps onto steady company this fall and he comes every night, and between 'em they've broke down every chair in the parlor, and now before I'll have my brand new sofy smashed or the engagement busted, I'll get a chair strong enough to carry two if I have to mortgage my house and farm. I was a gal once myself and know how it is."

The clerk took her order for a stone foundation style.

AN OCTOBER VIOLET.

What is thy message, blossom fine?
Speak, for thine hour is brief;
Thy blue and gold but dimly shine
By Autumn's glowing leaf.

Then breathed the violet blissful sigh
From heart untouched of gloom.
"The sun bent o'er me, and the sky—
What could I do but bloom?"
—Emma Carleton.

"A LITTLE NONSENSE NOW AND THEN"

Those melancholy days have come,
The saddest in the year,
When those who hold fat offices
Begin to quake with fear;
And those who want them now will say
There is no sort of doubt
But that the proper time has come
To turn the rascals out;
And so the smiling candidate
Is shaking hands with all,
He didn't know you in the spring,
He loves you in the fall.

They have got things down very fine in England. At the foot of every hill the driver of a certain Yorkshire omnibus shouts, "First class passengers keep your seats! Second class passengers get out and walk! Third class passengers get out and push!"

A new novel is called "There Is No Death." It is the story of a ballet girl.—Philadelphia Record.

An exchange calls love a species of intoxication. Perhaps that is why the course of true love is so often arrested.—Texas Siftings.

"The difference between Marmion's acquaintance, Mr. Douglass," muttered the school boy who will never amount to much, "and an anarchist leader is that one had a hoary beard and the other has a beery horde."—Washington Star.

At daybreak birds do naught but sing,
At least so all our birds affirm;
Yet I was always taught 'tis then
They hustle for the early worm.

Husband (irritably)—Can't you remember where I said I left my glasses at breakfast this morning?

Wife—I'm sorry, dear, I really can't.

Husband (peevishly)—That just shows the forgetfulness of you women.

"Life is full of paradoxes." "Yes?" "Yes. It is the fast liver who has the sluggish liver."—New York Press.

Mr. Hopeful (feeling his way)—I am the only one your sister goes to operas and theaters with, am I not? Her Little Brother—Yep. Mr. Nicefellow is away, and you're the only one he isn't jealous of.—Good News.

Scribendus—I've got a beautiful dramatic idea for a story.

Editor—Then, why don't you write it up?

Scribendus—Well, the only trouble is that it has been done before by Shakespeare.

No more the little busy bee
Improves the shining hour,
No more the black bear in the park
The peanut doth devour.
The iceman holds our comfort now
No longer in his power,
For the stove man and the coal king are
The heroes of the hour.

"We doctors have the advantage of you clergymen; we practice while you only preach." "Very true; we can only tell people to go to heaven, but you send them there."

You hear it on the horse cars, in the stores and on the street,
It seems to ooze from every kid that you may chance to meet;
Even babies in the cradles, though too young to hum the lay,
Will try at least to catch the kick of "Ta-ra-ra-boom de ay."
I wouldn't be at all surprised if horses and the mules
Would cultivate their voices in the equine trotting schools;
For I have lately noticed as they traveled on their way,
They practice the "Ta-ra-ra" kick if they hear that "boom de ay."

WHY DO YOU COUGH?
Do you know that a little Cough is a dangerous thing?
DOCTOR
ACKERS
ENGLISH
REMEDY
Will Stop a Cough at any time and Cure the worst Cold in twelve hours. A 25 Cent bottle may save you $100 in Doctor's bills—may save your life. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.
IT TASTES GOOD.
PURE PINK PILLS.
Dr. Acker's English Pills
CURE INDIGESTION.
Small, pleasant, a favorite with the ladies.
W. H. HOOKER & CO., 46 West Broadway, N. Y.

BOND SALE.

County Auditor's Office, Henry Co., O.
Napoleon, O., Nov. 23d, 1892.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the County Commissioners at the the court house in Napoleon, Henry County, Ohio, until Tuesday, the 20th day of December, 1892, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purchase of a series of County Bonds to be known as "Henry County Bonds," in denomination as follows:

Thirty-five bonds of One Thousand Dollars each, dated January 1st, 1893, and due as follows, to-wit:

Five bonds of $1,000 each, due January 1st, 1894.
Five bonds of $1,000 each, due January 1st, 1895.
Five bonds of $1,000 each, due January 1st, 1896.
Five bonds of $1,000 each, due January 1st, 1897.
Five bonds of $1,000 each, due January 1st, 1898.
Five bonds of $1,000 each, due January 1st, 1899.
Five bonds of $1,000 each, due January 1st, 1900.

To bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the 1st day of July and January of each year, coupons attached, the total par value of said bonds being $35,000. Interest and principal payable at the office of the County Treasurer of Henry County, Ohio, at Napoleon. Said bonds are issued in pursuance of a Special Act of the general assembly of the state of Ohio, passed April 7th, 1892, and by virtue of a series of resolutions unanimously adopted by the Commissioners of Henry County, Ohio. Said bonds will not be sold for less than par and accrued interest.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for said bonds and each bid shall be accompanied by a draft in the sum of $1,000 on a New York bank, accepted by J. C. Saur & Co., or David Meddison, bankers of Napoleon, Ohio, as a guaranty that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into and the bonds bid for taken by the party so bidding.

The purchaser will be required to pay for said bonds at the County Treasurer's Office in Napoleon, Ohio.

The commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

W. N. ZIEROLF,
A. J. SAYGERS,
LEVI KING,
Commissioners of Henry County, Ohio.
J. H. RESH, Auditor of Henry Co., O.
daily fri-nov-25-weekly-dec-1-8-15

A MOTHER OF

TRIPLETS

Tries DR. HAND'S COLIC CURE and Secures Rest After

Three Sleepless Nights

MARLBORO, Ohio, April 14, 1892.

The Hand Medicine Co.

DEAR SIRS:—Having used nearly four bottles of your Colic Cure, I forward you this testimonial, hoping it may benefit many mothers with suffering babies. I am the happy mother of triplets, all girls; now 14 weeks old. When they were about 3 weeks old they were taken with a very severe attack of wind colic. There were three days and nights I had two of them in my arms nearly all the time. I tried all the remedies I had ever heard of without any relief. A sample of your Colic Cure was handed me, which I used with the very best results and I sent for more at once and I shall recommend it to every mother. I feel there is no language strong enough to express its value. I have also used several of the other Remedies and found each to be exactly as you represented them to be. I trust the Lord will forever bless you for procuring a remedy to relieve suffering innocence.

MRS. HATTIE BARTON, Marlboro, Ohio.

Dr. Hand's Remedies for Children
Are for sale by all Druggists.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE
CHICAGO
TO
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS

$1.00

It's a hard thing to give its value on a Bicycle.
But time tells its Merits.

HOW DO YOU BUY?
*
Toledo Bicycle Co.

COX COAL —AND— BERDAN.
PHONE 934. 317 SUPERIOR ST
Hard and soft coal delivered to any part of the city.

C. C. McKECKNIE,
MANAGER. - RETAIL DEP'RT'MT

A. F. SCHWALBE
PRACTICAL
FURRIER
And Taxidermist.

Seal skin sacques made to order and a perfect fit guaranteed.
Plush Sacques Steamed and All Kinds of Furs Repaired.

The Latest Style of Pattern Cutting.

412 HURON ST.

EIGHT ($8) DOLLARS

For Eight Dollars we will make you the best set of teeth that can be made on rubber, no better made no matter how much you pay.

And remember we are the only dentists in the city that make our own Vitalized Air and Gas, which makes it purer and safer, and which is acknowledged by all to be the only true and genuine anæsthetic for the Painless Extraction of Teeth, and especially is this the case with children, and if once taken by them they will never have teeth out any other way. Crown and bridge work cheaper than ever.

TAFT'S DENTAL ROOMS,
237 Summit Street, Toledo, O.
Office open at all hours.

If All Others

Are in the Soup, we are not. So call on

C. H. Bender & Co., 1203 Adams St

—FOR—

HOUSE PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING

On November 25, 1854, Dr. John Kitto died near Stuttgart in Wurtemberg.

He was a mechanic's son, of puny constitution, made deaf by a fall from a ladder, and was sent to the workhouse as a pauper. Incessant reading and literary ability attracted attention, and procured engagements to produce those works upon biblical antiquities and literature which have made his name famous.

We've got Sideboards on both sides of the house and through the middle of it.

There are 42 patterns at from $15 to $105.

And that's too many.

Somebody's going to get a

Sideboard Benefit!

While the stock is so large. It won't be the one that comes late.

THE

Meilink Furniture Co.

THE ONLY LINE

OF GENUINE FLORENTINE STATUARY can be found at Friedman's. There also can be found the most complete stock of sheet music in the city. Latest dance music at 1-2 off regular price and a free catalogue of standard sheet music sent to any address.

FRIEDMAN MUSIC STORE,
506 Adams Street.

A PROTEST.

The Machinists Union on the City Government.

The following resolutions were passed at the meeting of Toledo lodge, No. 105, International Association of Machinists, on Wednesday evening. They speak for themselves:

Whereas, The government of the United States and of the several states of the United States have successfully sustained the principles of our present government, which is one of the most practical and democratic forms of government to be relied upon at the present age, and are vested in a legislative, judicial and executive department of the government, and chosen by the people.

Whereas, The present charter of the municipality of the city of Toledo is based upon the above principles, strengthened by an intelligent voting population and the Australian ballot system, composing a government for the people and by the people; and,

Whereas, Certain citizens are vigorously demanding a change in the present system of our local government and calling loudly for a board of control and other legislative interference. Be it therefore

Resolved, That we as a class of producers, with the right of franchise, and holding as producers the majority of votes protest against any steps of retrogression in the nineteenth century, in the administration of our state or local government. But that we retain the identical government for the city that we now have, with the following provisions:

A reasonable salary to every member of the board of aldermen and city council; also the gas trustees, water works trustees, board of education, workhouse directors, fire commissioners and police commissioners, to be paid for all time lost (evenings included), the above salaries or remuneration not to exceed the best wages paid to any journeyman in the city working at his trade, eight hours per day; and every officer to make affidavit for time lost and to give good and sufficient bond in order to insure good service. Be it further

Resolved and Provided, That all franchises granted by the city to any person, firm or corporation, or any such other transactions directly interesting the people and the future welfare of the city, be submitted to a direct vote of the people, and that any fifty or more electors shall have the right to propose laws to the council and board of aldermen.

Don't fail to see underwear. Connolly Bros

Xmas Handkerchiefs.

They're here. The variety is larger, the prices are lower, the designs are finer than ever, and the ladies know where to find them. It's at

Lamson Brothers'.

Motions and Entries in Court.

Motions and entries in the following cases will require attention next Monday morning:

Motions for Hearing, Nov. 28.

24—Detwiler v. Schnell.
49—Fisher v. Miller.
147—Bank v. Bliss.
231—Schrag v. Toledo.
321—Toledo v. Webster.
322—Wile v. Baer.
332—Brown v. Debth.
349—Collins & Cloud v. Plessner
333—Arnold v. Sacks.
361—Smith v. Barnes.
365—Lesser v. Eversman.
371—Gorman v. Gorman.
375—Whitney v. Halpin.
376—Mannett v. Toledo Con. Ry.
377—Brown v. United Life Ins. Co.
379—Coombs v. Coombs.

Causes for Entry, Nov. 28.

30114—Pike v. Pike.
32949—Bigelow v. Bronson.
33053—Johnson v. Evans.
33066—Young v. Young.
33173—Lack v. Lack.
33351—Surface v. Parsons.
33372—Glann v. Smith.
33411—Hunter, treas., v. Hall.
33486—Same v. Obermeyer.
33492—Same v. Smith.
33494—Same v. Moore.
33509—St. John v. Grant.
33552—Ballou v. Slatts.
33574—Maumee R. Mill v. Clay.
33634—Manning v. Manning.
33662—Norman v. Norman.
33686—Halloran v. Eisenbraun.
33702—Boyle v. Boyle.
33863—Dwight v. Dwight.

Men's cork sole shoes, $3.00 and $3.50.
J. C. PROSSER & CO.

To-morrow, as usual, buy Kid Gloves At LAMSONS'.

Hosiery, hosiery, best at Connolly Bros'.

Shaded Crochet Cotton

And Crochet Twist, at LAMSONS'.

If you want a perfect fitting Corset, buy one at LAMSONS'.

ALL OVER THE CITY.

Minor Notes of Interest in the Local News Line,

Gathered by the Bee's Corps of Hustlers,

And Put in Shape for Perusal by People Who Are Pressed for Time—Happenings of the Day in a Nutshell.

Try Folger's Rose Brand Hams.

The boys skated on the ponds yesterday afternoon.

Mr. P. C. Boyle, formerly of Toledo, now of Oil City, is in the city to-day.

Gosline & Barbour retail the best grades of coal. Office, 422 Madison st.

A large line of full dress suits, from $20.00 up, at The Model Clothing House.

Miss L. J. Mattis, formerly of Clyde, O., intends to make Toledo her future home.

Toledo Laundry Co. employs only the best help and turns out the finest work. 'Phone 438.

School pupils are having another holiday to-day, schools closing Wednesday until Monday.

Sunday school teachers meet at the First Congregational church to-morrow afternoon at 3:30.

The first rehearsal for the Cadets' Cartridge Box will be held this evening at E. P. Leland's art rooms.

Health Officer Fisher did a nice thing in presenting all the members of the sanitary force with turkeys yesterday.

The sinking fund trustees met Wednesday, but, owing to a lack of a quorum, there was no business transacted.

Double breasted men's suits, all wool, new goods, worth $15 to $18—choice $10.00, at The Model Clothing House.

The Amaranths are talking of getting up another minstrel performance such as they used to put on in the days of yore.

N. W. Coder, chief clerk of the railway mail service, went out on the T. & O. C. railroad yesterday with gun and dog, and succeeded in bringing home a few quail.

The third lecture of the Wauseon Lecture Course will be delivered next Wednesday evening, by Rev. S. D. Hutsinpiller. Subject, "Common Sense and Nonsense."

Collector Waldorf and wife celebrated the twentieth anniversary of their wedding yesterday, and were joined by a number of relatives and friends from Lima.

"Hi" Walton has returned to the city, after a very successful 32 weeks' season with the Walter L. Main's show. He has signed a contract to go with the Ringling Bros. next season.

Deputy Sheriff Frank Martin, Wednesday, arrested Frank Ceiselski on an indictment returned by the grand jury, charging him with forgery. Ceiselski was released yesterday on bail.

The board of elections held a meeting to-day and decided that the country judges should receive the same pay as the city judges, with the addition of $2 for coming in, and mileage.

Next session of the Fifth district lodge of the I. O. G. F. will be held at Auburndale in February. The body is composed of the branches in Lucas, Wood, Henry, Fulton, Defiance and Williams counties.

Prof. J. L. Richmond, of the High school, will give his first talk on chemistry and physics, illustrated by interesting experiments, before the junior department of the Y. M. C. A. this evening.

The Jolly Dancing cub and its friends enjoyed a very pleasant party Thanksgiving eve. The floor was managed by W. C. Braatz, J. W. Mitchel, R. J. Furrer, F. F. Robedeau, E. Fahrer and J. Lutkins.

Special revival services are now being held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Weber block, East Toledo, by Evangelist McLean and other workers. Services this evening at 7:30 o'clock. All are welcome. Meetings undenominational.

The local union of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners initiated one member at its last meeting. A new union will be organized on the East Side to-morrow (Saturday) evening by election of officers and the formal steps of entry into the brotherhood.

At the meeting of the board of education Tuesday, Carrie Phelps, of Toledo, was employed for three months to instruct the senior class in the high school in elocution. If found profitable the plan may be continued through the year.—Bowling Green Tribune.

James Goggins is again on the streets, after his long siege, and has many kind words for the Protestant hospital. He says he could not have had better care in his own home, and feels especially gratified to Matron Upper and her daughter and to Warden Jerry Ryder.

Wanderings in Paris."

This is the title of a luminous lime-light lecture to be given at Trinity parsh building to-night. It will undoubtedly prove both interesting and instructive, and can not fail to give an enjoyable evening to all who attend.

Another Storm.

Another storm is approaching from the west, and rain and snow are predicted. The zero belt is in the extreme northwest. The maximum temperature here yesterday was 30; the minimum during the night 27 degrees. The thermometer is rising slowly.

Loaned to the Lord.

The youngsters of the free kindergarten gave the lady managers some pointers on stuffing turkey. Their good behavior at table reflects great credit upon the instruction of the principal, Mrs. Cunningham, and her assistants. Money and labor spent in this direction are well invested.

The Bronson Will Case.

The Bronson will case continues on hearing before Judge Lemmon in common pleas court.

Mrs. Charles E. Messenger, daughter of the deceased, is still on the stand, replying to the cross-examination, directed by Mr. Thurston.

Sunday School Workers.

There will be a public meeting of all Sunday school workers at the First Congregational church Monday evening, at 7:30. Mr. William Reynolds, the international organizer, will deliver an address on "The Sunday School, Its Place, Purpose and Power."

The West End Club.

The West End club, a new organization comprising 120 members, principally from the Third and Seventh wards, will hold a meeting at their club rooms, 1709 Adams street, next Tuesday evening. Dr. Chapman will read a paper on "The Need of Reform in Municipal Government."

G. A. R. Camp Fire.

Department Commander I. F. Nack, of Sandusky, has written to Mr. Jacob E. Hine, his aide in this district, fixing December 22 as the date for a camp fire under the auspices of Volunteer post, the junior post in this city. This being satisfactory to the post, the meeting will be held on that date. All old soldiers are invited.

The Columbian Club Entertains.

A decidedly charming thanksgiving party was given by the members of the Columbian club last evening at Friendship hall. About one hundred guests spent the evening in dancing, after which a bounteous supper was served. The following gentlemen were on the reception committee: Messrs. A. L. Dalton, W. H. Atwill, Joseph Galloway, Wm. Malone, P. Henehan and George Young. Messrs. Joe Galloway, John Nolan, Ed Gruber, Declan Allen, Ewald Suder and Joe Huber were floor managers. The following ladies were in charge of the refreshments which were unusually fine: Mesdames J. T. Patan, A. A. Machen, M. J. Cooney, J. C. Huber, M. E. Nugent, G. Young, T. Dority, Wm. Gashe, Wm. D'Alton and Wm Atwill.

Small Fires.

This morning a small fire occurred at 3413 and 3415 Summit avenue. Two sheds were burned belonging to Geo. Miller and John Delker. The loss will not be over $50.

A Low Death Rate.

The mortality report for the week ending Nov. 25 shows cases of contagious diseases as follows: Diphtheria, 3; scarlet fever, 10; measles, and no deaths from any of these; two deaths from typhoid fever and one from membranous croup.

The Y's Studio.

Laura Raitz-Law has been secured to direct the Greek dance in the Ys' coming entertainment. The musical part of the program will be under the direction of Mrs. W. W. Ainsworth and Mrs. Frank Williams. Rehearsals will commence soon on the pictures. All the young ladies have not yet been selected.

Important Meeting.

The Woman's Building committee will meet at the Woman's Recorder office tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Matters of importance will be discussed, and it is hoped that every person interested in the woman's building scheme will be present and express their views on plans that will be brought up for discussion.

L. K. Parks' Lecture.

The lecture of Mr. L. K. Parks last night in Grace church was a masterlay effort and drew out warm encomiums from the delighted audience. The next lecture of this very excellent course is to be on Tuesday next at 7:30 p. m., by Mr. M. S. Bently on "Temperance Not a Question of Partisan Politics." The house should be full for this popular lecturer and elocutionist.

Detective "Tricks."

The other detectives call Mr. Kruse "Chief," because he is on during the day this week. Each does duty for two weeks from 2 o'clock in the afternoon till midnight; but hardly ever does the man on for those hours get off at 12 o'clock. Then he takes the all-night trick for two weeks, and when done with that he has a week of day duty. Mr. O'Brien goes on next week.

A Pleasant Affair.

Thanksgiving eve a pleasant party was given at Pythian Castle by Toledo division, U. R. K. P. The arrangements were made by Richard Kind, Frank Hever, and H. H. Wilson. The floor committee was divided up in a novel way into reliefs as follows: First relief, Capt. J. Austin, jr., W. E. Gerkins, C. B. Bargman, E. S. Gray; second relief, J. D. Wiggins, W. E. Hall, D. A. Cline, J. W. Vetter; third relief, W. H. Taylor, J. H. Hunter, W. S. Wendell, D. B. Gilmore.

The Committee of Twenty.

Mayor Emmick has selected the following citizens in accordance with the action of Tuesday's public meeting at the council chamber to consider the question of improvements in the municipal government. A conference will be held this evening for organization:

Republicans—J. Kent Hamilton, Henry Spielbusch, W. C. Chapman, C. P. Griffin, George Kirby, Jacob Rimels, J. W. Caldwell, R. G. W. Foster, S. S. Knabenshue, Charles Eaton.

Democrats—Wm. Beatty, Harvey Platt, W. H. Hartford, R. C. Lemmon, O. A. Browning, E. D. Potter, jr., Dr. S. S. Forbes, M. J. Cooney, Theo Schmidt, Charles Zrwas.

Card of Thanks.

The managers, officers and teachers of the Adams Street Mission desire to acknowledge with very grateful hearts their thanks to the city papers that so kindly called public attention to our Thanksgiving dinner, and to the ever-generous public that so heartily and generously gave such abundance that we were enabled to give dinners, in whole or in part, to 120 families.

Our prayer is that He that rewards the giving of even a cup of cold water may reward you all abundantly.

MANAGERS ADAMS ST. MISSION.
Nov. 25, 1892.

New Armory Opening.

For several days the military companies have been moving from the Memorial building to the new armory, and nearly all are comfortably settled in ther new quarters. The Cadets will finish moving to-day, and will hold their last meeting at the old quarters this evening. It will be a short session, after which the company will parade through the principal streets with red fire and other effects, and proceed to the new armory, where their new home will be formally opened. A pleasant social evening will be spent in the new parlors.

The Work of Hunters.

Yesterday morning two hunters set the marsh on fire to stir up the muskrats that they might get a shot at them. The brush was dry and a brisk wind was blowing, so it did not take long to start a lively fire. The flames spread in the direction of the Libbey glass works and ignited a tank containng some 600 barrels of crude oil. Immediately there was a blaze that sent a dense black volume of smoke into the air that could be seen from every portion of the city. Those who saw it thought the whole Libbey works were gone. The fire department did good work in preventing the spread of the flames.

District Shop Inspectorship.

F. M. Campfield, secretary of union No. 25, Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, and delegate from that local to the Central Labor union, was on Wednesday appointed assistant inspector of factories and workshops for this district—Lucas, Wood and Fulton counties. The appointing power was with Mr. W. Z. McDonald, state inspector, who spoke at the labor meeting at Memorial hall last Tuesday night. Mr. Campfield left this morning for Columbus to qualify for the office, upon the duties of which he will enter at once. These consist in seeing that employers comply with the law relating to child labor and to safety appliances and sanitary conditions in their shops. The salary is $1,200 per year and expenses.

At the Nebraska Annex.

On Wednesday afternoon the pupils of the senior secondary class of the Nebraska avenue school had Thanksgiving rhetorical exercises, which were interesting throughout. The following is the program: Thanksgiving Hymn, school; recitation, Our First Thanksgiving, Pearl Russel; recitation, Thanksgiving Day, Flora Cummerow; reading, Kitty's Thanksgiving, Edith Robeson; song, Little Tim, school; selection, The Thanksgiving Magician, Amanda Heshley; selection, A Turkey's Soliloquy, Mamie Meissner; song, The Reapers, Pearl Russel, Orpha Shiers, Tillie Schulz, Maggie Rick; recitation, Thanksgiving, Frank Rutchow; reading, Our Thanksgiving Dinner, Clara Linck; song, The Stars, school; selection, Grandmother Welch's Thanksgiving Day, Carl Rutchow; song, Good Night, school.

AFRAID OF GANNON.

Joe Henning Pulls Out of the Race.

Billy Gannon will have a walk-away in the race for councilman in the Fourth ward. Joe Henning, nominated by the republicans, threw up the sponge, and Julius Strohdecker has accepted the job. Julius takes it just to keep up appearances in the Fourth.

A METEORIC DISPLAY.

Hundreds of These Celestial Messengers Witnessed Wednesday Night.

There was a fine meteoric display Wednesday night in the northern and western sky. Some were quite brilliant and at times half a dozen or more at a time would shoot athwart the sky. The display continued until 11 o'clock, when clouds obscured the mysterious vision. The same display is reported from a number of western points, and on the Pacific coast is was especially brilliant. Astronomers claim that the shower of Wednesday night has no connection with the approaching comet.

GASOLINE STOVE EXPLOSION.

Girl Burned in a Summit Street Saloon

This afternoon a gasoline stove exploded in the saloon at 704 Summit street. Kate Stormer was burned about the face and hands. The fire department was called out and what promised to be a lively fire was soon extinguished. Mr. Stormer was not dangerously burned.

Corsets, corsets, to-morrow, Connollys'.

To-morrow

Just go down to Lamsons' for

Kid Gloves.

Soft, easy shoes for old ladies.
J. C. PROSSER & CO.

THE C. K. of A.

Annual Report of Grand Treasurer Kirchner.

The following is a synopsis of the semi-annual report of Supreme Treasurer Chas. J. Kirschner, of the Catholic Knights of America:

Total receipts as per last report		$475,586 78
Receipts for W. & O. fund	297,505 53	
Receipts general fund	9,258 87	
Sinking fund	15,658 19	
Initiations	906 00	
Interest on balance	166 04	
Total		$779,081 41
Expenditures per last report		$435,895 74
Total expenditures W. & O. fund	314,600 00	
Expenditures, general fund	6,637 95	
Sinking fund	18,449 50	
Deposit, First National bank, Toledo	11,779 47	
Total		$779,081 41

Balance Summary.

W. & O. fund, cash balance	$ 15,006 95
General fund, cash balance	$ 7,171 55
Sinking fund, cash balance	1,247 29
Contingent fund	72 43
Total	$ 23,498 22

Children's "Cloaks" for every age and size. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Cork sole shoes for ladies $3.00.
J. C. PROSSER & CO.

Ladies' Imported Ribbed Union Suits At LAMSONS'.

Chenile Table Covers.

Bargains at Lamsons'. See them. They are GOOD GOODS—NOT TRASH.

ANOTHER SUIT

Filed in Common Please Court Growing Out of the Tunnel Disaster.

Another damage suit was filed in common pleas court this morning, growing out of the disastrous wreck at the Lake Shore railroad tunnel, on the 28th of last November.

Dr. James MacCoy, as executor of the will of Susan S. MacCoy, of Lasalle county, Illinois, sued the Lake Shore railroad company to recover $10,000 damages for the death of his wife and decedant.

The petition briefly reviews the details of the wreck, which was caused by a Flint & Pere Marquette passenger train dashing into the rear end of a Lake Shore passenger train, in the tunnel before mentioned.

The plaintiff states that Susan MacCoy sustained injuries in this wreck, so severe that she died on the same day.

The very latest in "Cloak Novelties."
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

A VENISON BARBECUE

At the Ohio Yacht Club to Which the Ladies Will Be Invited

Commodore Gunckel of the Ohio Yacht club received at noon to-day a deer from an honorary member of the club. It was shot in the wilds of the upper peninsula of Michigan and is a beauty. The club venison feast last season will be remembered with pleasure. It is intended to give the ladies a treat this year, and there will be a venison barbecue at the club rooms probably next Thursday evening. The entertainment committee will arrange a short musical program for the occasion and a big time is expected. Due notice will be given to the ladies and members.

Ladies', Gents' and Children's

Lined Mitts at LAMSONS'.

Misses' hand sewed cork soles, $5.00.
J. C. PROSSER & CO.

Gents' Hosiery—COTTON—WOOL—SILK—best line at LAMSONS'.

THE WAY LIBRARY BUILDING.

It Was Dedicated Wednesday Evening With Appropriate Ceremonies.

Perrysburg rejoiced Wednesday evening in a memorable and propitious event in its history. The Way Library building was dedicated with appropriate exercises. The founding of this library by the will of the late Willard Y. Way has been given at length heretofore in the Bee, so that here it is only necessary to say that the provisions of the will were carried by the executors by the opening of the library twelve years ago, and the erection of the building, now about completed was begun less than two years since.

The total cost of the structure is something over $11,000, and the library now comprises over 4,000 volumes. The building itself is admirably adapted for the purpose throughout, not only convenient in its entire arrangement, but is a model of beauty and an adornment to the town. The grounds surrounding the structure will be ornamented in keeping with the beautiful building itself.

Mr. D. K. Hollenbeck, the only resident executor of the will of Mr. Way, gave an address on the life of the founder of the library and a detailed history of the same, including an account of the work and expense of carrying out the provisions of the will. He paid a high tribute to the character of the deceased benefactor.

Mr. Frank Taylor, of North Baltimore, gave a brief address in his acceptance of the building on behalf of the mayor and council, transfering the same to the board of managers.

Mr. Frank Baldwin, of Bowling Green, followed, and in an address, glowing with fervid earnestness and eloquence throughout, portrayed the beneficent effects radiating from the priceless gems of literature and instruction contained within the walls of the buildings. The library, he said, is the symbol of a refined and cultured people and a beacon light pointing to higher aims and nobler purposes. Its influence would permeate in every nook and corner of the home circle.

Mr. J. O. Troup followed in an excellent address in which he depicted the value of the library and paid a handsome tribute to Mr. Way and his executors, closing with an answer to the query—Why, what and how we should read.

The exercises were largely attended and interspersed with excellent music.

Y. M. C. A. Star Course of entertainments and Y. M. C. A. Association Course of entertainments. Tickets for Mendelssohn Quintette Club Concert now on sale at Freeman's.

Reserving of seats for Association Course commences Wednesday, Nov. 30, 8 a. m., at Freeman's. Checks at 7.

DONER FOUND GUILTY.

The jury in the Doner case were out only a short time, and returned with a verdict of guilty.

Children's cloaks, best at Connolly Bros'.

Another lot of new "Dress Goods."
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

New Underwear

Received this morning for Saturday's trade. LAMSON BROS.

OVERCOME WITH GAS.

William Zeintung Has a Narrow Escape.

This afternoon, while working in the sewer corner of Madison and St. Clair streets, William Zetung was overcome with sewer gas. He was carried unconscious into the entrance of the St. Clair building. Dr. Chapman was called and, after relieving the unfortunate man, pronounced the case not dangerous. When the man recovered consciousness he was removed to his home at 590 Bronson avenue.

Later another workman, Mike Mulligan, was also overcome, but not so seriously as the first.

Look at our offers in "Wool Blankets."
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

The latest novelties in Vellings always to be had at LAMSONS'.

NO FOUL PLAY.

Mr. Fred Le Sueur, of Defiance, Is Not Missing From Toledo.

The report that Mr. Fred Le Sueur, of Defiance, had been missing for five days, and that there were fears that he had been murdered, as he had thousands of dollars with him, proves to be incorrect.

Mr. Edward C. Smith, intimately acquainted with Mr. Le Sueur, who also has rooms at the Oliver house, called at the Bee office this morning and made the statement that Mr. Le Sueur was in Toledo Monday and Tuesday; was in Continental Wednesday attending to his business interests, returned to Toledo yesterday and is at present indisposed at the Oliver house.

The statement that Mr. Le Sueur had several thousands of dollars on his person was sufficient to give little credence to the story, as business men are not given to carrying thousands with them.

Black Mohair Skirtings at Lamsons'.

Flannels—all varieties—
Flannels— NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Fancy Silks just received
At LAMSON BROS'.

NORWALK NOTES.

Norwalk, O., Nov. 25.—(Special)—Frank Brown, a prominent and well-to-do farmer of the German settlement south of this city, while in town this afternoon doing business at Cleveland's flour mill, dropped suddenly dead on the floor from heart disease.

Abbie Messer, of this city, was granted a divorce to-day from James Messer.

Joseph B. Millen, boss painter of the Lake Shore shops in this city, was divorced from Sarah Millen.

This is twice he has been divorced from this woman. All four parties are well known in this city.

The new Armure Drapery Silks, with fringes to match,
At LAMSON BROS'.

Hosiery and Mitts—
Hosiery and Gloves—Neuhausel Bros.

Men's underwear; just try Connolly Bros'.

Wash Goods department—Pattern Outing Skirts and Fancy Tickings, at LAMSON BROS.'

Y. M. C. A. Star Course of entertainments and Y. M. C. A. Association Course of entertainments. Tickets for Mendelssohn Quintette Club Concert now on sale at Freeman's.

Reserving of seats for Association Course commences Wednesday, Nov. 30, 8 a. m., at Freeman's. Checks at 7.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Gray hair darkened by Hays' Hair Health. Don't stain skin or linen. Druggists, 50c.

Nine O'Clock Washing Tea at E. A. ROOD'S.

Fat young Dressed Ducks, 12 1-2c lb., At E. A. ROOD'S.

Fresh Bulk Oysters, 30c quart.
Extra large Select Oysters, 30c quart,
At E. A. ROOD'S.

Ladies, our new line of 75 cent Overgaiters are beauties, and will not rip. See them at TANNER'S, 607 Summit street.

Our new line of men's $3.00 shoes just received at GEO. F. TANNER'S.

We are now showing the best $2.50 men's calf shoe ever shown in Toledo, at TANNER'S, 607 Summit st.

Rubbers in all grades, from 25c upwards, at TANNER'S.

Snag proof rubber boots, sold only at TANNER'S.

Overcoats worth $8.00, sell for $4.25.
Overcoats worth $10.00, sell for $6.00.
Overcoats worth $12.00, sell for $7.50.
Overcoats worth $17.00, sell for $8.25.
Overcoats worth $25.00 sell for $11.75.
THE LEADER, 131 Summit.

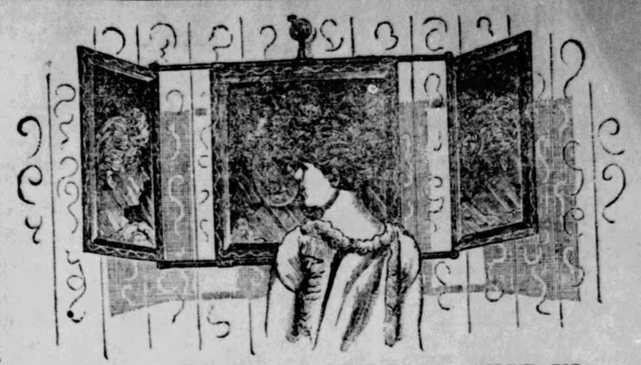
Oblinger Printing Co

Publishers of the "Labor Record,"
AND
"The Critic,"
Only Pictorial in Northwestern Ohio.

JOB PRINTING

Of all kinds and character done with neatness and dispatch. Our facilities for doing work are unsurpassed, and our prices are reasonable.
Address

OBLINGER PRINTING CO.
613 St. Clair Street, Toledo, O.



NEW TRIPLICATE MIRRORS--JUST IN.

BRIGGS & LEIBIUS, 307 SUMMIT ST

DANCING SLIPPERS

Misses' and Children's Dancing Slippers!

We have a much larger and more complete line than ever before. Fine Kid Strap with bow, Patent Leather with buckle, Fine French Bronze

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR SLIPPERS.

H. S. COMSTOCK,
321 SUMMIT STREET

STEINWAY, CHICKERING,
PIANOS Gildemeister & Kroeger Kurtzmann, Stuyvesant,
311 SUPERIOR ST. C. J. WOOLLEY & CO.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO TAX PAYERS.

YOUR DECEMBER TAXES **MUST** HEREAFTER BE PAID BY DECEMBER 20TH, OR FIVE PER CENT. PENALTY **MUST** BE CHARGED THEREON.

The Treasurer's power to waive that penalty, (or to extend the time of paying without penalty, as has been the practice heretofore,) ceased when this office came under the provisions of the Garber Salary Law, on the first Monday of September, 1892. ALL FEES, PENALTIES AND COMMISSIONS ARE NOW THE PROPERTY OF THE COUNTY, and I have no more right or power to waive the penalty hereafter, than I have to discount your tax five per cent.

PLEASE ARRANGE TO PAY EARLY AND AVOID THE RUSH.

Respectfully,
Toledo, Ohio, November 1, 1892. S. A. HUNTER, Treasurer.

FINE OFFICES!

THE BEE BUILDING

IS NOW ENTIRELY FILLED, EXCEPT

ONE FRONT SUITE!

WHICH CAN NOW BE SECURED.

Everything else is taken and tenants regard as one of the best office buildings in the state.

THIS SUITE possesses all the improvements and conveniences, such as Smead Heat and Ventilation, Water, Electricity, Gas, Mail Chute, &c., and is one of the finest

Suites of Offices to be Found in the City.

F. Machens & Co. Tailors
319 SUPERIOR ST

Do You Wish

TO HAVE A

FURNACE

Put Into Your House?

Do not wait until your windows are covered with frost, but have it done now.

The best Furnace and the Perfection Furnace Pipe is what you want.

E. A. EVERSMAN,
CORNER
Broadway and Logan Sts.
Phone 572.

TOYS!

Best Assortment in the City.

COLTON & HICKOX

The Bee

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

THE DAILY BEE, Five Dollars a year, ten cents a week. Eight pages every day.

THE WEEKLY BEE, One Dollar a year, eight pages, eight columns each.

Home office in New Bee Building, 326 St. Clair street; New York Office, room 206, Potter Building, opposite postoffice.

Telephones, Editorial 355; Counting Room 102

Thanksgiving over, Christmas time with all its joys, follows.

Cabinet slates are becoming fewer. Possibly the newspapers will now let President Cleveland form his own corps of advisers.

Another addition to the lecture field may soon be expected. Prof. Henry Preserved Smith will probably be found guilty of heresy at Cincinnati.

Powderly remains at the head of the Knights of Labor. The managers have not figured as to how the organization will exist if their chief should die.

The McKinley tariff act did do its own talking and did that talking with most effective results, which will culminate in great good to the masses of the people.

William Gannon will make a good councilman from the Fourth ward. He is intelligent and energetic, and will not allow the interests of his constituents to suffer.

Not including Cook and Lake counties, Cleveland's plurality in Illinois is over 26,000. Pretty good for a state that was regarded as one of the rock-ribbed republican strongholds.

Baron Hirsch is said to be worth more than half a billion—enough to buy out the Vanderbilts several times over. What a jolly time the republicans could have had if they had had a chance at his barl.

Cincinnati republicans are being stirred up to a great degree over the disposition of funds subscribed for the late campaign, and an investigation is on the way. To be robbed as well as defeated is too much to bear.

Thanksgiving day was observed in Toledo and elsewhere about the country in the most appropriate manner. The form of observance was similar everywhere, hence there is no necessity for special mention.

The discovery of another comet is now reported to be found in the constellation Virgo. This makes two comets within the range of the telescope. These celestial visitors may be gathering for a display at our world's fair.

Secretary Foster is very considerate about expressing an opinion as to what the democratic administration may or may not do. It would be exceedingly appropriate if the same reserve was exercised by other republicans, Toledo included.

Since it is a fact that the Ohio legislature has prohibited the use of Chicago beef in the public institutions, upon what ground can several thousand dollars' of clothing be purchased in Chicago for one of them without at least a protest being entered?

Rudolph P. Mathias, nominated by the democrats for the council in the First ward, is a life-long resident of the ward, thoroughly honest in all his dealings, a practical workingman, and deserving of the support of the voters. No mistake will be made in his choice.

The sight of Union veterans following a confederate soldier to his grave in our sister city of Fremont must serve as a wet blanket to the crowd of haters who are seeking to keep up the strife engendered by the late war. Truly the world moves, leaving behind the narrow-minded.

Did you notice that Hon. Charles Perseverance Griffin was finally successful in locating Fred Campfield as deputy inspector of shops for this district? The appointment was practically made six months ago, but the Sherman-McKinleyites hung it up, as it were. C. P. kept on the hump, and victory crowns his effort.

Mayor Emmick has appointed a list of twenty gentlemen, given elsewhere, in accordance with the resolve of Tuesday night's public meeting, to report on the question of municipal reform. The appointees are generally conservative citizens, and their work, if not too sweeping, will likely meet with public approval. In the meantime suggestions are in order.

Gen. Charley Grosvenor claims in an interview that Carnegie precipated the Homestead strike out of spite toward the republican party because the McKinley bill reduced the tariff on steel rails. Andy's check for $100,000 ought therefore to be returned by the campaign committee. Grosvenor is always saying foolish things, and his last talk will go with the rest.

The Toledo insane asylum has cost the city and county a sum up in the hundreds of thousands of dollars, for grounds, roads, water, gas and the like, and its merchants should at least be allowed the privilege of bidding on contracts before they are awarded outside of the state. Upon this point the Bee is fully satisfied there is no division among its citizens of any shade of political belief.

Secretary Foster hopes that there will be no deficiency. So say we all. But that hope only betrays an apprehension that there will be. The fact is, Mr. Foster should know of a certainty the condition of the treasury. Mr. Foster does know its condition. If he know there will be a surplus he would say so without any "hope." But the very fact of this "hopeful" statement shows there is a deficiency and that he lacks the courage to say so.

The announcement that shiploads of cholera-infected rags are destined for the United States, gathered from the cholera-stricken districts of Europe, should place the authorities on the alert. The prohibition against the entrance of plague-laden cargoes should be as stringent as the methods pursued against cholera-stricken immigrants. Disinfection of these rags, baled and tightly packed as they are, is next to an impossibility. The only effective measure is, under no pretext to permit their landing on our shores.

The friends of Mr. Blaine are beginning to manifest considerable anxiety over his present illness. The latest received from the ex-secretary is that his condition is somewhat improved, but that he is a very sick man. For the past two or three years occasional reports have gone out that he was sick, and at times so much so that he was confined to his bed or that he was unable to leave his house. There is no question that his system is badly shattered from these repeated attacks, and that it is exceedingly doubtful if he will ever again be a well man. In fact the Washington correspondent of the New York Herald says, "That Mr. Blaine will never recover his health is a fact that everybody here is beginning to appreciate."

The church that will bar its doors against the pastor because he does not agree with the majority of the membership in politics may well be criticised. Freedom of conscience is one thing supposed to be vouchsafed to every person in this boasted land of the free. Then what must be thought of the Methodist society which will disband its organization to get rid of the preacher, as was the case in a Wyoming town last Sunday, because he had dared proclaim himself a democrat? Such intolerance is fit only for the dark ages.

"We shall see how near," says the Findlay Republican, "the democratic revenue tariff policy will come to surrounding us with heavenly perfection in industrial conditions." Why, bless your soul, dear sir, the very prospect of the good time in prospect is effecting a change for the better in these "industrial conditions." The Homestead wrangle is at an end, other strikes have been settled, wages are being raised, and the dawn of a more prosperous and brighter day already gilds our national horizon. Not many months hence even our republican friends will rejoice in the turn of the tide.

The veteran Fred Douglass is not disturbed about the silly talk as to the fate of the colored man under the new administration. Read this paragraph with its reference to the present ruling powers:

One thing I may with safety say. It is this: It will be very hard to make the condition of the negro in the south much worse than it is now and has been during the present administration. I believe that the president-elect will see and act upon the wisdom of justice, peace and good will alike to the white and colored people in the south. I am sure that he will give no support or encouragement to lawless violence anywhere. I say this because I know the man and that he stands high above the meanness that would strike down any because they are weak, unpopular and defenseless.

Wednesday evening marked a memorable epoch in the history of Perrysburg, when the dedication of the Way library took place. The building has been in process of erection for the last 18 months, and is one of architectural beauty, unique, attractive and admirably designed for the purpose for which it has been constructed. Its establishment is well calculated to perpetuate the memory of its founder—Willard V. Way. It is a monument more enduring than marble or bronze—one that, while it hallows the memory of the philanthropist, will continue to spread its blessing among the homes of the people year after year and generation after generation. It is an institution in which the entire Maumee valley may take pride in with Perrysburg, as whatever affects the prosperity of any portion of the valley, in a greater or less degree, reflects its power and influence upon all.

The campaign in Dahomey has culminated in the fall of Abomey, the capital, and King Behazin is now a fugitive. The capture was effected without resistance. It was a surprise to the troops under command of the French commander, as they anticipated desperate fighting in defense of this last stronghold. The campaign has been tedious and prolonged, but has been pursued with desperate determination in spite of obstacles almost insurmountable, owing to climatic and geographical conditions. It was an unbroken country through which the victorious troops were compelled to march, and the delay in bridging streams and breaking new roads was such as to dishearten the most obdurate. But the indomitable pluck of the intrepid commander and the courage of his men proved too much for the savages that opposed them. The conquest of Dahomey means much. It is a new opening in the advance of civilization as it penetrates the mysteries of the Dark Continent.

Mr. J. N. Mockett, a responsible merchant, makes the declaration that the clothing recently purchased by the asylum trustees in Chicago is not as good nor as cheap as it could be obtained in Toledo; in fact it is several hundred dollars out of the way in this respect. This charge can easily be disproven if it is not so, and the purchasers owe it to themselves to clear up the matter. It will scarcely do to say that the stock could not be purchased in Toledo. There are many responsible firms here, for instance, J. N. Mockett, J. B. Hudson, James Melvin, Stern, Bloch & Co., the Webers and others. These merchants should at least be given an opportunity to bid on the contract. They pay heavy taxes and assist in building up the city, and should not be turned down to suit the whim of any person or persons. If Toledo could not furnish the clothing, there are 61 houses in Cincinnati, possibly as many more in Cleveland and other cities. In any event, Ohio should have a show before Chicago merchants are patronized. With a fair and square competitive deal, no one can have cause for complaint, but it is to be regretted that the great body of city merchants do not feel that this has prevailed in the case complained of. Dr. Tobey and the trustees of the asylum will testify to the fact that they have always had the cordial support of the Bee, sometimes at the expense of severe party criticism, and the present complaint is only in the line of duty to the public. Business is business.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Trustee Geyser Rises to Remark.

To the Editor: Your issue of yesterday reached me in due time, and noticed that some one was giving me an airing through your columns.

I did not intend to say anything in reply, but ignore the articles and attacks, but to their first question I would say that two birds were not killed with one stone, because the goods were purchased nearly three weeks before the dedication of the world's fair buildings.

As to the time it took to purchase $3,400 worth of clothing let me say that the committee transacted other business besides the clothing purchase pertaining to the asylum, and the committee, Dr. Tobey, Steward Cahill and myself left at about midnight, Wednesday, September 28, and after doing our business assigned to us by the board of trustees of the Toledo Asylum for the Insane we left Chicago Friday evening, September 30, the steward paying the expense for the same and myself donating my time. That is how long it took to purchase those goods, including travel to Chicago and return.

The anonymous attacks made upon me does not worry me in the least, for my business transactions for 24 years will, I hope, compare favorably with my friends who are attacking me, and if I have to be responsible for the purchase of the merchandise bought for the Toledo Asylum for the Insane it shall be done to the best of my ability and judgment after having had a successful business experience for 24 years in general merchandise, and while I am trustee they shall be bought at lowest cash prices.

WM. GEYSER.

Swanton, Nov. 22.

The fall of the year is a trying season for elderly people. The many cheerless, dark, dismal days act depressingly, not to say injuriously, on both old and young. Now is the time to re-enforce the vital energies with Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the best of all blood medicines.

BEE'S DAILY BULLETIN.

The Furrier is the Man to Whom Fashion Kneels.

A Natty Walking Costume—Directoire and Empire Styles the Things for Evening Dress.

Special Correspondence Bee.

New York, Nov. 25.—The girl with lots of money likes to show herself outdoors in a complete costume such as here described, but a dark or black mantle is more economical, as it can be worn with any dress. I drew the picture from a walking toilet of otter brown and putty color drap chine, made as a princess dress, with sachet of the same shades with revers of otter brown silk and large brown buttons.

The furriers have been put on their mettle this season. To please the fastidious

A Walking Costume.

tastes of our latter day mondaines, the tailor and furrier must nowadays go hand in hand, and in no one particular instance is this more noticeable than in the garment without which no woman's wardrobe is complete. I allude of course to the sealskin jacket. Only a few short years ago a single pattern was issued at the beginning of the cold season for all sealskin sacque models, to which mode all had to conform—the young, the old, the short, the tall, the stout, the slim. Look around you to-day, and welcome the charming variety that awaits your choice, adapted to every purse and to every figure. Most women would as soon be out of the world as out of the fashion, and as good furs are not cheap, and bad ones an abomination, there will probably be a little extra growl from the head of the family when the bills come in, although when the growl is out he is pleased and flattered in his secret heart that his womenkind should go as daintily attired or more so than anyone else's.

In the fine gowns for evening wear, at home or on social occasions, empire and directoire styles will be curiously intermingled. Of course the so-called empire style is a considerably modified one, and the pretty slender figure will not wear her waist belt under her arms, and so disguise both grace and beauty. Plain skirts of rich

A Combination of Styles.

fabrics, more especially those intended for interwear, are now shown without the innumerable darts and gores to draw the top in to the figure, and are fulled into the waist, but as yet very slightly. The newest sleeves are long and very closely fitting to or above the elbow, with a wide round puff at the top, and even the low-necked evening gown has a short full puffed sleeve of velvet, and the high folded sash of velvet has frequently a high paste buckle or slide.

The princess style few of us can have forgotten. It flourished some years ago and has now revived. But we are not to have it precisely in its old state. Taste changes as well as everything else, and though in theory we resuscitate our old friends, we do not permit the princess pattern to come back to us in its original form. For example, we couldn't tolerate a straight-all-the-way down garment, meekly fastened down the back with buttons, whose front was plainness personified. Oh! no, the new princess has epaulets, frills, or ravers, or is fastened with folds across the bust at one side, or opens over a petticoat cunningly contrived, or performs some other vagary. Perish the thought that our eccentricities in the way of frills and furbelows should be consigned to oblivion in order to satisfy the conservatism of fashion! Fashion is conservative only so far as it suits her feminine nature to be. FLORETTE.

TOLEDO REFERENCES IN OUR EXCHANGES

We'll Fight Pumps With Pumps.

We believe it has now come to the point when we shall have to fight Toledo's gas pumps with pumps of our own.—Findlay Republican.

Friendly Advice.

Toledo is struggling with the problem of how to govern that city. Here's the plan—Elect honest men to office and punish offenders promptly.—Bowling Green Tribune.

Spreading Out.

Postmaster D. H. Hill, of Milton, who was here Tuesday, tells us that Churchill & Co. of Toledo, have leased the Keeler elevator of that place, and will begin buying grain there Monday. He says also, that the store will be run in the name of Mrs. W. O. Keeler, with Ed Baggalley as manager.

No Fright, Neighbor.

Even the weather bureau has become demoralized since election. The terrific blizzard and cold way that was to be with us at 8 a. m., standard time, yesterday morning, got dumped by the wayside—probably frightened by the din of the democratic jollification in Toledo.—Mt. Vernon Republican.

Decidedly Unwise.

Toledo clothiers are up in arms because Superintendent Toby and the purchasing committee for the Toledo asylum went to Chicago and purchased a $4,000 bill of clothing for the institution, instead of buying at home. The home dealers claim that better quality and lower prices could be given by them than was secured at Chicago. If this be true the committee's action was certainly unwise.—Wood County Tribune.

CRITCHLOW NOT GUILTY.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 25.—The trial of Sylvester Critchlow, charged with murder in connection with the Homestead riot was brought to a close by the jury bringing in a verdict of acquittal.

Owing to the hour at which court convened, there were not many persons present when the jury filed in. The prisoner was not released, he having yet to answer the charge of riot.

OHIO PRESS COMMENT.

A Lucky Find for All.

The democratic "rainbow chasers" found the "pot of gold" at the end.—Tiffin Advertiser.

Getting Quite Proud.

The slush on the streets of Fostoria is beautiful. We point to it with pardonable pride. It indicates travel.—Fostoria Times.

They Are Somewhat Reckless.

We suppose there are republicans who wouldn't care much if the Biela's comet would crush into the earth and upset things.—Steubenville Gazette.

From the Atlantic to the Pacific.

It is possible to walk or drive from New York to California without touching foot or wheel in a state that went republican last week.—Holmes County Farmer.

It Was Rather a Setback.

It was the most complete knockout in political history, and the g. o. p. is so badly battered up that it may be impossible to get it in fighting trim again.—Newark Advocate.

How Like a Serpent's Tooth.

McKinley and his little crew at Columbus have probably reached the conviction that they don't know how to steers a boat after they've been placed in command of it.—Batavia Courier (Rep.).

Business and Thrift

It is estimated that President Harrison will leave the white house with over half of the $200,000 he has received as salary still in his possession. No president since Grant has spent all his salary.—Columbus Dispatch.

Democrats Took Turkey.

Like the dogs, every bird has its day. The eagle, the crow and the rooster have all appeared in succession. Thursday there will be a change of diet and the turkey will take its place on the platter.—Columbus Dispatch.

Praise From a Republican.

Some democrats in this part of Ohio are talking of Col. Wm. E. Haynes for the democratic nomination of governor next year. Col. Haynes doesn't make much noise but he is a very level-headed man and would make an efficient executive.—Sandusky Register.

The Recent Cataleptic Fit.

If Sherman would resign and some republican were at once elected in his place, the annoyances to which the republicans have been subjected by the recent cateleptic fit of the party would be great mitigated. It is too much to hope that Sherman will resign.—Batavia Courier (Rep.).

THANKSGIVING DAY.

One of Rejoicing and Gratitude.

Among Rich and Poor in Toledo—Church Services Largely Attended.

The programs as arranged by the various charitable institutions, and benevolent societies, for the observance of Thanksgiving day, were carried out to the letter, and the day made one of exceeding joy and gratefulness.

Family parties were numerous, and some of the home entertainments were very elaborate.

The services at the different churches had large congregations.

The union sunrise meeting held by the Christian Endeavor was a splendid one, nearly every society in the city having a large representation.

One of the most enjoyable times was at the Toledo Boys' home.

The bright little inmates were in high glee, a bountiful dinner being served them, and a whole day for fun being given.

The exercises at the Toledo insane asylum were participated in by a merry party of guests as well as the patients and attendants.

The program consisted of services in the chapel in the morning, a splendid Thanksgiving dinner, and the brilliant masque ball in the evening, at which it is estimated that about 500 masked dancers were present.

Prizes which had been offered by Dr. Tobey were distributed as follows:

Handsomest costumed gent, Peter Maury; lady, Miss Rozelle.

Most grotesque costume, Wm. Clegg.

Best impersonation, Miss Tracy Zacharias, as Mary Queen of Scotts.

Most grotesque couple, Misses Clara Miller and Bertha Roh.

Most handsomely costumed couple, Misses Mattie J. Short and Eldora Lavander.

Most grotesque patients, Charles Witter and Dan Larkins.

Best costumed old couple, E. A. Hannum and Mrs. T. J. Snell.

Best clown, George Rabb.

Most unique couple, Misses Robinson and Hughes, organ grinders.

The theaters were crowded to suffocation, and it seemed that everybody in the city was celebrating Thanksgiving.

TOLEDO AMATEURS

Give a Bang Up Minstrel Performance

At the Progress Club Thanksgiving Eve—The Participants—A Spread Followed.

Thanksgiving eve a large number of members of the Progress club and their ladies, witnessed as bright a minstrel performance as has ever been given by Toledo amateurs, and there have been some good ones, as everybody knows. The elegant club rooms were transformed for the occasion. The program modestly read:

An attempt at a minstrel entertainment, with apologies by the company. While the show is in progress the audience will please remain seated and refrain from throwing any objectionable matter on the stage.

There were good jokes well presented by such inimitable fun makers as Bones, Mr. Sol LaSalle; Boneless, Mr. L. Strasberger; Tambo, Mr. L. Van Noorden; Tambourine, Mr. Lep. Lewis; Interlocutor, M. H. Lang.

The program was as follows:

Part I.

Overture—Orchestra.
March—"Erminie," the company, original words.
Song—"Way Out of Sight," Rosenberg.
Joke—See?
Song—"The Picture That Was Turned Towards the Wall, Lang.
Another Joke, 1749.
Song (an attempt)—Sol LaSalle; no flowers.
Some more jokes—Audience will please applaud.
Song—Ir'd—Van Noorden.
If possible, some more jokes.
Song—"Aaron and Moses," Hollander; eggs sell at 30 cents a dozen.
Song—Fine Alfy, the Company.
Song, "Merrily I Roam," Mrs. L. Strasberger.
Violin solo, James LaSalle.
Song, "Fiddle and I," Mrs. S. C. Noot.
Recitation (Dialect) Miss Franc.
Song, "The Asra," Mr. Rosenberg.
Song, Mary Green," Mr. Sol LaSalle.
"All the world's a stage, and some are actors."—Not Shakespeare.

Lou Van Noorden made the hit of his life. Wm. S. Stackhouse conducted and presided at the piano. His work had its effect on the success of the entertainment. A sumptuous feat was served after the performance, and it was a most enjayable affair all around.

AGAIN TO BUILD.

Woolson Spice Co. to Erect an Administration Building

On the Corner of Huron and Oak Streets to Cost $50,000.

The Woolson Spice company have the plans prepared for a handsome administration building to be erected on the corner of Huron and Oak streets. It will be 80x120 feet, four stories high, and will cost about $50,000. The front will be of cut stone and Milwaukee pressed brick.

It will be essentially an office building and promises to be the finest and handsomest in the city. The plans have been prepared and the contract will soon be awarded.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Edwin H. Rymal, Salesman for Breyman Bros.,

Shuffles Off the Mortal Coil With a Bed Sheet—Domestic Infelicity the Cause.

Edwin H. Rymal, traveling for the awning house of Breyman Bros., of this city, committed suicide in his room at the Hotel Clifton, Kokomo, Ind., yesterday by hanging. Rymal had been in that city ten days and had been drinking heavily during that time. He made a noose of a sheet taken from the bed and slowly strangled himself to death. He was found at 4 o'clock last evening.

The above is the substance of a dispatch received yesterday by Breyman Bros., Summit street.

Rymal had been working for the firm about a month. He was a hard working, sober, industrious young man and was known to the members of the firm for about eight years.

Domestic trouble seems to be at the bottom of the suicide. He lived in Cleveland and Detroit, and in the latter city about a year ago his wife deserted him. This seems to have preyed on his mind and a week or so ago he took to drinking heavily.

Breyman Bros., do not know where his people reside, but think it is either in Cleveland or Evansville.

DISCIPLINE.

It Is a Great Power in the United States Navy.

New York, Nov. 25.—A Washington special to the Herald says: In approving the sentence of one year's suspension from rank and duty on leave pay in the case of Assistant Engineer G. W. Danforth, Secretary Tracy makes very clear his position in regard to the subordination of engineer officers to the officer of the deck. He says that the offense was "clearly a violation of the express regulation requiring engineers on duty to conform to the orders of the officer of the deck, who is the representative of the commanding officer of the vessel, and is entitled to obedience from all officers of whatever rank, whether of the line or the staff."

But for the extreme youth and inexperience of the accused, the secretary says, he would have returned the record of the trial to the court with a recommendation for a more severe sentence.

THE LIMA ROBBERS.

No Trace of Them Has Been Discovered.

A Description of the Men Who Have Terrorized the People.

Lima, O., Nov. 25.—(Special)—Nothing further has been heard of the seven highwaymen. The police are of the opinion that they are the parties who opened fire on the Ft. Wayne officials several days ago, and a few nights later broke into several business houses at Van Wert.

The following description has been obtained of four of the party:

The heiviest was 5 feet 10 inches in height, weight 190 pounds, smooth face, dark new suit, black hat and overcoat.

Another was short, had the appearance of a dago with piercing black eyes, poorly dressed with gingham shirt and dark soft hat and overcoat.

The third was 6 feet tall, weight 160 pounds, brown coat and vest, dark trousers, dark mustache, shlouch hat.

The last one weighed 165 pounds, height 5 feet 9 inches, dark suit of clothes and wore a dark overcoat.

The had two Smith & Wesson revolvers and one bull-dog revolver. The wounded policeman is improving.

ONE KISS SHORT.

Paunce Got His Decoration Out of the General Order.

London, Nov. 25.—Some comment having been made upon the fact that Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister to the United States, failed to go through the form of personal investiture upon his being recently honored by the queen with the insignia of a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath, it is officially announced that in consequence of the minister's desire to make an early departure for Washington her majesty issued a special dispensation enabling him to wear the insignia without the usual reception at court and kissing of the hand. It is said that this is the first instance in which the queen has departed from the usual formality, and it is regarded as a mark of special favor.

EUROPE AROUSED

By the Speech of Chancellor Caprivi.

The French Papers Discuss the Language Used With Much Interest.

Paris, Nov. 25.—The speech of Chancellor Caprivi in advocacy of the army bill is discussed at length by the French newspapers.

All of them uite in regarding the chancellor's utterances as a tribute to the power of France, and they call attention specially to his admission that Germany has lost the military supremacy of Europe.

The Republique Francaise regards Caprivi's allegations as to warlike intentions of France with moposure, neither assenting to nor denying anything asto the alleged purpose of the French people. The debate shows, the paper says, either that the kaiser is uneasy as to the delity of Austria and Italy, to the bonds of the triple alliance, or else that he has ulterior designs which are not openly acknowledged.

"For the sake of European peace," the paper exclaims, "God grant that the latter susticion is unfounded."

The Figaro says that evidently the triple alliance is less solid than has been supposed.

Public opinion regards the speech as alarming and as indicating a purpose on the part of Germany to provoke war as soon as the German army has been strengthened by the additions provided for in the bill. The subject shares public interest with the Panama canal prosecutions. Although no revanche feeling is manifested, it is evident that there is no inclination in France to avoid taking up a challenge, should the kaiser offer it, while there is a decided disinclination to initiate war.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BUSINESS IN VERSE.

Toledo and Sandusky Parties Discuss the Late Election.

The Sandusky Register of yesterday has the following effusions between a Toledo lady and Sandusky lawyer, which will be read with interest:

The recent presidential campaign developed a good deal of local humor, even the poetic muse was awakened in unexpected quarters. A day or two after election a Toledo lady wrote to a prominent lawyer in Sandusky, who is also a leading democrat, this brief letter:

Toledo, Nov. 10, 1892.

Dear Sir:—I am afraid you are not a bit sorry for Baby McKee, but even a good democrat like you must rejoice over P. C. Hudson's defeat.

Yours sadly,

The Sandusky lawyer, it appears, has a poetic freak now and then, and the following correspondence in rhyme which followed is worthy a place in public print:

Reply.

Sandusky, Nov. 11, '92.

Dear Friend:—
Yours received; in reply permit me to say:
Oh yes, I am sorry for Baby McKee,
But greatly rejoicing for little Ruth C.;
I am sorry for Ben, I would have you believe,
But shouting and crowing for Grover and Steve;

I'm sorry for Hudson, for Scribner I'm glad,
For all poor republicans, feel very sad.
The country is safe, and your party is dead,
And honest old Grover is now at the head;

So throw up your bonnet and join with the throng
The "demmys" will welcome and take you along;
The procession is moving, come in from the wet,
Jump into the bus, there is room for you yet.

Joyfully yours,

(Answer.)

Toledo, Nov. 13th, 1892.

Grandpa's hat no more will greet us,
In this gloomy, snowy vale,
Friend and brother as they greet us,
Reiterate the dreadful tale.

But these lessons surely tell us,
Never more to be too sure,
And these bitter truths compel us
To suffer woes that time must cure.

No, I cannot join the demmys
In their Silver songs of glee,
But will bide four years in patience
Time's fruition then to see.

These free trade winds will blow over
And people see more clear again,
Then retired will be your Grover,
As sunshine ever follows rain.
"Ohio is Safe." Yours hopefully,

(Reply.)

Sandusky, O., Nov. 19th, 1892.

My Dear Friend:—
'Tis true that grandpa's hat has gone
Like all earth's valued treasures,
But that should not in these glad times
Call forth such doleful measures.

Your mournful song I grieve to hear,
When all around is sunny,
You have no reason thus to fear
Free trade and wild-cat money.

Your ribbons now will cost you less,
And cheaper be your bonnets,
In silks and satins you can dress
And write more cheerful sonnets.

So cheer up, friend, you need not wait
"Four years for time's fruition,"
Within one year 'twill be your fate
To greet that glad condition.

With tariff low, and money free,
Your grief will soon be over,
Your errors then you'll surely see
And shout and sing for Grover.
Hopefully yours.

A good thing to remember While rumors of epidemics are prevalent, is that a pure supply of ice from Devil's Lake, Mich., free from city sewage contaminated with germ and bacillus, is the only kind we are furnishing to our customers.

The Michigan Lake Ice Co

OFFICE, 327 SUPERIOR ST.
PHONE 68.

Ira A. Richardson & Son

3 Produce Exchange.

Best planned, modern priced residence in the city; 10 rooms, large cellar and attic; sanitary plumbing, elegant mantels, both gases, water and sewerage connections, stone sidewalks, on Melrose street.

For Sale on Monthly Payments.

ED. McLEARY,

Practical Machinist!

Repairing and Setting Up Machinery Promptly Attended To.

2 & 4 ST. CLAIR ST., TOLEDO, O

N. B. BACON. T. F. HUBER.

BACON & HUBER

ARCHITECTS,

33 and 34 Chamber of Commerce.

DO YOU WANT GOLD?

Cripple Creek is not a health resort. It is a wealth resort. Quite a difference! Location, near Pike's Peak, in Colorado. Gold—bright, yellow gold, is found at grass roots and in the rock formation.

Reliable experts claim this is to-day the richest camp in Colorado. Assays average $100 per ton, and have run as high as $5,000. One hundred people a day are now rushing to Fremont, chief town of the district.

The chance of a life-time is worth looking after!

You can get there quickly and comfortably by taking Santa Fe Route. Only line with no change of cars from Chicago, Kansas City and other principal cities to Florissant, nearest railroad station, with daily stages to Fremont.

Address for rates and service,

GEO. E. GILMAN

Michigan Pass. Agt. Santa Fe Route,

DETROIT, MICH.

L. BECKMANN

The Optician,

319 Adams Street,

Has the Telescopes to watch

THE COMET.

OH, IF I ONLY HAD HER

Complexion! Why, it is easily obtained. Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

TO MAKE A MATCH.

New Orleans, Nov. 25.—Charles Dickson, president of the Olympic club, last night telegraphed to Lou Houseman, of Chicago, to match Tom Ryan against Tommy Williams, who is in England, for a purse of $3,000, the match to take place during March next.

WHY PAY CASH WHEN YOU CAN BUY AS CHEAP ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN?

PARLOR, BEDROOM, DINING-ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE

DON'T YOU SEE THE ADVANTAGE IT GIVES YOU?

Goldberg & Jacobson,

-434- SUMMIT ST.

WHEN

YOU ARE IN DOUBT REGARDING A

SUIT OF CLOTHES

OR AN

OVERCOAT

GO TO

V. W. Granger's,

Toledo's Fashionable Tailor.

HIS STOCK IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.

HIS STYLES ARE ALWAYS THE LATEST

HIS FITS ARE SELDOM EQUALED.

PATENTS PROCURED —BY— WM. WEBSTER Patent Attorney, 311 Superior Street, Toledo, O. Phone 858.

The Blade Printing & Paper Co

Printers, Book Makers, Electrotypers, Stationers, and dealers in and makers of Account Books.

126 and 128 St. Clair St., TOLEDO

RESTAURANT AND SALOON.

Next to Hotel Union at 403 Monroe, is now stocked with FINE LIQUORS and is conducted under the management of

M. B. MADDEN.

NOTICE.

David R. Phillips and Florence Phillips, his wife, whose residence is unknown to plaintiff, but who are supposed to reside in the village of Brownsville, in the state of Pennsylvania, will take notice that on the first day of September, 1892, the city of Toledo, Ohio, for the use of Curtis & Brainard, a partnership in said city, filed its petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County, Ohio, and which petition is still pending therein, being cause No. 33515 on the docket of said court. The object and prayer of which petition is to enforce the lien of an assessment for the construction of Sewer No. 350 in the alley between Orchard street and Peony avenue in said city of Toledo, and which assessment was confirmed by the Common Council of said city on June 1st, 1891, the amount of said assessment against Lot No. 59 of Shaw and Wells' 2nd addition to Toledo, Ohio, owned by said David R. Phillips and Florence Phillips being the sum of $34.66.

And said petition also prays for a sale of said lot to pay the amount due on said assessment and the costs of this action. Said defendants are required to answer or plead to said petition on or before the 24th day of December, 1892.

T. J. M'DONNELL, Plff's. Atty.
Oct. 26, 1892.
first pub thurs oct 27-nov-3-10-17-24-dec-1

NOTICE.

Teresa McDermott, whose place of residence is unknown, but who is believed to reside without the state of Ohio, will take notice that on the first day of September, 1892, the City of Toledo for the use of John Degnan filed its petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County, Ohio, and which petition is still pending therein against her and is number 33516 on the docket of said court. The object and prayer of which petition is to enforce the lien of an assessment for the construction of Sewer No. 341 in the alley between Indiana avenue and Germania street against her lot, known as the westerly (30) thirty feet of lot number 149 of the extension of Germania Addition to the city of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio, and which assessment was confirmed by the Common Council of said city of Toledo on the 9th day of March, 1891, and the amount assessed on said lot was the sum of $28.09. Said petition also prays for a sale of said lot to pay the amount due on said assessment and the costs of this action. Said defendant is required to answer or plead to said petition on or before the 24th day of December, 1892.

T. J. M'DONNELL, Plff's. Atty.
Oct. 26, 1892.
first pub thurs oct 27-nov-3-10-17-24-dec-1

NOTICE.—Manosa A. Wertenberger and —— Wertenberger his wife, whose residences are unknown, will take notice that on the 24th day of October, 1892, the city of Toledo for the use of John S. Eck, filed its petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County, Ohio, in case No. 33743 against the above named parties and others, praying for the foreclosure of an assessment levied and assessed by the Common Council of said city on lot number 185 the sum of $8.47; on lot number 186 the sum of $5.95; on lot number 187 the sum of $5.93, in the McLean Glassboro Addition to the city of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio, to pay for constructing a plank sidewalk four feet in width on the east side of Brigham street in front of said lots, on which the above sums are due with interest thereon from the 27th day of November, 1890, and the sum of twenty per cent. penalty thereon, plaintiff prays that said defendant —— Wertenberger, wife of Manosa A. Wertenberger, be required to set up by answer herein what interest if any she has in said premises and in default of such answer she be forever barred from claiming any interest in said real estate. Said parties are required to answer on or before the 17th day of December, 1892, or judgment will be taken against them.

STEPHEN BROPHY, Atty. for Plff.
first pub thurs oct 27-nov-3-10-17-24-dec-1

OVERCOATS, ULSTERS

Don't believe there's a Clothing Shop in the Northwest that shows such a variety at

$10, $12 AND $15.

Better Coats have never been made for the money.

ALL WOOL,

FASHIONED FROM FRIEZE, MELTON, KERSEY, BEAVER AND CHINCHILLA.

Their superiority is unquestioned and every garment is guaranteed as represented.

Scores of others at prices ranging from $18 to $40.

MOCKETT THE CLOTHIER

213-215-217 SUMMIT ST.

KIBBEY & DAVIES,

A Parlor for Ladies' Fixings.

VEILS.
LACE BORDERED VEILS in Black, Navy, Gray, Cardinal and White.
25c and 35c each.

TIES.
Windsor Ties for the children in a goodly assortment.
Only 25c each.

COLLARS.
Some new shapes and all the staple styles usually shown in first-class establishments.

GLOVES.
An extra value in a real kid glove—4 buttons—a large assortment of shades and black.
Only $1 pair.

2 gloves in special values at $1, $1.25, $1.50 pair.
A full line of desirable shades in our celebrated "Tirette" glove, a patent Mousquetaire, only $1 per pair.

HOSIERY.
Special values in Ladies' Onyx Black Hose, guaranteed fast. Superior value.
35c pair, 3 pairs for $1.

318 SUMMIT ST.
Between Transfer Stations.

SOLID MAPLE SUITES
At $18.00.

Brass and Onyx Goods.

Boot Boxes from 75c Upward.

FIRE SCREENS
In Mahogany, Oak, Brass and Rattan,

And Many Other Novelties,
—AT—

The Palace Furniture Store,
618 JEFFERSON ST.

M. BARTLETT.

Special for Christmas.

We sell a Diamond Ornamented 14k Solid Gold Watch, with Elgin or Waltham Movement, warranted, for 35 Dollars.

Our Diamond Rings, For 25 Dollars, Can't Be Beat.

Roulet & Armstrong,
Adams St. Jewelers, Opp. Trinity Church.

See our Christmas Spoon.

Our Stock of the Most Elegant
Music Boxes!
AND THE
Bruno Guitars!
PAR EXCELLENCE,
Just about take the cake. All are invited to stop in and see our large variety of Guitar, Banjo and Mandolin Music.
IGNAZ FISCHER,
The Music Dealer of Toledo,
229 SUMMIT STREET.

JAPANESE **PILE CURE**

A new and complete treatment, consisting of Suppositories, Ointment in Capsules, also in Box and Pills; a Positive Cure for External, Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching, Chronic, Recent or Hereditary Piles. This Remedy has never been known to fail. $1 per box, 6 for $5; sent by mail. Why suffer from this terrible disease when a written guarantee is positively given with 6 boxes. To refund the money if not cured. Send stamp for free sample. Guarantee issued only by I. N. Reed's Son, Druggist, and sole agent, Toledo, O. Samples free.

A. T. KLINE,
DENTIST,
335 Superior Street, over Allen & Parkhurst's.

BRIDGE AND CROWN WORK A SPECIALTY

PHONE 441

ONE-HALF OF OUR STORE
Until CHRISTMAS will be devoted to
Children's Books, Blocks and Games

Ernest Reeves & Co.
223 SUMMIT STREET.

B. A. STEVENS
Cor. Erie, Lafayette and Lucas Sts.
Phone, - - 400.
Manufacturer of the Stevens Refrigerators. 25 different kinds and sizes. Sold at manufacturers prices, from $8.50 up. Call and see the line of samples.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARborn street, Chicago, Ill.; 28 years' experience; secrecy; special facilities in several states. Goodrich on Divorce, with Laws of all States, in press. 14novlyr

IT IS ALL OVER.

The Doner Case in the Hands of the Jury.

Unexpected Dispatch in the Progress of the Trial.

Testimony All in Early This Morning—Argument for Defense Very Brief.

The Doner bribery trial has progressed with greater dispatch than any of the other cases which have been tried before.

The state rested at 10 o'clock, the defense at 11 o'clock, and in ten minutes after Prosecutor Barber was engaged in the opening argument for the state and after the arguments the case was given to the jury.

When court convened this morning Byron Ritchie proceeded to cross-examine August Machen, who was testifying on direct examination by the state when court adjourned Wednesday evening.

"How long was Doner in the office?"
"About five minutes."
"Who sent for him?"
"George E. Lorenz."
"What did you send for him for?"
"To get information."
"About what?"
"About the combination."
"Didn't you send to try and get him to vote for your ordinance?"
"No, sir; I talked to Doner about that before."
"You did not hear Doner ask for any money for his vote, did you?"
"No, sir."
"Was he with others when they asked for money?"
"No sir."
"You did not see Doner, did you?"
"No, sir."
"You could not swear that it was Doner?"
"No, sir."
"Do you remember having a conversation with Jim Southard at the meeting of the council on the night your ordinance was passed?"
"I do."
"Did you not say to him him that you people were the only ones that had the sand to take hold of the thing and push it through?"
"I did not say that, no sir. I told Southard that we was the smallest company in the lot, and the only one that had sand enough to go in and break the combination, and that they were now going to slide in on our raft."
"What did you mean by that?"
"I meant that their ordinance would pass through our efforts in breaking up the combination."
"Did you show these interviews to anybody?"
"I did."
"Who to?"
"To Judge MacGahan, Will Bellman and Harry King."
"Now, did you not show the interviews around so that the councilmen would hear of it, and thereby scare them into voting for your ordinance?"
"No, sir."
"Did you not tell some of these councilmen that if they would pass your ordinance you would not make their interviews public?"
"No, sir."
"That is all."

George E Lorenz, treasurer of the Pluto Oil company, who had the conversation with the councilmen, was next called by the state. He confirmed the report of the stenographer, and testified to the presence of Councilmen Gill, Tanner, Daly, Doner, Manchester, and Swain, in his office.

The cross-examination of Mr. Lorenz differed very little from that of Mr. Machen.

The state then called Frank M. Smith, bookkeeper for the Pluto Oil company, who was present in the office a part of the time and saw the councilmen pass through the office. He was also present in the cellar and heard portions of the conversation.

The state rested at 10 o'clock, and the defense called Geo. M. Doner, the accused, to the stand.

Mr. Doner stated that the first he knew that a meeting was to be held at Neuendorf's store, was learned at the council meeting, but did not remember who told him. He went over and found a number of the councilmen present. There was no one present but members of the council. They met for the purpose of discussing ward legislation, and aiding each other in the council. There was nothing said about money at any of these meetings. The witness did remember that at one of the meetings Neuendorf did say something about the Pluto Oil company offering him money. They talked about being bought at all of the meetings, of the council as well, but it was only in a joking way; that nothing was meant by it.

As to being down at Lorenz's office, Mr. Doner stated that on the morning of that day Judge Lorenz came to the freight office of the Clover Leaf railroad, where he is employed as a bookkeeper, and told him that George Lorenz wanted to see him. He stopped on the way to dinner and remained a very short time.

On cross-examination, the witness stated that the meeting was held for just about the same purpose as the meeting held at MacGahan's office, when the organization of the council was discussed. He did not remember anything that was said at the first meeting by anybody.

The cross-examination of Mr. Doner was concluded and the defense called Alvin Peter, John Gorman and James H. Pheatt. The defense rested at ten minutes after 11 o'clock, at which time the court directed the argument to be proceeded with.

"Gentlemen of the Jury," said Mr. Barber, "I can make no argument to you other than the charges as made in the indictment, until I have heard from the other side. I will therefore state briefly, what the charges are, and wait until counsel for defense concludes his argument."

Mr. Barber then outlined the charge and what had been proven.

At 11:35 o'clock Mr. Ritchie took up the argument for the defense. He stated that the only evidence the state had introduced to prove that Doner solicited a bribe was on the testimony of Ransom B. Swain, who himself confessed to the crime. That this testimony was uncorroborated. He did not understand how any jury in the land would or could believe the word of a confessed criminal as against the statement of a man who had proven a good reputation.

Mr. Ritchie closed at 11:50 o'clock.

Mr. Barber talked for about three-quarters of an hour, after which the court charged the jury, and the members retired for deliberation.

The Testimony Wednesday Afternoon.

Wednesday afternoon when the Bee went to press, Mr. Ritchie was cross-examining Mr. Swain, and the witness was telling of the Fisher club house meeting.

"Did not you testify yesterday that at the third meeting of the combine as you call it, it was reported that Jim Southard offered $11,000 for the passage of some ordinance?"
"No, sir; I did not."
"You are positive?"
"If I did I take it back, because, if I remember right, I said that someone at that meeting said that James Southard had approached some of the members to be interviewed."
"According to your own story you were willing to take money from these corporations, were you not?"
"No, sir."
"You attended these meetings?"
"I did."
"You say you knew what the object was?"
"Yes sir."
"You found out at the first meeting?"
"I did."
"Then if you would not have taken the money from these corporations, why did you attend any more meetings?"
"Because I was promised that what transpired would never be divulged."
"Then you were willing enough to receive money for you vote, providing it never got out?"
"I suppose so."
"Now, did you not go to these meetings for the purpose of making some money out of it?"
"I suppose so, or I would not have been there."
"You would have taken it, would you not?"
"I suppose I would."

Mr. Ritchie referred to the meeting at Fisher's club house, on June 20.

"Was Doner at the club house?"
"He was."
"How do you know?"
"Because I saw him."
"Not from anything he said?"
"Well, yes; I think he reported an interview."
"You say the Pluto Oil company's ordinance was discussed?"
"Yes sir."
"What did you say?"
"I said that I was not in favor of charging the Pluto Oil company anything, for the reason that it was a home concern."
"You were in favor of the Pluto Oil ordinance?"
"Yes sir."
"You believe in the protection of home industries; sort of a protectionist. What did Felker say at that meeting?"
"Felker said he was in favor of the ordinance and would vote for the ordinance."
"Now, when you learned of what had taken place at the Pluto Oil office, did you report it to your associates?"
"I did."
"How did you learn this?"
"A gentleman called at my house."
"Who was it?"
"Frank N. Smith."
"Who is Frank N. Smith?"
"Bookkeeper for the Pluto Oil company."
"What did he tell you?"
"He told me that the Pluto Oil company had arranged the office and took down what had been said during the interview between Gill, Daly, Tanner and myself."
"You were at Lorenz's office, were you not?"
"I was."
"What did you go there for?"
"To see Mr. Lorenz."
"What did you want to see Mr. Lorenz for?"
"I did not know."
"Do you mean to tell this jury that you went to see George Lorenz and did not know what for?"
"Yes, sir; I did not know at the time what was wanted."
"Why did you go?"
"Because I was sent for."
"Who sent for you?"
"George Lorenz."
"Whom did he send?"
"Judge Lorenz."
"Now, what passed between you and Mr. Lorenz?"
"He told me that he was very anxious to get his ordinance through, and wanted to find out why it had not passed. He said that he wanted to get it through at once, as the price of pipe was going up."
"Did he say how much he would give?"
"Nothing was said about money."
"What more was said?"
"Mr. Lorenz stated that he understood that a combination had been formed to oppose the ordinance, and he would like to know who were in it. I told him I did not know."
"You lied when you said it, didn't you?"
"I did."
"That's all."

Solicitor Read was called by the state and testified as to the municipal organization of the city, and the administration of the oath of office to Mr. Doner.

City Clerk Lamb was called and showed by the records the progress of the Pluto Oil ordinance through the council. It showed that on June 20, the evening of the date of the meeting of the alleged combine at Fisher's club house, Gill, Doner, Tanner, Schmuhl, Manchester, Daly, Taylor, Neuendorf, Rutherford and Swain, voted to lay the ordinance on the table; that a recess was taken until the next evening.

Geo. A. Bassett, the stenographer, who was concealed in the basement below the Pluto Oil office, and took down the conversation that occurred between Geo. E. Lorenz and Gill, Tanner, Daly and Manchester, members of the council, on June 21, the day after the council recessed, was next called.

It seems that, according to Mr. Bassett's notes, Tanner was the first to call on Mr. Lorenz. He informed Mr. Lorenz that the ordinance could be passed for $5,500, not a cent less, in "long green;" that a combination had been formed of certain members of the council, though he was not in it, bound by an oath, to vote together; that it was just like a lodge, and there was no use trying to break it. It would simply be impossible to pass any ordinance unless this combination agreed, for the reason that there was ten in it, representing a majority of the council; that they had recessed the night before, and the ordinance could be taken off the table, if he (Lorenz) would put up the "long green," but that the ordinance would not pass unless they said so. He went out and got Gill and Daly. He reiterated what had already been said.

Mr. Bassett testified that at 12 o'clock the next day Geo. Doner, the accused, had an interview with George Lorenz, which he took down and read.

When Doner arrived Lorenz said that he was working to get the ordinance through, and told him of what Daly, Gill and Tanner had said and that Doner said what they said was right, that Lorenz could depend on what the others said; that Doner left at ten minutes after 12 o'clock.

"Mr. Bassett, by whom were you employed to take this interview?"
"By August Machen."
"How much were you paid?"
"$50."
"That was all?"
"Yes sir."
"How much time did you occupy?"
"I should say a week or ten days."
"You were not employed steadily all of this time?"
"Well, I would go when they would send for me perhaps an hour before the arrival of a caller."
"How much time did you actually put in?"
"About four days."
"Did you see any of the visitors?"
"No sir."
"Did you see Mr. Doner?"
"I did not."
"Would you swear that this boy was at Lorenz's?"
"No sir."
"Why is it you undertake to tell this jury what Mr. Doner said and now swear that you did not see Mr. Doner?"
"I do not say that I report what Mr. Doner said, but the person I took to be Mr. Doner."
"And the time you were down in this coop the hole had a carpet over it?"
"Yes sir."
"You don't pretend that you heard all of the conversation?"
"Some parts were missed, which I noted."
"Did you know who would be called?"
"Yes sir."
"How did you know?"
"Because Mr. Lorenz would tell me before who was expected."
"This party you spoke of as Doner, did not ask Lorenz for any money to influence his vote, did he?"
"No sir."
"He said nothing about money, did he?"
"No sir."
"He did not say anything about voting for any ordinance, did he?"
"No sir."
"What you have said was all that transpired?"
"Yes, sir; all that I heard."
"None of these councilmen asked for money for Doner, did they?"
"No sir."
"That is all."

The state called August Machen, secretary of the Pluto Oil company, who was in the cellar with Mr. Bassett, and he testified to the best of his memory what transpired between George Lorenz and the councilmen who called.

It cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

IN A SOCIAL WAY.

Personal Gossip Relative to Toledoans

And Their Guests, Besides the Coming and Going of People in Whom Bee Readers Have an Interest.

Dr. A. C. Roll is in Cincinnati.

Mrs. James Hough is in Willoughby.

Mrs. Mart Robinson is seriously ill.

Miss L. A. Phelan, of 231 Broadway, is visiting friends and relatives in Detroit.

Moses Bloch has returned from an Illinois trip.

Mrs. Frank Masters entertains to-morrow afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Shaw spent Thanksgiving in Chicago.

Mr. Bert Doremus, of Chicago, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Griffin spent Thanksgiving at Bellevue.

Mrs. Gen. King, of Detroit, is the guest of Hon. C. A. King.

Mrs. Wm. Boos entertained at a family dinner yesterday.

Miss Lulu Gilson entertained at cards Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Crosby entertained at dinner yesterday.

Mrs. Wm. Fisher, of Detroit, is the guest of Toledo friends.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Gregory entertained a few friends yesterday.

B. A. Stevens is at Mt. Clemons for the benefit of his health.

L. S. Baumgardner and family spent Thanksgiving out of town.

Geo. Heyn has been confined in his home for the past few days.

Miss Clara Bausch, of LaCarne, O., is the guest of Miss Lily Fernside.

Rev. E. Watt, pastor of St. Mark's, is enjoying a few days in New York city.

Mr. and Mrs. Foster entertained for their daughter, Miss Mabel, last evening.

Mr. George Thurter, of the grain firm of Logan & Co., was on Change to-day.

Mrs. O. E. Herr, of Broadway, have gone to Cleveland to spend Thanksgiving.

The marriage of Miss Mary Chapin and Mr. Lee Richmond will occur December 27.

Mrs. Oliver Slocum, on Broadway, is entertaining Mrs. John Lee, of Norwalk, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Colburn have returned from a trip to New York and Maine.

Miss Edith Dimmer has returned after a month's pleasant visit with friends in the east.

Miss Ella Zahnle entertained a number of friends in a charming manner last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Eighmy, of Dundee, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Dutton.

Miss Bessie Gilbert entertained last evening, informally. A taffy pull furnished amusement for the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Beck were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Well, Division street, yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Boos and Miss Boos have issued invitations for a reception on Friday evening, December 9.

A large party of young people attended Prof. Kibbe's matinee yesterday afternoon. The occasion was a pleasant one.

W. H. Evans, of Columbus, passed through the city to-day on his way home from Ann Arbor, where he is attending the university.

Mr. David Stevens remains about the same. His brother George and his sister (Toledo's former librarian) are his constant attendants.

The marriage of Miss Jessie Raitz and Mr. John Schuerman occurred Wednesday evening at the bride's home. The wedding was a very pretty one.

A daughter, Hortense Adelaide, arrived at the home of L. D. Shipman a week before Thanksgiving. They are receiving the congratulations of numerous friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Heston, of Detroit avenue, entertained about 50 friends last evening in honor of their wedding anniversary. The occasion was highly enjoyable.

The members of the Crescent club gave a merry dancing party Wednesday evening at Crescent hall, under the direction of Prof. Fredericks. The occasion was a pleasant one.

St. Mark's Sewing society will hold a "linen sale" at the residence of W. S. Daly, 211 Irving street, on Wednesday afternoon, November 30, from 2 o'clock until 6. The ladies of Toledo are invited to attend.

Mr. S. O. Baker, of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Goodsell, of Adrian, Mich., at the bride's home yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. The Toledo Mandolin club attended the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Baker will reside in Toledo.

Maumee Tribe, No. 47, Improved Order of Red Men, entertained their friends at a dancing party at Druid hall last evening. Credit is due the committee on arrangements, comprising Messrs. M. Vonpelter, Chas. Popp, Alex. Zingg, John Kams, and Wm. Huff, for the successful event.

Miss Maud Eley entertained, informally, last evening. The occasion was a pleasant one. Among the guests were the Misses Grace Quinn, Mauna Andrews, Pearl Leiter, Anna Weber, Belle Leiter, and Messrs. Ernst Torgler, Fred Robinson, Harry Bussell, Bert Orvis, and Sid Brough.

A quiet but pretty wedding occurred at the residence of Rev. Juerl, paster of the Vance Street German Lutheran church, yesterday afternoon. The contracting parties were Miss Louise Brink and Mr. Joseph Bitterly. A reception was held at Mr. and Mrs. Bitterly's new home, corner Vance and Division streets, last evening. Congratulations.

Mrs. Charles Pheart gave a prettily appointed reception Wednesday afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock. About 200 friends called and the event was highly enjoyable. She was assisted in receiving her guests by the Misses Sylvia Merrill, Daisy Bullard, Ada Ritchie, Grace Pratt, Florence Wynn, Mina Pheatt, Belle McKinnon and Gussie Walbridge.

The Jolly Dancing club celebrated their ninth annual party at Memorial hall last evening. There were about 800 guests present, who, judging from appearances, had a jolly good time. The reception committee comprised Theo. Bauman, J. H. Cook, J. J. Blaser, A. H. Pool and J. J. Shubeck. Floor committee—W. C. Braatz, J. Lutkins, E. Fahrer, F. F. Robedeau, J. W. Mitchell and R. J. Furrer.

Mr. Will Connelly entertained, Thanksgiving eve, at the residence of his aunt, Mrs. Backus, 111 Twelfth street. The house was beautifully decorated for the occasion. Among those present were: The Misses Ulrich, Parker, Ginbero, Getz, Cooney, Conlisk, O'Brien, Donovan, Gifford, Christie, Wright, Keenan, Keegan, McDonnell, Clouse, Bourrett, and Messrs. Clouse, Logan, Young, Laven, Donovan, DeVilbis, Edwards, Tongler, Durfee, Leening, Feeley, Stanley, Bodley, Kinney, Machen, Lyons and others.

Miss Marguerite Lehaney entertained a number of her friends at her home on Oliver street Wednesday evening, from 6 to 10, in honor of her 14th birthday. Among those present were the Misses Rose VanLoo, Agnes Kelly, Kittie Kelly, Lulu Dick, Ciska Brand, Emma Lehaney, Mary McNamee, Grace McNamee, Lulu Ziegler, Mary Stone, Bell Ziegler, Mabel Green, May Welch, Laura Wigand, May Wally, Olga Welker, and Messrs. Frank Ziegler, Gussie Ziegler, Harry Gill, Geo. Fox, Charlie Huber, Eddie Huber, Tom Cavanaugh, Joe Judge, Jimmie Judge, Peter McNamee, Leonard Rohr, George Morganthaler, John Eagan. The house was beautifully decorated with chrysanthemums and ferns. The evening was devoted to music and games, and an elegant supper was served. Miss Lehany was the recipient of many beautiful gifts.

Miss Nora Mutchler gave a charming dancing party Wednesday evening. The house was beautifully decorated with roses and hyacinths in honor of the event. Late in the evening an elegant supper was served and Miss Mutchler was voted a royal hostess. She received her guests in a handsome red silk. Among those present were: The Misses Gertrude Gifford, in a pretty pink crepe; Carrie Ruter, in a combination of black and yellow; Stella Breed, a gray princess gown; Lotta Cole, a charming yellow empire gown; Gertrude Ludlow, handsome pink silk; Minnie McCarthy, pretty pink silk; Lillie Munz, Josephine gown; Hattie Lovett, gray street costume; Bessie Gilbert, dainty red gown; Allie O'Bray, stylish brown street costume; Cora Mutchler, handsome blue silk; Minnie Dillon, white silk, and Blanch Hollaway, black lace, and Messrs. Clifford Haskins, Will Farnsworth, Charles Hattersley, Fred Chesbro, Chas. Johnson, Ed. Depenthal, George Brown, James Stark, Henry Needham, Bert Doremus, of Chicago; Will Brown, Rudolph Westmeyer, Chas. Friedman, Frank Chrissy, Walter Haskins, and Bert Hoag.

About Cloaks.

We can't tell you all about the many novelties we are showing. We can simply say that our variety is far larger than ever before, and we guarantee that no one names lower prices; and we extend to you a cordial invitation to look through our line.

LAMSON BROS.

BOLD ROBBERS.

Lima, O., Nov. 25.—(Special)—The residence of Judge McKenzie was entered at an early hour this morning and $200 worth of valuables taken. The thieves, to show their dare-devil spirit, went to the kitchen and cooked a good meal, of which they partook, and did not even neglect the wine cellar.

To-morrow
Cloaks.
Lamsons.

SOUTHERN TOURIST RATES

Via C., H. & D. and Cincinnati, the Great Through Line.

The usual winter tourist rates to southern resorts are now in effect via the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. R. The only direct route from Michigan and Canada via Detroit, Toledo, Lima and Dayton to Cincinnati and the sunny south. Tickets will be on sale all winter and will be good returning until May 31, 1893. Through sleeping cars on all night trains and chair cars on day trains. Three trains a day from Detroit and four solid trains daily from Toledo to Cincinnati. For rates, tickets and full information, call on or address any C., H. & D. agent, or E. O. McCormick, G. P. & T. agent C., H. & D., Cincinnati, O.

Correct Styles!
Correct Prices!
Popular Fabrics!

Can always be found in our Colored Dress Goods section.

Lamson Bros.

STAMBOUL'S TROT.

Stockton, Cal., Nov. 25.—On a kite-shaped track Stamboul trotted a mile in 2:07 1-2, with rain falling at the finish.

Never Buy a Towel

Until you have first seen what Lamson Bros. offer.

Buy handkerchiefs now at Connolly Bros'.

UNDERWEAR FOR EVERYBODY! AT LAMSON'S TO-MORROW.

For men's shirts go to Connolly Bros'.

BOTH FELL DEAD.

The Strange Fate of An Urbana Couple.

Urbana, O., Nov. 25.—Mrs. Maurer, aged 51, fell dead of heart disease in her cellar. Her husband, six years ago, fell dead with heart disease while playing with a band. She leaves a family.

Strictly Pure White Lead
is the Best Paint.

Care is necessary though, to obtain strictly pure, as the market is flooded with so-called Pure White Leads that in reality contain but very little white lead.

The following analyses of two of these misleading brands show the exact proportion of genuine white lead they contain. The analyses describe the labels and brands on the packages and give the contents as follows:

"Lion Brand White Lead. The side label reads as follows: "$100 in Gold. One hundred dollars in gold will be paid if the contents of this package is not pure. For whiteness, fineness, and covering properties it is unsurpassed by any other lead in the market. "Lion White Lead Works, Toledo, Ohio."

Materials	Proportions	Analyzed by
White Lead	12.78 per cent.	Manns &
Sulphate of Lead	3.35 per cent.	Tatarian,
Oxide of Zinc	25.50 per cent.	Chicago.
Barytes	58.39 per cent.	

"Masury's Railroad White Lead." White label, marked "Railroad White Lead, 25; pure; John W. Masury & Son, New York and Chicago, warranted superior."

Materials	Proportions	Analyzed by
Oxide of Zinc	55.70 per cent.	Ledoux & Co.,
Barytes	44.30 per cent.	New York.

We have a book which gives the analyses of eighty different misleading brands. If you are going to paint it will pay you to send for it.

It will only cost a postal card to get it, it may save you many a dollar.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.,
1 Broadway, New York.

616 Adams Street.

BUY A GENDRON
AND SAVE MONEY.

A Wheel that will stand Military Use must be a good one.

Don't You Know

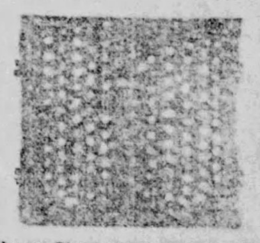
that you can secure almost immediate relief from Indigestion, and that uncomfortable fullness after meals, by simply taking a dose of Simmons Liver Regulator? Some people think that because it is called Liver Regulator it has nothing to do with Indigestion and the like. It is the inaction of the Liver that causes Indigestion, and that fullness; also Constipation, and those Bilious Headaches. Millions have been made to understand this and have been cured from these troubles by Simmons Liver Regulator—a medicine unfailing and purely vegetable.

From Rev. M. B. Wharton, Baltimore, Md

"It affords me pleasure to add my testimony to the great virtues of Simmons Liver Regulator. I have had experience with it, as occasion demanded, for many years, and regard it as the greatest medicine of the times. So good a medicine deserves universal commendation.

IRON WORK

SIDEWALK LIGHTS



GRATING

Columns, Lintels, Joist, Shutters, Doors, Stairs, Roof Trusses, Area and Stair Railing, Fire Proof Shutters, Doors, Floors and Ceilings, Catch Basin and Coal Hole Covers.

M. DONOVAN,
511 to 515 Water Street,
TOLEDO, OHIO.

Why Suffer

From Annoying, Itching, Scaly, Sore, Ichorous, Loathsome

SKIN DISEASES,

when you can obtain immediate relief by using

Heiskell's Ointment

This famous and infallible remedy thoroughly heals all those distressing conditions of the skin, without the aid of internal medicine. It also removes Pimples, Freckles and Sunburn from the face and hands, leaving the skin fair and healthy.

Sold by all Druggists, or sent by mail. Price 50 Cents per box.

Send for that valuable book,
"Hints for Kitchen and Sick Room," Free.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
621 Commerce Street, Philadelphia.

FOR THE THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS

There is no remedy equal to the scientific principles of Dr. Hart's cure for the above ailments. The best medical profession has tried and endorse it. It contains no opiates and leaves no bad after-effects. It is a safe and speedy cure for all ages. Sold by druggists. 25 cts. a bottle.

PREPARED BY
CARPENTER & FUNK,
TOLEDO, OHIO.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND

A recent discovery by an old physician. Successfully used monthly by thousands of ladies. It is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND, take no substitute, or inclose $1 and 6 cents in postage in letter, and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only. 2 stamps. Address POND LILY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Toledo by all wholesale and retail druggists.

AWNINGS
TENTS, FLAGS,
Binder and Stack Covers,
—
Horse, Wagon and Waterproof Covers.

BREYMAN BROS.,
46 AND 48 SUMMIT ST.

Lucas Bottling Work
PILSENER, LAGER,
EXPORT BEERS!
Ales, Porter, Stout and Mt. Clemens Artesian Water promptly delivered to families, hotels and trade in general.
ADAM ULLRICH
132 and 134 S. Erie St.
Phone 311

THE TOLEDO GOLD CURE INSTITUTE,

Corner of Summit and Madison streets, continues to do a successful business in eradicating all desire for Liquor, Opium and Tobacco, without danger or injury.

Parties residing outside the city should write for information respecting home treatment. Call or address TOLEDO GOLD CURE INSTITUTE, 34 Hartford Block, Toledo, O.

ASPHALT
—AND—
PORTLAND CEMENT WORK
For basements, cellars, stables, laundries, &c., laid and warranted.
SCHILLINGER BROS.
Works Lenk St. and Swan Creek.
Artistic and Architectural

FRANK W. KIBBE!
Teacher of Dancing,
318 AND 320 SUMMIT STREET.

Evening classes, 8 to 10; $6 per term of 12 lessons. Children's classes, Saturday afternoons from 2:30 to 4:30; $3 per term of 12 lessons. Private lessons by appointment. Office hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 5 daily.

FACE MASSAGE
Treatment of Hair and Scalp.

Facial Blemishes of every description permanently removed without the use of harmful compounds. The face treatment teaches one how to care for and keep the face free from imperfections. Superfluous hair permanently removed by electricity. Consultation free from 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. MRS. L. J. RAYMER, Dermatologist, 415 Twelfth Street. Treatment by mail.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

Sleepy.

If a man is drowsy in the day time after a good night's sleep, there's indigestion and stomach disorder.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

by removing the waste matter which is clogging the system, will cure all Bilious and Nervous disorders, and will quickly relieve Sick Headache.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St. 33

Every Month

many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try

Bradfield's Female Regulator

a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR

MENSTRUATION.

Book to "WOMAN" mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

MINES ON FIRE.

Raton, N. M., Nov. 25.—The Blossburg coal mines are burning. There are 100 men in the lower workings. It is thought some of them will be lost. Three hundred families are affected.

NORWALK FIRE.

Norwalk, O., Nov. 25.—C. J. Baldwin's grocery store was badly damaged by fire smoke and water this morning about 6 o'clock; origin of fire not yet known.

RE-INCARNATION.

Annie Besant's Views—Proof No. 2

The vegetable, the animal, the man, all show signs of the working of the "law of heredity," of the tendency of parents to transmit to their offspring peculiarities of their own organization. The oak, the dog, the man, are recognizable, under superficial divergences, all the world over. All are generated and grow along definite lines; from two cells, a male and a female each proceeds, developing along the lines of the parental characteristics. The offspring reproduce the specific parental marks, and however widely families of the same type may differ, we yet recognize the uniting peculiarities. We unite under the name of "dog" the St. Bernard and the toy-terrier, the boarhound and the Italian greyhound, as we unite under the name of "man" the Veddah and the Englishman, the Negro and the Rajput. But when we come to deal with intellectual and moral capacities, say in varieties of dogs and of men, we are struck with a significant difference. In the dog these vary between comparatively narrow limits; he may be clever or stupid, vicious or reliable, but the difference between a clever and a stupid dog is comparatively small. But in man how huge is the distance which separates the lowest from the highest, whether intellectually or morally: one race can only count "one, two, three, many," while the sons of another can calculate distances that have to be reckoned in light-years; one race counts it as filial virtue to slay its parents, or regards treachery as righteous, while another gives to Humanity a Francis Xavier, a Howard, a Lloyd Garrison. In man, and in man only, among all the races that people earth, do we find such great physical unity and such vast intellectual and moral divergency. I admit physical heridty as explanation of the one, but I need some new factor, not present in the brute, as an explanation of the other. Reincarnation, with its persistent intellectual and moral Ego, learning by experience, developing through millenniums, offers a sufficient cause; and a cause which explains why man progresses while animals remain stationary, from the mental and moral standpoint, save as artificially bred and trained by man. As far back as records reach, wild animals have lived as they live now, beasts of prey, herds of buffaloes, tribes of monkeys, communities of ants; they live and die, generation after generation, repeating parental habits, slipping along ancestral grooves, evolving no higher social life. They have physical heridity as man has, and their wonderful instincts show what it can do. But physical heredity does not—for it cannot—give them the accumulated experience which enables the persistent human Egos to climb onwards ever, building great civilizations, gathering knowledge, rising higher and higher, so that none can trace a limit beyond which Humanity cannot grow. It is this persistent element that is lacking in the animal and that is present in the man, that explains why the animal is stationary and the man progressive. There is no store-house for the experience gathered by the animal save as it modifies its physical organism, and so the experience thus physicalized becomes available for physical transmission: but man, storing the essence of his experience in the mortal Ego, starts life after life with this store in his possession, and so has the possibility of continued growth. For how can intellectual experience be transmitted, save by consciousness? Physical habits, which modify the organism, can be physically transmitted, as the tendency to trot in the horse, to point in the dog, and so on; in animals and in men alike, these facts are notorious. Equally notorious is the fact of the intellectual and moral stagnation of the animal as compared with the progressiveness of man. Another noteworthy fact is that no outside influence can impress on the brains of the lowest human races the elementary moral conceptions, which the brains of the more advanced assimilate almost immediately on presentation. Something more than the brain-apparatus is necessary for an intellectual or moral perception, and no training can give this something; training may render delicate the apparatus, but the impulse from the Ego is needed ere that apparatus can answer to the prompting from without. Nor does it tell against this truth that a European child, shut out of all human companionship, was found to be brutish and scarcely human on his release, for the physical organ needs the healthy play upon it of physical influences, if it is to be used on the physical plane, and if it is disorganized by unnatural treatment it cannot answer to any promptings from the Ego, any more than a piano, left to damp and rust, can give out melodious notes from its injured strings.

TO KEEP THEM AT HOME.

The German Emigration Bill is Very Hard to Beat.

London, Nov. 25.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Berlin says that the new German emigration bill compels all emigration agents to take out licenses and to submit their books to the government for inspection.

The bill prohibits the emigration of men between the ages of 17 and 25 who are liable to military service.

It also prohibits the emigration of Germans whose fares are paid by a foreign company or agent.

Several other stringent regulations are introduced, the purpose of which is to render emigration difficult.

CITY GAS PUMPS.

A Visit to the Van Buren Station.

Description of the Pressure-Raising Pumps.

The Buildings, Water Supply and Boilers Ready, and One Gas Pump Expected to Be Working Next Week.

A little busy Bee improved the cheerful hours of Thanksgiving day by making a trip to Van Buren and back, and while there paying a visit to the gas pumping station of the city of Toledo. The run of 36 miles was made in about an hour and a half, and through some of the best oil territory in the country. Now and again derricks by the dozen are to be seen from the windows of the car, on each side of the railway line, then whole villages of big Buckeye Pipe Line tanks, ranged along streets and alleys; also tanks of the Manhattan Oil company; and the pumping stations of both concerns close to the railroad. Occasionally there were to be seen flambeaux of natural gas blazing in broad daylight from the top of pipes standing perpendicularly a yard or two above the ground; and at Town Mills an oil fire was blazing beyond a strip of woods, being the destruction of waste oil run into a pond near several Standard wells. The country along the whole distance is generally flat and desolate, there being a remarkable scarcity of well tilled farms, and no settlements of any considerable size. The most noticeable is Cygnet, a close intermixture of derricks and dwellings. At B. & O. crossing there is a hamlet, and Van Buren is little more than a jumping off place, its chief interest lying in the pumping station being constructed for Toledo and that now in operation by the Northwestern Natural Gas company, about a mile east of the depot, and not visible from the railroad.

The city's gas pumping station is close to the railroad, on the east side of the track, and north of the public road that crosses it at Van Buren. The bit of land on which the buildings are erected is about two acres in extent, and cost the city $300. The contract for the pumping plant complete—buildings, machinery, water supply, electric light plant and all other necessaries—calls for $37,000; and is let to the Hall Steam Pump company, of Pittsburg. It stipulates that the plant shall be completed, and in running order, by the 27th day of November, which is next Sunday; but it will not be finished for a week yet, and then only one of the three pumps will be ready.

The two large buildings of the station are separate from each other, for the reason that fire must be used in one, and cannot be permitted in the other. The boilers, seven in number, are in the building to the south, and are all ready for use, the pipes having been tested to 60 pounds water pressure and water turned into four of the boilers; so that they can be fired at any time. There are two water pumps for the supply of the boilers, and two artesian wells have been sunk from which to procure water. One was first bored to a depth of 110 feet, the other 120 feet. A pump put into this latter well and throwing a two-inch stream for seven hours failed to lower the water. The first well was then bored 15 feet deeper, and is pronounced better than the second. There is also provided, in the rear of the boiler house, a large tank, with a supply of water, and a cistern is sunk between the two buildings, into which the condensed vapor from the escape pipes will run as water, and be pumped to the boilers. The two water pumps are put in so that one will be in reserve should the other by any means become disabled. The wisdom of this was seen yesterday. One had been fitted up and used in filling four boilers. Though it was drained after using, the water was again allowed to run back into it, and the hard frost of the past few days and nights formed a solid cake of ice in the box, and yesterday afternoon burst the cast iron casing as if it had been a mere nutshell. The fittings were at once taken off and placed on the other pump, and a new one will be sent for to replace the broken one.

In the north building, to which a steam pipe runs from the boiler house, the foundations are all laid for the three gas-pumping engines, and parts of one of these were placed in position yesterday, while a force of men were engaged in bringing other portions from the depot. Delay has been caused by the non-arrival of a bed plate, which it is desired to put in; but if this does not come at once the engine will be trestled up with brick and put in use, and the plate put in after the other engines are set and in operation. Operations have been somewhat retarded by a misfortune to Mr. Gerdes, who had the work in hand for the Hall company. Some days ago, while unloading heavy material at Findlay, he accidentally broke a leg, and is laid up at that town. His son, who has been with him on the work from the start, is doing all he can; but his orders and requests to the manufactory do not meet with the same prompt response that those of the father would command, and go through his uncle, who resides in Pittsburg, and is also connected with the company. The young man states that he will have one gas-pumping engine running by next Wednesday or Thursday, or on Friday at farthest, unless some unforeseen accident happens. He will put in gas lights and work both night and day forces in setting up the first engine. The electric light plant is on the way, and can be put in at the same time; and engine and light being ready, the first pump can be started, and the work of putting in the others proceeded with. He estimates that it will take about a week to set each, so that in three weeks the three of them will be all ready, and one, two or three used for forcing gas to Toledo for the use of the people of the city.

That the pressure can be increased by the pumping of gas has been proven right here in the city by the result of the Northwestern company's pumps. A gentleman who uses gas from its lines said last night that it had been getting pretty low, but since the pumps were put in the pressure was the same as it was when the lines were first laid. The average pressure at the city's wells is about 60 pounds; but when the gas reaches the consumers in the city it only has a pressure of about one ounce. The work of the gas pump is to draw the gas more rapidly from the wells, in quantity, condense its volume, and send it into the mains with a large increase of pressure. Of course the pressure from the lines feeding the pumps will thus be lowered, and can be reduced to zero; but while it lasts the work of condensing and increasing the pressure in the mains can go on. When a well's pressure approaches zero pumping from it can be stopped, and the pressure will rise again. Consumers of city gas in Toledo, instead of having a paltry ounce pressure, may expect with the beginning of next month to have it up to several pounds, and to enjoy the old-time gas fires with a quarter turn of the cock. The only question remaining is the very serious one of how long the wells will give gas with those two pumping stations drawing so liberally from the same territory.

SOUVENIRS.

Double Time at the Mint in Order to Get Them Out.

Philadelphia, Nov. 25.—The coining force of the United States mint has been divided into two shifts, and the work of coining the souvenir half-dollars donated by congress to the world's fair will go on night and day without intermission. About 30,000 coins can be turned out every 24 hours, and it is anticipated that not less than 200,000 will be ready for delivery by Wednesday next, the last day of the month. The total number to be coined is 5,000,000.

Written for the Bee.

ODE TO THE GODDESS OF LIBERTY.

A woman thou—in form and statue grand,
The glory of thy name thrills hearts in every land;
'Tis thou who represents a nation's boast,
Who clothed thee with such wonderous power
And set thee over all the cygnet of a mighty host?

"Frail woman," since the world began,
Thy weaknesses have been the theme of man.
If beauty in the marble carved is secret of thy power,
Then stone—not soul—is monarch of the hour.

The flag thou bearest in thy unmoved hand,
With standard far upraised above thy head,
Is borne by man o'er sea and land
Whilst thou, a lifeless statue, represent the dead.

Silent and cold thou art,
No throbbing pulse, no beating heart,
No throb of sympathy can move thy breast,
Nor strains of sweetest music break thy dreamless rest.

Why wast thou chosen for the better part
When all thy claim rests in a work of art?
Some poet's dream—that centered virtue in a wife
Clothed thy fair image with the sweetest boon of life.

And Love, the master of the human kind,
Worshiped thee, though deaf and dumb and blind.
Imagination gave the pedestal its charm,
And boasted chivalry bedecked the fair white arm.

O semblance of a sex most pure,
How long shall mockery like this endure?
If virtue is in the enshrined,
Condemn the slavery of thy kind.

Burst from the confines of the stone
And claim the freedom of your own;
Then with a banner broad and free
You will be Goddess of Liberty.

M. A. NOTEMAN.

THEOSOPHY

Said to Be the Religion of Jesus,

According to Alexander Fullerton, F. T. S.—The Grounds Set Forth in Two Parts.

At the request of several Toledoans, interested in Theosophy, the Bee prints the following, being the first part of a paper in the Path by Alexander Fullerton:

Part II.

The last part of the nineteenth century is much like the last part of the century preceding the mission of Jesus. Both are marked by intense earnestness in all that concerns purely material life, by selfish and hostile national policies, by a decay of the highest spiritual principle, and by a transmutation of such spiritual vigor as exists into assertion of religious dogmas and maintainance of ecclesiastical organization. But both are also marked by indictions of widespread unrest under the dominant religionism, of a suspicion that a different and more potent motive is needed for human melioration, of a growing distrust by the intellectual for conventional doctrine and of distaste by the devout for conventional morals. In both, moreover, we find a vague belief that some other system is about to appear in the world, some other light to shine in the darkness which shrouds so much of human life and thought and purpose. Is it strange, then, that these many analogies should find their culmination in the fact that in each case the system has actually appeared, the light has actually shone? If not, it can hardly be strange that the systems should be substantially the same, the light essentially one. Nor yet can it be strange that both should disclaim novelty, affirming again and again that they are but re-assertions of old and long-known truths, pointing out that there is no new way to happiness but that the only one has been obstructed, that resolution, not revelation, is what is needed for men's advance.

Some fifteen years ago rumors passed through the western hemisphere that a singular religious philosophy was emerging from the east, its immemorial home. In course of time more and more of its particulars reached the west, successive books presented it with more fulness, and copious literature now renders it everywhere accessible. It was known as Theosophy, or The Wisdom Religion. It was a universal or all-embracing Science for no truth was beyond its ramifications, but as a system of practical religious life it voiced these three very simple doctrines: First, that all men have a common Divine origin, and therefore are really a Universal Fraternity; second, that their elevation to the Divine is through a series of earth-lives during which every lower and selfish principle is to be overcome and the spiritual nature attain full sway; third, that the responsibility for action, and consequently for its award, rests on each man individually, inflexible justice determining his destiny and every part of it in accordance with his deeds. Theosophy asserted that these doctrines had been the property of man from his very origin, however at times obscured or forgotten, and that as they were carried out the reign of the Divine expanded. They met with no small welcome from the earnest and the devout, and rapidly spread through the reading world. Theosophy established no church, but formed a simple society for conference, mutual help, and the more systematic furtherance of truth. It disavowed all coercive or persuasive proselytism, providing only for the widest proclamation of fact, and leaving acceptance to the enlightened conscience of hearers. It insisted upon no one's abandoning his ancestral faith, but urged a loftier spirituality, a finer motive, a heartier endeavor. For its aim was not the upbuilding of a sect, but the renovation of a principle.

Some 1800 years ago rumors passed through Judea of the sermons and influence of a mighty Prophet. As he traversed the land and discoursed to its multitudes, his teaching unfolded itself more and more as a pungent appeal to the oldest of all truths and of all motives. Waiving secular and social problems as outside his range, he addressed himself directly to the spiritual instinct and forced home upon it the burning stimulus of eloquence and pathos. Reduced to its elements, this teaching was three-fold: First, the common Fatherhood of God and hence the common brotherhood of man; second, their restoration to the Divine likeness through the gradual triumph of the spiritual over the carnal nature; third, the rigorous application to human affairs of the principle that whatsoever a man sows that also shall he reap. He claimed no novelty in his instruction, asserting that such had always been the Law and the Prophets, but only that it had been overgrown with human invention, and that, to be once more active it must be purified and cleansed. To such straight-forward, vivid appeal the conscience of many responded, and these the Teacher associated with himself, giving them other teachers and providing for the circulation of truth through the world. Yet he established no ecclesiastical machinery, incited no crusade against existing creeds, and desired no accessions save from such as should "believe." For his aim was not the aggrandizement of a church, but the effectuation of a life.

If the record of his discourses had been contemporaneously and copiously made, our acquaintance with his doctrine, and particularly as it bore upon his own mission, would be far more exact. But all reports were of much later date, of somewhat uncertain origin, were fragmentary and incomplete, and have been unquestionably tampered with by subsequent transcribers. The attempt to treat the record as exhaustive is expressly reprobated by his own apostle (St. John 21:25), and the further attempt to educe from it a connected scheme of dogmatic theology is wholly to mistake its history, its genius, and its purpose.

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

FOR MEDICINAL USE
NO FUSEL OIL

This great medicinal whiskey is especially valuable for catarrhal colds, grip colds, and all pulmonary troubles. The grip is certain to appear again this season and a wise man or woman will ward off its approach. In no way can this be better done than by the use of this pure, malt whiskey, which is the best stimulant in the market. Do not let your druggist or grocer sell you any other whiskey which he may claim to be "just as good." It is not true. Send for pamphlet to,

THE DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO
Rochester, N. Y.

Yet its features are so distinct that it is not difficult to etch the main doctrines which Jesus held and taught.

First, then, He most explicitly held to the universal Fatherhood of God, a fact referred to over and over again, and pervading the thought of every discourse. Second, as its consequence, to the brotherhood of all men. The Parable of the Good Samaritan was given as a definition of "neighbor" in the injunction "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and thy neighbor as thyself" (St. Luke 10:27); and of this injunction he elsewhere says (St. Matthew 22:40) that upon it hangs the whole of morals and ethics. But the Universal Brotherhood involves the largest range of charity and kindness. "Love your enemies" (St. Luke 6:27). "All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them" (St. Matthew 7:12). Third, that verbal homage was worthless, only sincere service being acceptable. "Not every one that saith unto me 'Lord, Lord' shall enter into the kingdom of heaven, but he that doeth the will of my Father which is in heaven" (St. Matthew 7:21). Fourth, the precise return to every man of the exact value of his deeds. "With what measure ye mete, it shall be measure to you again" (St. Matthew 7:2). "Judge not and ye shall not be judged" (St. Luke 6:37). Fifth, the conditioning of the future existence upon the acts, not the opinions, in this. "If thou wilt enter into life, keep the commandments" (St. Matthew 19:17). Parable of the sheep and the goats (St. Matthew 25). "Ask and it shall be given to you; seek and ye shall find; knock and it shall be opened to you" (St. Matthew 7:7). Sixth, the abnegation of self as the essence of spiritual progress. "He that loseth his life for my sake shall find it" (St. Matthew 10:39). "Whosoever exalteth himself shall be abased, and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted" (St. Luke 14:11). Seventh, the absolute relentlessness of law. "Verily I say unto thee, thou shalt not come out thence till thou hast paid the uttermost farthing" (St. Matthew 5:26). "It is easier for heaven and earth to pass than for one tittle of the law to fail" (St. Luke 16:17). Eighth, the fact of reincarnation. "But I say unto you that Elias is come already, and they knew him not but have done unto him whatsoever they listed." . . . "He spake unto them of John the Baptist" (St. Matthew 17:12 and 13). Ninth, his own life as a model. "The Son of Man came not to be ministered unto but to minister" (St. Matthew 20:28). Tenth, the haven of ultimate rest to be as his, "That where I am, there ye may be also" (St. John 14:3). Eleventh, that his whole doctrine was the old heritage of man, not at all an inferior and unwelcome invention. "No man having drunk old wine straightway desireth new, for he saith, The old is better" (St. Luke 5:39).

If a Theosophist to-day was to preach to the multitudes as Jesus did, these would be the lines upon which his thought must run. He would, indeed, expound more fully the fact of reincarnation, for that is not now a common belief as in the time of Jesus (St. John 9:2), but otherwise the fundamental position, the motives appealed to, the method and process of spiritual development, the doctrine of the certitude of Karmic effects and of destiny as the alone determination of character, would be the same. Without any one of these truths, the others would be disconnected. Human fraternity, apart from the one origin, is a beautiful sentiment. Persistent effort, if any easier mode exists for surmounting the evils of the flesh and reaching the heights of immortality is a needless toil. The sowing of only good seed, apart from the certainty that whatsoever is sown shall be reaped, is superfluous caution. Indifference to life as compared with principle, but for the fact that other lives remain for experience and justification, might be recklessness. Cultivation of selflessness, if there is no evolutionary process by which the self is to be merged in the all, would be meaningless. Indeed, the whole teaching is so joined and braced together by the relation of its various parts that therein lie its unity and its consistency. Why? Because Jesus was a Theosophist.

Except for the unusual conjunction of words, there is nothing in this that need surprise. He expressly disclaimed originality—"My doctrine is not mine, but His that sent me" (St. John 7:16); and the very form of this declaration is the same that was used in all times by the messengers of righteousness out among men. He was but voicing the old truths, learned from the one source of all truth, as with the other great Teachers and Reformers of man. Who were his immediate preceptors must be mainly conjectural. Yet there are two probabilities which may give the clue. One is his membership in the reforming sect of the Essenes, a conviction reached by some of the most competent examiners into his habits, expressions, and affiliations. The other arises from the large part of his life unaccounted for. From the age of 12, at which time occurred the only recorded incident of his childhood, to that of 30, when his active ministry began, the narrative of the Gospels is void. That preparation for so exceptional a ministry consisted of 18 years of work as carpenter is incredible. Far more likely is it that he betook himself either to Egypt or to the group of Initiates understood to have then existed to the east or northeast of Palestine, even as St. Paul retired to Arabia for nearly three years before beginning his functions as Apostle (Gal. 1:17). It is even possible that he may have travelled to the home of the very Magi who had brought presents to his cradle (St. Matthew 2:11). In any one of these three regions he would have had the advantage of communion with and tuition from the highest spiritual authorities, and many of his recorded sayings would thus be explained. Now these authorities were all Theosophists, i. e., they held the very doctrines held by Theosophists now. If Jesus, as is probable, was their pupil, his identity of belief was most natural.

But we have looked thus far at little more than the ethical quality of his teachings. Yet behind and below them, their base and source and essence, are those everlasting principles of pervading law without which religion would be but a sentiment and ethics be destitute of the philosophy needed to make them stable. For the Universe is One, its varied life the manifestation of a single force, and he who would truly expound the nature of any part must know the unity of the law which reigns alike in all, determining the fall of the sparrow no less than the action of conscience in the soul. Modern science is steadily advancing towards that conception of unity, and even now hints that but one substance underlies the matter of its experiments, but one force thrills through the thousand activities in Nature. And this force, as the keen-eyed are perceiving, is no mere physical potency developing in matter, but an outcome from the ultimate home of Being, diffusing itself as it penetrates more deeply the material universe, but ever changeless in its nature and ever showing that the root of all natural law is spiritual law. And if the solution of all problems in all spheres is to be sought in the one principle which lies behind them, and if therefore a true religion must be a true philosophy as well, and if right thought and right aspiration and right living can come only from that perception of law which senses it as universal, we may expect to find substantial oneness in all religious teachings which have spiritual vigor enough to make them effective and scientific truth enough to make them lasting.

Students far advanced in occult learning, comprehending well that profound science of God and nature and man which for untold ages has been possessed in silence and by few, assert that the words of Jesus evidenced his initiation into the mysteries, his familiarity with the interior workings of the one life and law. In passages carrying but superficial meaning to the ordinary reader, they see that deep acquaintance with occult things which transforms them from mere ethical counsels into precepts embodying the philosophy of a universal knowledge. Therein they trace the differentiation into its thousand forms of the Akasa or original fount of life and light, the law of action and reaction as it sweeps from spiritual to material planes, the mighty fact of the evolution of the divine principle in man through all its function with lower elements till it merges enriched and ready for its permanent restoration, the upward trend of the whole universe as the spiritual impulse refines it for its future of unimaginable glory. But we, without that deeper insight, that knowledge transmitted from Initiates, can yet see in the story of Jesus something of the method and the doctrine which demonstrate his identity with them, and demonstrate also his hold of great truths which Esoteric Philosophy has always grasped and modern science is now suspecting.

"Except a man be born again," said Jesus, "he cannot see the kingdom of God." This is far more than a vivid metaphor of religious life. It is not even a mere assertion that there is an inflexible law of spiritual rebirth, the law that the carnal nature must be made to die and all vitality be translated to the Higher Self. It was the central doctrine, the culmination revelation, in the Eleusinian and other Mystries, the great disclosure to the chosen who had passed the lower Initiation and were then and thus admitted to the Epoptai. The use of the phrase showed a knowledge of the great Mystery, a knowledge, attainable only by the one path.

But the rebirth is only the beginning of evolution. Its end is restoration to unity with Godhood. Humanity can advance to Divine perfection. "Be ye therefore perfect," urged Jesus, "even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect." "Every one that is perfect shall be as his master." Modern Christianity, as well as all other religions disclaiming the old Esoteric doctrine, places the limit of human evolution short of Divinity. Jesus struck down that limit and cleared the way to union with the Divine Pleroma, restoring the original belief and placing himself among the Mas-

To the Divine vision purity is essential. It is "the pure in heart" who "shall see God." The soul spark must vibrate so high as to throw out all impurity of substance, and thus vibrate in unison with the highest Light called "Chrestos." Every dissonance from the lower passion or desire must fade out, till the upper principles, the Spiritual and Manasic, are in entire accord. Then, and not till then, as Jesus and all Initiates held, would come the beautific vision.

Jesus formed a chosen circle of inner pupils, and revealed to them his more recondite teachings. "When they were alone, he expounded all things to his disciples." "Unto you it is given to know the mysteries of the kingdom of God, but unto them that are without all these things are done in parables." All real Masters teach esoterically as well as exoterically, the interior principles, the true disclosure, being only for those tried and fitted to receive it. This was the uniform practice of those who had preceded him, it is conspicuous in the history of even the Philosophers of antiquity, and it is but the law understood in Occult Science from immemorial time. For the secret sense, not the verbal form, of all holy teaching, oral or scriptural, is that spirit which maketh alive, and this only the sympathetic could detect.

In the recorded career of Jesus, nothing, save his flawless character, is so conspicuous as his deeds of healing and power. That he controlled diseases, storms, and unseen spirits is detailed by each Evangelist. This record is susceptible of, and has received, two precisely opposite treatments. The one, the orthodox, regards it as demonstration of his Divine nature, considering it proof that he was incarnate God. The other, the rationalistic, regards it as illustrative of the universal love of the marvellous, manifesting itself along the lines usual in an uncritical age and when superstition was general. Yet is adhesion to either necessitated? Is there no middle ground between a theological inference and an historical denial? Theosophy proffers one at once. It holds that on the upward progress of man towards the Divine, as the Ego frees himself from fleshly bonds and learns the life of supersensuous realms, it acquires vast range of fact and power unknown to ordinary men, and, together with insight into Nature's mysterious forces, gains control of them. Fitted by discipline and character to wield powers, they are given it. Occasionally in history such exalted men may be discerned; recently, in the reawakening of interest and inquiry, abundant evidence of their present existence and capacities has been disclosed. To a Theosophist, understanding what are the genius and goal of spiritual development, there is nothing strange in the supposition that Jesus, evidently an Initiate, may have been a lofty adept, relieving at once both the ignorance and the suffering of his hearers. Exceptional Power is not an abnormal accompaniment to exceptional Wisdom. May it not be that the cordial recognition Theosophy gives to both can prove the meeting-ground of the antagonistic schools, and that the Rationalist may concede a fact unprovable by the conventional methods, and that the Orthodox may waive a dogma sustained only by tradition or by councils? And if the sacred figure of Jesus, no longer the center for inflamed contention or for sceptical indifference, should become the common reverence of sincere devotion and of intelligent belief, would not the dissolution of creeds and contentions in the presence of one great resolution to imitate his spirit and exemplify his ideal restore again the fraternity of his early followers and repeat the story of their zeal and their reforms?

The hopefulness of any missionary effort lies in the simplicity of its essential truths and the intensity of its unselfish aim. Theosophy has come to a very wearied humanity in a very hopeless age. The problems of life never seemed more insoluble, and the very question "Is life worth living?" is mooted around. The old stypics to thought are waived impatiently away, and theological balms have no avail. Men shake off dusty, threadbare dogmas, void of human interest or worth. Living issues, vital queries start up in every quarter. "What are we here for?" "What to do?"—these are the cries which pursue the thinker as he passes through the throng. Nothing that is flimsy or inconsequent, nothing merely hoary or traditional, will be accepted. Theory of the universe and of the world and of man must have some adequacy and some life. Theosophy meets these demands in full. Its exhaustless science gives limitless scope to the insatiate student, its disclosure of an infinite ascent thrills the spirit of the mystic, and the philanthropist finds in its doctrines of Karma and Reincarnation the implement for his work of social melioration. When the devout soul cries for some exemplar of faith and life, it points him to the great Teachers of humanity. Teachers fitted for their function through many aeons of determined progress, and shows how all have passed through one common experience,

S.S.S.

PURELY a vegetable compound, made entirely of roots and herbs gathered from the forests of Georgia, and has been used by millions of people with the best results. It

CURES

All manner of Blood diseases, from the pestiferous little boil on your nose to the worst cases of inherited blood taint, such as Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh and

SKIN-CANCER

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

50 BAGS
CALIFORNIA RAISINS!
7c Pound.

50 5 lb. PAILS
Bon Bon Baking Powder,
50c.

TRYON,
CASH GROCER.

drawn from one common source of illumination, and expound one common truth to the world. And so, whether the Teacher be named Jesus or Buddha, Confucius or Zoroaster, there pour through him the Divine light and the fraternal warmth which are the impulse to a reformed humanity, and wherever his true pupils disperse the message he enjoined, there spring up the same blessings which he himself conferred through Theosophy, the Wisdom-Religion.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

The American Delegation in Mexico.

The Travelers Given a Good Reception Across the Border.

City of Mexico, Nov. 25.—The delegates to the twentieth annual convention of the American Public Health association and International Health congress, to a total of nearly 300, arrived here to-day.

They were met by a local committee of prominent physicians and representatives of other callings headed by Dr. Eduardo Liceaga, and who extended to them a hearty welcome to the city.

The ladies of the party were taken in hand by a committee of American women now residing in Mexico.

The visitors are enthusiastic over the reception accorded them at Hot Springs, San Antonio, Zacatcas and Aguascalientes. There will be brief business sessions for several days, after which the delegates will make several side trips, and will also be received by Prident Diaz at the castle of Chapultepec.

THE BAKERS' DANCE.

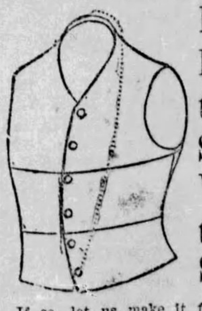
Speech by a Chicago Man—A Jolly Party.

Druid hall was crowded with happy dancers on Thanksgiving eve, the occasion being the ball given by International Bakers' union No. 66. There were more than 150 couples present during the night. Prior to the calling up of the dance program a speech was made by Mr. Richard Braunschweig, of Chicago, who came here some days before to reorganize the furniture workers. He is a general organizer for the American Federation of Labor, and a very earnest advocate of the rights of labor. He has some peculiar ideas, but no one who hears him speak can doubt that he honestly expresses his convictions. For instance, he expressed disapproval of the great meeting in Memorial hall on Tuesday night, because it was not confined to discussion of labor problems, without singing and recitations. He also disapproved of the principle of arbitration held by the Central Labor union, he being of opinion that labor must enforce its demands. Outside of these thoughts his speech on the benefits of organization was well received. It was delivered in German, most of the bakers understanding that language better than English, and preferring to hear an address in their mother tongue. During the evening the proposition was canvassed for the engaging of a German speaker at the next public labor meeting; also that German delegates in the Central Labor union be allowed to speak in the language in which they think, and that the same privileze be allowed to Frenchmen, Poles or Bohemians who cannot readily express themselves in English. The fear of a Babel is met by the argument that those who do not understand the language spoken can have it interpreted.

The ball program consisted of 26 numbers, most of them round dances. The only discomfort was the crowded condition of the floor; but everybody was jolly, and bore the jostling. Just before midnight Mr. Braunschweig made a short farewell speech, and was loudly cheered on leaving to catch a train for Cincinnati. Supper was served by Wm. Schmidt, after which dancing was resumed and kept up till far into the morning hours.

The committees had plenty to do, and did their work well. Messrs. Edward Schwagler, Robert Buerger and Fred Goecke were on arrangements; Messrs. Paul Beckerich and Fred Schroeder on reception, and Henry Seek and Louis King attended to the marshalling of forces on the floor.

KIRK'S
DUSKY DIAMOND
TAR SOAP
Healthful, Agreeable, Cleansing.
Cures
Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc.
Removes and Prevents Dandruff.
AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP.
Best for General Household Use.



Do you Intend to get a Silk Vest this Season?

If so, let us make it for you. We received this week several new shades of silk vestings which we will cut and make to your measure. A nice single or double for $3, $4, $5.

Other tailors ask you from $2 to $5 more for the same goods and make. Call and convince yourselves.

ATLANTIC PANTS CO.,
344 SUMMIT STREET.

The Mormon Elders' Book on Social Strength, mailed free to married men, address F. A. Crouch, 10 Grand St. New York

150 CUPS OF COCOA FOR 90 CENTS IF YOU BUY
Van Houten's Cocoa
—BEST AND GOES FARTHEST—
Unrivaled for Digestibility, Strength, and Delicacy of Flavor.
Perfectly Pure.

—"A bright home makes a merry heart"—
JOY TRAVELS ALONG with SAPOLIO.

It is a solid cake of scouring soap. Try it in your next house-cleaning.

All work should be so done as to give joy to the worker. Perhaps you have never felt joyful when cleaning house? You never will till you use SAPOLIO to assist you. House-cleaning has been revolutionized since housewives first learned its value. Why shouldn't you find joy in your work? All Grocers sell SAPOLIO.

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT
U.S. MAIL CHUTES
WHICH ARE
A NECESSITY IN OFFICE BUILDINGS AND HOTELS
Write to the sole makers,
THE CUTLER M'F'G CO., Rochester, N. Y.
PATENTED. AUTHORIZED.

Tri-State BUSINESS COLLEGE
Melchior Bros., Cor. Madison and Summit

Large, Larger, Largest.
Not only large, but larger than at any previous time and the largest in Northwestern Ohio, as many students as any other two schools. If our school is the preference of a very large majority of the public, why should it not be the preference of all? CAUTION: If interested, reader, look forward to success and you'll attend the TRI-STATE.

MODEL STEAM LAUNDRY!

J. H. WYLIE
PROPRIETOR

Perfect Work Guaranteed. Lace Curtains a specialty.

530 Cherry Street
CORNER HURON.
Phone 1015.

FOR SALE-HOUSES

$1,400—Ewing st., near Forrer, new cottage, 5 rooms, well and cistern.
$1,050—Forrer st., near Clark st., 4 rooms, good house and lot.
$650—Hoag st., near Washington, 4 rooms.
$1,300—Hoag st., near Washington, 7 rooms; two-story dwelling.
$1,100—Hoag st., near Washington; newly repaired, painted, papered, etc.; 5 5 rooms.
$1,000—Heston st., near Indiana ave.; 5 rooms, well and cistern.
$2,550—Knower st., near Maumee, two-story dwelling, cellar, well, cistern, Mantel, barn, natural gas, etc.
$1,850—Knower st., near Dix st., 6-room cottage, well, cistern, natural gas, etc.
$1,000—Maumee ave. and Prouty ave.; four rooms.
$1,000—Wambridge ave., near Summer; four rooms.
$1,400—White street, near Starr ave., six rooms, well, cistern, wide lot.
$1,500—Worthington st., near Mott ave., two stories, 7 rooms, well and cistern.
$1,200—Milburn ave., near Auburn ave., nice cottage, 5 rooms, cellar, well, cistern.
$1,900—Milburn ave., near Auburn ave., two story brick, 7 rooms, well, cellar and cistern.

A. E. MACOMBER & CO.
108 SUMMIT STREET.

Where Dr. Bigelow will be this Week and Next

City office Thursday, (Thanksgiving), also Friday; Hase House, Fostoria, Saturday; City Office Monday, 28th; Port Clinton office Tuesday, the 29th; Dr. Gorden's office, Tiffin, Wednesday, 30th; Bowling Green office Thursday a. m., Dec. 1st; Findlay office p. m. same day; Friday, Dec. 2, City Office; Saturday, Dec. 3d, Van Wert office. Monday, Wednesday and Friday, cheap days. Two good men always at City Office, 305 Summit street, Toledo, O. Telephone 1234.

Read Important Read

Dr. C. G. Clark, the Botanic Specialist, will not advertise much, but puts his money into fine medicines, and cures hundreds that are flocking to his parlors that have failed to get help elsewhere. He discards their injurious poisons, and cures with the Botanic Remedies.

Dr. Clark has cured many of the worst cases of female diseases without the knife, even Cancers and Uterine Tumors. Dr. Clark cures chronic diseases of the brain, ear, eye, nose, throat, lungs, liver, stomach, bowels, kidneys, rectum, blood and skin. Dr. Clark is the only specialist in the city for syphilis, gonorrhea, loss of manhood and female complaints. If you mean business call at room 6, 419 Madison street, Toledo, O. Consultation free.

MRS. M. PATCH, Sec.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs and Injections. They cure in 48 hours the same diseases without any inconvenience. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

WEAK MEN

INSTANT RELIEF. Cure in 15 days. Never returns. I will send (sealed) FREE to my fellow sufferers a prescription to enlarge small weak organs. A sure cure for Emissions, Lost Manhood, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc. Address
L. S. Franklin, Music Dealer, Marshall, Mich.

PROCLAMATION.

The qualified electors of the First Ward of the City of Toledo are hereby notified that an election will be held at the voting places as fixed by the Board of Elections for the election held November 8, 1892, in said First Ward, on
FRIDAY, THE 2ND DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1892,
between the hours of six o'clock a. m. and six o'clock p. m. of said day for the election of a member of the Board of Councilmen for said First Ward, to fill the vacancy in the term ending April, 1893, occasioned by the resignation of Charles Nuendorff.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D. 1892.
V. J. EMMICK,
Mayor of the City of Toledo, Ohio.
22nov9

PROCLAMATION.

The qualified electors of the Fourth Ward of the City of Toledo are hereby notified that an election will be held at the voting places as fixed by the Board of Elections for the election held November 8, 1892, in said Fourth Ward, on
FRIDAY, THE 2ND DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1892,
between the hours of six o'clock a. m. and six o'clock p. m. of said day for the election of a member of the Board of Councilmen for said Fourth Ward to fill the vacancy in the term ending April, 1893, occasioned by the resignation of John Daly.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D. 1892.
V. J. EMMICK,
Mayor of the City of Toledo, Ohio.
22nov9

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of November, 1892, the Memorial Baptist Church of Toledo, Ohio, filed a petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County, Ohio, being case number 33799, praying said court to grant authority to the trustees of said corporation to encumber lot sixty-three (63) of Fassett's third addition to the city of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio, in the sum of not more than $1,000 for the purpose of erecting a parsonage on said lot and that said case will be for hearing on and after the 5th day of December, 1892.
L. G. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for petitioner.

$10
STARTS A HOME!
—IN—
DETWILER'S
HICKS FARM
ADDITION.

We are selling beautiful building lots one block from Front street, opposite Rolling Mill, fronting on Mott avenue, Steel, Licking and Colorado streets, for $200, $250 and $300. Terms: $10 cash, balance $5 monthly. Will build house after $100 has been paid.

READ CAREFULLY

It may start you on the road to prosperity, as we have helped thousands of others during the past 20 years. We obtained this property at a low figure and propose selling some lots very cheap for a short time only.

REMEMBER

This property is within 15 minutes walk of the postoffice and property one block distant is selling for three times this price. Come early for choice.

I. H. DETWILER & CO
224 St. Clair Strt,
Open Day and Evening. Next to Postoffice

HOUSES FOR SALE
ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

$ 800—Empire street, near Adams street, 4 rooms.
$1,000—Wayne street, Air Line Junction, cottage 6 rooms, lot 30 feet front.
$1,000—Woodsdale avenue, new, 7 rooms.
$1,750—Indiana avenue, house 9 rooms and cellar.
$1,100—Park street, new house, 7 rooms; lot 30x120.
$1,550—South street, 9 room house, good well and cistern; lot 30 feet front.
$1,450—Broadway, new 7 room house in desirable location.
$1,100—West Washington street, 6 room cottage, lot 30x117.
$1,200—Gordon street, 6 room cottage, new and well built; lot 30x150.
$ 700—Enright street, Glassboro, cottage 5 rooms.
$1,100—Curtis street, 6 room cottage, lot 34 feet front.
$1,200—French street, East Toledo, corner property, house 7 rooms.
$1,600—Western avenue, 8 rooms, cellar, well and cistern, new; lot 30x150.
$ 900—Detroit avenue, 5 rooms, cottage.
$ 850—Indiana avenue, corner property, new cottage, 5 rooms.
$1,350—Bartlett street, cottage 6 rooms, new, lot 38 1-2x123.
$1,400—Germania street, cottage 6 rooms and cellar, lot 33x120.
$1,550—Western avenue, 7 rooms and cellar, lot 30x121.
$1,600—West Washington street, 8 rooms, cellar, well and cistern.
$1,750—Missouri street, new 7 room house, good neighborhood.
$1,250—Curtis street, 6 room house, well-built and modern.
$ 900—South street, 6 room cottage, lot 30x122.

MARKETS OF THE WORLD

Wheat Receipts Are Still Low in Toledo.

Comment From Across the Ocean.

Interesting Review of Trade Gathered for People Who Read the Always Busy Bee.

The receipts of wheat to-day at Toledo are 1,090 bu. less than on the corresponding Friday in 1891.

At seven western points the receipts of wheat are 374,885 bu. less than in 1891. The receipts of northwest wheat are 140,047 bu., and at five other western points 128,838 bu. less than in 1891.

We have ten cars of Kansas corn here this morning.

The London Daily News says: "Wheat prices have dropped to such a point that American wheat is underselling all other kinds in the English markets, the standard qualities, No. red winter, being sold at 27s 6d, whilst Indian wheat is 30s and California 33s."

The above is about a fair statement of the condition of the English markets, but it in no sense represents the quality and value of our best American red winter wheat. England does not buy that grade of wheat, and none of it is sent out by seaboard shippers. The "No. 2 red winter" so-called, is also called the New York standard, and is always a mixture of No. 2, No. 3 and lower grades. England knows nothing of the No. 2 red winter wheat of the western markets, which would outsell Indian or Russian wheats.

The key to the above conditions is, the speculative trading in this country in the No. 2 or contract grade of wheat, which maintains the price above an export value. When England wants a grade of wheat by which the miller competes with American millers, it can be obtained here in Toledo, and the identical wheat delivered.

The leading features in the wheat markets on this side of the ocean to-day are the free export movement, bad weather in the northwest, and light receipts. It will be seen by our analysis of receipts herein, that the movement is 374,885 bu. less than on the two days of last year. Of course this is to be expected, for the reason that our accumulations represent a previous movement greater than last year, but the price is low, if not cheap, and the woods are full of dealers who are waiting to get in before it is everlastingly too late. Prices have advanced to-day, and the wheat market has recovered all the loss of Wednesday and closes firm.

Corn has been as strong as wheat. Receipts for two days are considered light, and the market has followed wheat very faithfully, and closes with a good, strong advance.

In New York November wheat closed at 76 3-4c, a gain of 1c; December at 77 1-8c and May at 83 7-8c, a gain on each of 7-8c. November corn at 50 1-2c, a gain of 7-8c; December at 50 7-8c, a gain of 5-8c, and May at 53 1-2c, a gain of 1-2c. December oats at 36c, a gain of 1-4c.

In Chicago November wheat closed at 72c, a gain of 1c; December at 72 3-8c, a gain of 7-8c; May at 79c, a gain of 1c. November corn at 42 3-8c, December at 42 3-8c, a gain of 3-4c; May at 57 5-8c, a gain of 7-8c. December oats at 31 1-2c, a gain of 3-8c.

In Toledo—Compared with late conditions we have had a much more active market to-day for wheat futures and there has been a little of the old time spirit exhibited. Opening prices for May were 1-4c up, with lower sales later, but the close is at a gain of 3-4 all around. On the call May sold at 79 5-8. On the regular board December sold at 73 1-2 and closed at 74 1-4; May sold at 79 3-4 to 79 1-2 and closed at 80 1-2. Cash wheat was dull and neglected and the sales were quite light; No. 2 soft sold at 73 to 73 1-2 and at close 73 3-4 was asked; No. 3 soft advanced 1c. Sales at 66 1-2 and at close 67 was about the market. In the L. S. there were sales at 68; No. 4 soft at 60.

Corn—On the call No. 2 for May sold at 47 1-8c. On the regular board No. 2 at 43c; No. 3 at 42c; May sold at 47c.

Rye—No. 2 at 55c; No. 3 at 49c.

Clover seed was moderately active and about steady in price, with a small fluctuation in favor of sellers. Prime medium sold at $7.77 1-2; November at $7.77 1-2; December at $7.77 1-2; January at $7.82 1-2; February at $7.90; March at $7.95; No. 2 at $7.50 to $7.60; rejected at $7.25 to $7.00.

The receipts of wheat to-day at Minneapolis and Duluth are 940,459 bu an at five other western points 320,213 bu; total 1,260,672 bu. On the corresponding Friday in 1891 the receipts at the same points for the day as above were 1,555,557 bu, including 1,086,506 bu, leaving the movement at the five other western points 449,051 bu, compared with 320,213 bu to-day. The export clearances for two days at four Atlantic ports have been: Wheat 469,528 bu and flour to an aggregate of 650,000 bu. English markets are unchanged for wheat and corn.

Close in New York.

New York, Nov. 25.—Money loaned at 1@1 1-2 per cent. Exchange strong; posted rates $4.86@4.88 1-2; actual rates $4.85@4.85 1-4 for 60 days and $4.87 1-2@4.87 3-4 for demand. Governments steady; currency 6s 107 1-2 bid; 4s coup 111 1-4 bid; extended 2s registered 100 1-4 bid. The tone of speculation on the stock exchange was weak. Prices declined 1-8 to 1-2 per cent. during the first hour. In the hour to noon Rock Island recovered a small fraction and Consolidated Gas recovered 1 per cent. from the lowest point, selling at 125 1-2. At this writing the market is stagnant.

Flour dull and without important change; fine, $1.70@1.90; superfine, $1.90@2.00; city mill extra, $4.15@4.25 for West Indies.

Wheat opened firm and was firm on a moderate buying throughout the morning. Prices advanced 5-8c by noon. No. 2 red winter, cash, 76 1-8@77 1-8c; December, 76 3-4c; January, 78 1-4c; March, 81 1-4c; May, 83 1-2c.

Corn opened steady and advanced on a limited buying in sympathy with wheat, 3-8c by noon. No. 2 mixed cash, 50 3-4@51c cash; December, 50 1-2c; January, 51 1-2c; May, 53c.

Oats opened firm at 3-8c advance and continued firm; No. 2 mixed, cash, 35 1-2c; December, 35 3-4c; January, 37c; May, 40 3-4c.

Rye dull; quoted at 50@60c for car lots and boat loads.

Barley steady at prices unchanged.

Molasses dull; New Orleans, 30@35 for good to fancy. Sugar refined dull; cut-loaf and crushed, 5.31@5 1-2; granulated extra fine, 4.81@5; confectioners' A, 4.56@4 3-8; mould A, 4.94@5.1-8. Coffee firm; rio, 17 1-4@17 1-2. Rice dull at prices steady and unchanged. Pork quiet but firm; old mess, 13.50@13.75; new do, 15.50@14.75. Lard quiet but steady; January, 9.10 bid. Butter dull; creamery state best, 29@30; western separator extra, 31 1-2@32. Cheese in fair demand and steady; state factory full cream fall made, 10 3-4@11. Eggs dull; state new laid choice, 28; western, 26@27 for good to choice. Turpentine moderately active at 31 1-2@32. Rosin quiet; strained to good, 1.27 1-2@1.35. Tallow quiet but firm; prime city, 5 1-8. Petroleum dull and prices more or less nominal. Freights dull and unsettled, without material change.

Live Stock.

Cleveland, Nov. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 2 cars. Market steady on good grades of butcher steers; slow on common and thin cows and heifers. Good butcher bulls strong and in demand. Bologna bulls dull. Good milch cows strong, with demand not supplied. The market was steady at the following prices: Choice export steers of 1,450 lbs. and upwards selling at $4.35@4.75 per cwt., prime butcher steers of 1,200 to 1,400 lbs. at $4.00@4.25, do of 1,000 to 1,200 lbs. at $3.75@4.00, do of 950 to 1,000 lbs. at $3.25@3.50, rough, common and grassy steers of 1,000 to 1,200 lbs. average at $3.50@3.75, do 900 to 1,000 lbs. average at $2.75@3.25, good and choice heifers at $2.75@3.25, thin to fair do at $2.00@2.25, good to choice cows at $2.75@3.00, thin to common quality at $2.60@2.20, good fat butcher bulls at $2.50@3.00, common to good bulls at $2.00@2.25, bologna bulls thin to fat at $1.50@2.00, ——— family milch cows and calves at 30.00@50.00 each, common to good do at $20.00@35.00, springers and commons at $10.00@15.00.

Veal Calves—Receipts light. The market is steady to firm at quotations. Demand good and all offerings sold. Choice smooth and fat calves at $6.25@6.50 per cwt., common to good do at $4.50@6.00, yearlings and fed calves at $2.25@3.25.

Hogs—Receipts 1,300 head, shipments 820 head. Market steady and active at yesterday's quotations. Shipping demand was brisk and all offerings readily disposed of. Market closing firm. Selected mediums and heavies at $5.80@5.95 per cwt., corn fed Yorkers at $5.70@5.75, pigs at $5.25@5.50, roughs at $4.50@5.00, stags at $3.75@4.25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 2 cars. The market is slow at quotations. Choice grades of sheep of 90 lbs. and upwards at $4.10@4.25 per cwt., medium to good quality at $3.25@3.50, fair to medium quality at $2.50@3.75, culls to common grades at $2.00@2.25, good fat bucks at $2.25@2.75, common to good at $2.00@2.25. Lambs, choice grades of 80 to 90 lbs ——@5.25, fair to good quality at $4.25@4.75, common to fair at $3.50@4.00.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected daily at King's elevator.—Grain at the elevator—Red wheat, No. 2, new, 72c; white wheat, No. 2, 69c. Rye—No. 2, 51c. Corn—No. 2, 47c. Oats—White, 35c; mixed, 33c.

Provisions—(Corrected daily by Charles Meyers)—Very firm; pork, mess, $13 50 per bbl., short, $11 50; clear, $13 00; short clear, $14 50. Hams very firm; 18 lbs and over, 12c; 15 lbs average, 12c; 12 lbs. and under, 12 1-2c; shoulders, 9c; scarce. Breakfast bacon, clear, 12c; rib, 10c; smoked beef, 11c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 9c; by bbl., 8 1-2c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 9c; refined, 6 3-4c; 50 lb tins, 7c. Bacon side, 10 1-2c. Bologna, 6c. Barrel meats active. Calves, 6 1-2@8c bbl. Hogs—Good demand, 6@7c. All kinds smoked meats very firm but scarce.

Butter—Scarce and higher; Elgin creamery, 26@27c; gathered creams, 24@25c; fancy Ohio creamery, 23@24c, fancy northwestern creamery, 22@24c; fancy dairy, 21@22c; prime to choice, 18@19c; medium, 14@16c; common, 8@10c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4 3-4c per lb; country, 4c.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23c per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; 60@90c per bu; lettuce, 5@6 per lb; cabbage, $1 10@1 25 per bbl.

Vegetables—(Corrected daily by E. A. Rood)—Business good; demand for all vegetables active and improving. Prices on open market. Country orders are filled at higher prices. Potatoes, 68@75c per bushel; $1 85@2 00 per bbl.; new cauliflower, 60@$1 00 per doz; beets, 40c per bu; onions, 80@90c per bu; lettuce, 5@6c per lb; cabbage, $1 25@1 35 per bbl.

Apples scarce and high, 90@1 00 per bu; strictly fancy, $1 10 per bu; $2 75@3 25 per bbl.

Poultry—(Corrected daily by Fulton Market)—Dressed and live chickens, demand good; live, 8@9c per lb; dressed, 9@10c per lb; old, dressed, 8@9c; old, live, 8@9c; spring chicks, demand light; dressed, 9@10c; live, 7@8c; turkeys, dressed, 11@12c; woodcock, 30c each; partridge, 35c each.

Salt Fish—Mackerel—No. 1 large shore, per bbl., $22 00@24 00; No. 1 shore, $19 00@21 00; No. 1 medium, $17 00@18 00; No. 2 shore, $20 00@21 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 1 extra, $11 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 2 shore, $11 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 large, $9 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 small, $6 50; white fish, No. 1, per half bbl., $3 50; No. 2, $3 50. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 box herring, 22c per box.

Fresh Fish—Scarce; White (upper lake) 8c; No. 2 pickerel, 5c; herring, 2 1-2c; pike, 6 1-2c; pan, 2 1-2c; trout, 7 1-2c; soft, 3c; saugers, 5c; catfish, dressed, 7 1-2c.

Turpentine—Savannah quiet at 26 3-4c per gallon.

Lead—Standard trust, $7 00@7 50; colored lead, $6 00@7 00.

Eggs—Market firm; strictly fresh, 23@24c.

Oils—Ohio prime white, 6 1-2c; Ohio water white, 7c; Indiana prime white, 6 1-2c; Indiana water white, 7c; Michigan prime white, 7c; Michigan water white, 7 1-2c; Eocene, 8 1-8c; stove gaso, 7c; linseed oil, raw, 46c; boiled, 49c. These figures are for barrels. Lard oil, No. 1, 42c, extra, No. 1, 52c; extra winter strain, 64c.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@4c per lb; do screened, 4@4 1-2c; recleaned and hand-picked, 5c; white Virginia, 5c.

Coffees—Corrected daily by the Toledo Spice Co.—Green Rio, fair, 17 1-2c; good, 20 1-2c; prime, 19c; Green Santos, fancy, packages, 23 1-4c; Lion packages, 23 1-4c; Arlosa packages, 23 1-4c.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85@1 00 from store; flaxseed, $2 15@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Hay—(Corrected daily by Fred Adams & Son)—Choice timothy, $11 00@12 00; No. 2, $9 00@7 00.

Millfeed—Bran, $15 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $16 00; middlings, $18 00 and $1 00 more in sacks.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 00; spring family, $4 50@5 00; winter patent, $4 50@5 00; fancy, $4 75@5 00; winter family, $4 50@5 00; extra, $3 25@4 00; low grade, $5 25; $1 00 more in bags.

Salt—Michigan salt, 90c per bbl; eastern, $1 00 per bbl; Michigan on track, 85c.

Sugar—4 X Powdered, 5.73c; Standard Powdered, 5.29c; Cutloaf, 5.79c; Cubes, 5.29c; Fine Granulated, 5.17c; Standard A, 5.16c; Off A's, 4.75@4.92c; light Extra C's, 4.54@4.66c; Good Extra C's, 4.35c; Yellow Extra C's, 3.99c.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, 90@1 00 per gallon; active for all grades; maple sugar, 9@10c per lb. Syrup and molasses—Pure sugar white, 50@60c per gal; pure sugar dark, 20@25c per gal; white corn syrup, 20@35c per gal; New Orleans molasses, fancy open kettle, 65@75c per gal; New Orleans baking, 45@50c per gal; sorghum, 35@40c per gal.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 15@2 25; navy and medium, $1 85@2 00 per bu; western, $1 50@1 60.

Rice—Firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 4 1-2@5c; per lb; Japan, 5 1-2@6c; fancy head, Carolina, 6 1-2@7c. The foregoing are wholesale, not retail prices, which are fractionally higher.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Prints.

Pacific Fancy, 6c; Cocheco Fancy, 6c; Simpsons Fancy, 6c; Simpsons Fancy, 6c; Windsor Fancy, 6c; Allen's Fancy, 5 1-2c; Manchester Fancy, 6c; Hamilton Fancy, 6c; Hamilton Staples, 5 1-2c; American, 3-4 Indigo, 5 3-4c; American Shirting, 4 3-4c; Arnold "B" Indigo, 6c; Arnold "C" Indigo, 8c; Harmony Fancy, 4 1-4c; Hamilton Rep Robes, 6c; Pacific Robes, 6c; Allen's Robes, 6c; Allen's Patch Work, 5 1-2c; Allen's Pink, 6c; Allen's Purple, 6c; Hamilton Figured Red, 6c; Pacific Figured Red, 6c; Allen Figured Red, 6c; M. W. 4-4 Plain Oil Red, 10c; X Washington Oil Red, 8c; M. W. 8-4 Oil Red, 7c; S. 3-4 Oil Red, 6c; India Oil Red, 5 1-2c; Palermo Oil Red, 5c; Vienna Oil Green, Blue and Orange, 6c; Steel River Percales, 8c.

New concetts in silver—Cawood's.

Ginghams.

Amoskeag staples, 7c; Falcon staples, 6 3-4c; Normandie dress, 8c; Renfrew dress, 8c; Everett dress, 8c; Bon Ton dress, 7 1-2c; Beechwood dress, 7c; Hadley dress, 6 1-2c; Wellington dress, 6 1-2c.

Horse Blankets.

Kansas Square, 90c net each; Oxford Square, $1 00 net each; Berlin S Square, $1 10 net each; 5-A Trader Square, $1 20 net each; Plunger Square, $1 25 net each; 5-A Magic Square, $1 50 net each; 5-A Gold Wave Square, $2 00 net each; 5-A Trojan Square, $2 00 net each; 5-A Diamond Square, $2 25 net each; 5-A 306 Square, $2 50 net each; 5-A Norwegian Square, $2 75 net each; 5-A No. 51 Russian, $3 25 net each; 5-A No. 53 Russian, $3 25 net each; Arctic Cut, 90c net each; Hudson Cut, $1 00 net each; Albany Cut, $1 25 net each; 5-A 5-bale, $1 35 net each.

Tri-State, 12c.

Canton Flannels (Bleached.)

No 15 Tri-State, 6c; No. 25 Tri-State, 7c; No. 35 Tri-State, 8c; No. 45 Tri-State, 9c; No. 55 Tri-State, 10c; No. 65 Tri-State, 12 1-2c.

Colors.

No. "A" Browns and Slates, 9 1-2c; No. "C" Browns and Slates, 8c; Reds, Old Gold and Blues, 10c.

Table Felts.

All colors, 95c net.

Surah Silks.

All colors, 30c; Blacks, 30c; Blacks, 40c; Blacks, 50c; Blacks, 60c; Blacks, 75c.

Crashes (Unbleached.)

Cotton Twill, 4c; Cotton Huck, 4c; Cotton Birdseye, 4c; Pemberton, 5c; 14-inch linen, 4 1-2c; A A, 6 1-2c; A, 7c; P P, 7 1-2c P, 8c; N, 9c; N N, 10c; S R T, 12c.

Crashes (Bleached.)

Cotton Huck, 4 1-2c; Toilet Twill, 4 1-2c; Cotton Twill, 5c; "A" Linen, 8c; N Linen, 10c; Brittish, 10c; Brittan Twill, 12c; 348 Plaid Linen, 8 1-2c; 348 a Linen, 10c; Check, 8c.

Tickings.

No. 20 White Horse, 6 1-2c; Royal, 6 1-2c; No. "A" Oakland, 7c; No. 250 Oakland, 8c; No. 100 White Horse, 8c; No. 50 White Horse, 8c; No. 60 White Horse, 9c; No. C. C., Swift Mf'g. Co., 8c; No. S. S., Swift Mfg. Co., 9c; Fancy, Swift Mfg. Co., 10c; Appleton Fancy, 10c; A A A Lewiston Plaid, 10c; Immerial, 10c; No. 3 White Horse, 9c; No. 2 White Horse, 10 1-2c; No. 1 White Horse, 14c; Salem Fancy, 10 1-2c; S. S. Thorndyke, 12c; Victoria, 12 1-2c; 871 Fancy, 15c; 1074 Fancy 15c; H. C. White Horse, 15c; Zebra, 16 1-2c.

Wide Brown Goods.

10-4 Boston, 20c; 9-4 Boston, 18 1-2c; 8-4 Boston, 17 1-2c; 7-4 Boston, 15c; 45-inch Fairhaven, 9c.

Bleached Cottons.

Middlesex B H, 5c; One of The Finest, 5 1-2c; Diamond, 6c; Oak View, 6c; Harvest E, 6 1-4c; Golden Rod, 6 1-2c; Senator, 6 3-4c; Peanant, 7c; Pennant, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; Fearless, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; Capitol, 1-2 Dress Goods.

Angora Camlets, 10 1-2c; Zaara Melange, 10 1-2c; India Cashmere, 10 1-2c; Inverness 36 inch., 10c; Tokio Repps, 8 1-2c; Turners, 24 inch., 16c; Turners, 36 inch, 24c; Turners, 36 inch, 32 1-2c; 3-4 Real Lustre, 12 1-2c; Clam Tartans, 10c; Lawrence Fancies, 20c; 3-4 Poplin Lustre, 8 1-2c; Swiss Zephyrs, 7 1-2c; Arlesian Cords, 7 1-2c; Elder Downs, 37 1-2c; Cordovan Cords, 7 1-2c; Oxford 36 inch, Sackings, 20c; All Wool 28 inch, Sackings, 21c; Rocnadle 36 inch, Fancy, 40c; Camels 36 inch, Fancy, 35c; No. 415 All Wool 36 inch, Sackings, 45c; 1079 36 inch, Sackings, 37 1-2c; 50 inch, Broadcloaths, $1 00; 50 inch, 1600 Sackings, 47 1-2c; B. A. W. Cashmeres, 12 1-2c; "B" Cashmeres, 15c; N. C. Henriettas Black and Colors, 18c; M. C. Henriettas Black and Colors, 20c; 107 Henriettas Black and Colors, 25c; A. 10 Henriettas Black and Colors, 47 1-2c.

39 Inch Black Henriettas.

C C, 14c; Essex, 15c; S, 20c; E 5, 20c; XX, 25c; XXX, 30c.

Oriental, 40c; Red and Green, 35c; Plain Cardinal, 35c.

Cream Damasks.

No. 135, 35c; No. 142, 40c; No. 163 X, 45c; No. 221, 50c.

White Damasks.

No. 14, 37 1-2c; No. 24, 40 1-2c; No. 44, 50 1-2c; No. 76, 60 1-2c; No. 98, 65 1-2c; No. 102, 75 1-2c; Red Border, 33 1-2c; 50 1-2c; No. 50 1-2c; No. 76, 60-1-2c; No. 102, Red Border, 35 1-2c; Red Border, 40 1-2c.

"A" Chambrays.

All colors, 10c.

Seleslas.

2 X, 8c; 3 X, 9 1-2c; 4 X, 11c; 5 X, 12 1-2c; 77 Fancy, 12 1-2c; 92 Fancy, 12 1-2c; 226 Fancy, 16c; 95 Fancy, 16c; 216 Fancy, 22 1-2c; Percalines, 12c; Cambrics, 4 1-4c; Paddings, 9c.

Linen Canvas.

Tri-State, 8c; Household, 8c; Alabamas, 7c; Eagle & Phoenix, 6 1-2c; Southern, 4 1-2@5c; Edinburg, 8c; Greenville, 6c.

Denims.

York Fancies, 12 1-2c; York Blue and Brown, 12c; Everett Blue and Brown, 12c; Andover Blue and Brown, 11 1-2c; Columbian Blue and Brown, 10c; 12-ounce Blue and Brown, 14 1-2c; Arlington Ducks, 15c; Somerset Blue and Brown, 10 1-2c.

Brown Sheetings.

Great Falls E, 6 1-2c; Cabot A, 6c; Piedmont, 5 3-4c; Tri-State, 5 1-2c; North Star L L, 5 1-2c; Glenmore, 5 1-2c; Henderson A, 5 1-2c; Henderson C, 4 1-4c; Norwood X X, 5 3-4c; Household A A, 5 1-4c; Lawrence L L, 5c; Favorite L L, 5c; Harper L L, 4 3-4c; Cast Iron, 7 1-2c; Constitution, 9-8, 7 1-4c; Constitution, 4-4, 6 1-4c; Dwight Star, 6 3-4c; Atlas O N B, 6 1-2c; Columbian Tower, 6 1-4c; Cambria No. 1, 5 3-4c; Good 100 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 10 1-2c; 200 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 12c; 300 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 14c.

Corset Jeans.

Victoria Black, Slates and White, 7c; Conestoga Browns and Slates, 6c.

Crinollnes.

Alton 10-4, 75c pair; Atlantic 10-4, 75c pair; Arabian 10-4, $1 50 pair; Amsburg 10-4, $1 00 pair; Ansonia 10-4, $1 20 pair; Alhambra 10-4, $1 40 pair; Adine 10-4, $1 40 pair; Bradford 10-4, $1 80 pair; Pacific Scarlet 10-4, $2 50 pair; Beacon White 10-4, $2 25 pair; Globe 10-4, $2 50 pair; Devonshire 10-4, $2 75 pair; Forest City 10-4, $2 75 pair; Forest City 10-4, $3 00 pair; Manitoba 10-4, $3 75 pair; Columbia No. 100 11-4, $4 50 pair; Columbia No. 200, 11-4, $6 00 pair; St. Joaquin 11-4, $5 25 pair; D Valley 11-4, $6 50.

Comforts.

"D," $7 00 net per doz; E E, $8 00 net per doz; J H, $9 00 net per doz; V E, $12 00 net per doz; N, $12 00 net per doz; O E, $13 50 net per doz; X, $15 00 net per doz; 33, $17 00 net per doz; 50 S F, $18 00 net per doz; H-4, $19 00 net per doz; 55, $20 00 net per doz; C-6, $24 00 net per doz; P-8, $30 00 net per doz; Bunting Comforters, $15 00 net per doz; Crib Comforters, $9 00 net per doz.

Canton Flannels (Unbleached.)

No. 10 Tri-State, 4 3-4c; No. 20 Tri-State, 5 1-2c; No. 30 Tri-State, 6 1-2c; No. 40 Tri-State, 7 1-2c; No. 50 Tri-State, 8c; No. 60 Tri-State, 9c; No. 70 Tri-State, 10c; No. 80 Bleached, 7c; White Squadron, 7 1-2c; Rosalind, 7 1-2c; Fauntleroy, 8c; Four Seasons, 8 1-4c; Silver Queen, 8 1-2c; Lonsdale, 8 1-4c; Fruits, 8 1-4c; Lonsdale Cambrics, 10c.

Shirtings.

R, 5 1-4c; Newmarket B, 5c; Grafton A, 4c; Archery Bunting, 4 1-4c; Tennis Flannel Value, 5 1-2c; Household G G, 5 1-4c; Niobe Ing, 4c; Wassue Bunting, 3 3-4c; Peri, 3 1-4c Anchor Drill, 6 3-4c; Piedmont, 6 1-4c.

10 Days.)

Stark A, $19 00 per bale; Railroad, $17 50 per bale; Amoskeag, $16 00 per bale; Eureka, $15 50 per bale; White Wadding, 25c per doz; Black Wadding, 20c per doz; Linen Collar Canvas, 16@20c per yard; 4-ply Cotton Twine, 200 per lb.

Battings.

16 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c per lb; 12 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c per lb; 10 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c; 16 oz. Superion, 8c; 16 oz. Magnetic, 10 1-2c; 16 oz. Page, 8c; 16 oz. Maumee 8c; X X Case 100 roll, $7 50 per case; X X X, Case 100 roll, $8 50 per case; X X X X, Case 86 roll, $9 50 per case. Floor Oil Cloths (in 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4.)

No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 25c; No. A, 21c; No. B, 19c; No. 2 Rugs, 35c; No. 3 Rugs, 30c.

Wide Bleached Goods.

10-4 Boston, 22 1-2c; 9-4 Boston, 20c; 8-4 Boston, 18 1-2c, 8-4 Boston, 15c; 5-4 Boston, 12 1-2c; 45-inch Newmarket, 10c; 45 inch Newmarket, 9c.

46 Inch Black Henriettas.

No. 1200, 65c; 1300, 67 1-2c; 1400, 70c; 1500, 75c; 1600, 77 1-2c; 1700, 80c; 1800, 82 1-2c; 1900, 85c; 2000, 92 1-2c.

Plain Red Flannels.

No. 1200, 55c; 1300, 57 1-2c; 1400, 60c; 1500, 65c; 1600, 70c; 1700, 75c; 1800, 77 1-2c; 1900, 80c; 2000, 87 1-2c.

Silk Warp Henriettas.

No. 100, 72 1-2c; 110, 77 1-2c; 130, 82 1-2c; 140, 87 1-2c; 160, 92 1-2c; 170, 97 1-2; 27 inch Black Mohair, 25c; 46 inch Bedford Cords, 37 1-2c.

Draperies.

Bengall, 12 1-2c; Punkah, 8c; Polka Spot, 6 1-2c; Windsor, 25c; Kremlin, 25c; Fontainebleau, 25c; Rugby, 20c; Tudor, 20c; Boulevard, 20c; Huron, 18c; Suburban, 18c; Plantagnet, 18c; Derby, 12 1-2c; Marathon, 12 1-2c; Beranium, 12 1-2c.

3-4 Cream, 6c; 3-4 Bristol, 8c; Anawan, 10c; Orion, 12 1-2c; Dakota, 15c; Marigold, 15c; Norfolk, 20c.

Siberia, 27 1-2c; Farmers, 30c; C M, 30c Excelsior, 35c.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 5@5 1-2c per lb; evaporated, 7 1-2@8c; peaches, pared, 15@20c; fancy, 18@22c.

Cheese—New York full cream, 12 1-2@13 1-2c per lb; Michigan full cream, 10@10 1-2c per lb; Young America, 11@11 1-2c; fancy Schweitzer, 14 1-2@15c per lb; twins, 11 1-2@12c per lb. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; western, 23@33c; foreign, 63c per lb.

BUY THEM NOW.

While the stock is complete. We will lay your selections aside for you until Xmas. The goods were never more beautiful and the prices are very reasonable. But remember it's at Powell's "big bargain sale," 330 Summit, between the transfers.

Warm gloves, mitts, kid gloves. Connollye'

Cloaks, Furs.

Buy to-morrow at LAMSONS'.

Underwear and Underwear. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Fur muffs, children's sets. Connolly Bros.

Holiday Umbrellas.

The new goods are here. Buy now, while the assortment is complete. LAMSON BROS.

"Furs"—Capes—Muffs—Boas—
A great selection at Neuhausel Bros'.

ALONG THE GREAT LAKES

Efforts to Release the Steamer Matoa.

The Marina and Mesaba Will Aid in the Work.

Late Vessel Passages Through the Straits and Rivers—General Mention.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 25.—A special to the Press from Ashtabula Harbor says that the stranded steamer Matoa will probably be released soon. Her cargo of ore is being thrown overboard.(The sea has calmed down and the steamer has stood the great strain well. The Marina and Mesaba of the same line, are on hand to pull her off the bar.

The Crossings.

Lime Kilns, Nov. 25.—Down—Tercee and barges, 10:40 last night; Wallula and consort, 2:30 a. m.; Atmosphere, Groton, Transfer, 3; Vail, Vulcan, 5:10; Lindsay, 5:30; Tilley Merritt, 6:40, Escanaba, 7; Missoula and consort, Servia, Moravia, 7:50; Tuttle, Marengo, 10; Wallace and consort, 10:30.

Up—Craig and consort, 10:3 0last night; Oneida, 11, Osceola, 1 a. m.; Hackett and consort, 1:40; Roumania, Barium, Hodge, 2:30; Forest City and consort, 3:30; Hoyt and consort, 5:30; Grand Traverse, 6; Seneca, 9:40; Harlem, 10.

The Soo.

Sault Ste Marie, Nov. 25.—Down—Nyanza, 10 last night; Australasia, Tasmania, 2:30 a. m.; Onoko, 3:30; Louisiana, 6; Germanic, Hutchinson, Morley, 10. Wind northwest, light, colder.

The Straits.

Mackinew, Nov. 25.—Down—William Chisholm, 10 last night; Street, consort, 7:20; Argonaut, 8:30.

Up—Maytham, 10:40 last night; Wyoming, 5 a. m.; Kaleyuga, consort, 7; Veronica, 7:40. Wind northwest, light, mild.

Port Huron.

Port Huron, Nov. 25.—Down—Vulcan, 11 last night; Flint, 11:20; Tuttle, Queen City, Snook, 11:40; Baldwin, barges, midnight; Huron City, barge, 2 a. m.; Mike Groh, 3; Van Allen, consort, 4:30; Manola, 4:40; Fletcher, barges, 5:10; Shupe, Rochester, 5:40; Averell, Lowell, barges, 6; Corona, Westford, barges, 6:30; Fedora, 7; John Moore, 8:30; Nashoto, 9; E. M. Peck, 9:20; Paris, Empire, barges, 9:30; Emery, Owen, Michigan, 10; Rosedale, 10:40; John Eddy, 11. Up—Hiawatha, consort, Lyon, 11 last night; Shrigley, 12:30 a. m.; Devereux, Wolf, 6; Flower, 6:30; Pere Marquette, five, 7; Frost, 7:30; Oneida, 10; J. P. Clark, barges, Oscoda, 10; Craig, Alverson, 10:30.

Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Vesselmen were generally holding their boats to-day and if grain rates do not improve most of the fleet now in port will not make another trip. One agent with same tonnage offered to place it at 2 1-2 cents for corn, but without offers.

Duluth.

Duluth, Nov. 25.—One charter for wheat to Buffalo was made this morning at 2 3-4 cents. The demand for boats is light but agents are trying to get 4 cents.

Buffalo.

Buffalo, Nov. 25.—A large fleet is in port undecided whether to take coal to Chicago and Milwaukee or go into winter quarters here. It will depend on rates and weather.

The Montmorency.

Port Huron, Nov. 25.—The deck load of lumber on the barge Montmorency, which stranded above Lyn's range lights on the Canadian side yesterday, is being thrown overboard. Two tugs are trying to get her afloat before another gale sets in.

Ice in Mud Lake.

Sault Ste. Marie, Nov. 35.—Ice two inches thick has formed in Mud lake, and down-bound boats will have hard work to get through. The schooner Glenora arrived here at 10 o'clock this morning. She has three feet of water in her hold and a cargo of wheat badly damaged.

Most Men and Women

suffer needlessly. A disordered stomach, constipation, gout, rheumatism and kidney disease, can positively be avoided by the careful use of the genuine Carlsbad Sprudel Salt. Beware of imitations.

DEMENTED IN A STRANGE TOWN.

Wapakoneta, O., Nov. 25.—Monday night a well dressed stranger alighted from a passenger train at this place and immediately began antics at the depot which demonstrated that he had, at least temporarily, lost his mind.

He asked for Fourth street, and being informed that there was no such street here began running around the depot. His ravings finally became such that he was taken to the lockup, where an investigation revealed the fact that his head was badly injured, as if from a blow. He was removed to the jail, where medical aid was summoned. He remained totally insane until yesterday, when he recovered sufficiently to be sent to Cincinnati, his identity being revealed from cards on his person as Albert Hading, member of the Amalgamated Business Association of Cincinnati. How he received his injuries is a mystery.

Ladies' Wool Skirts.

The largest line at LAMSONS'.

Look through our line of —Handkerchiefs— Hdkfs. for everybody—Neuhausel Bros.

THE PRINCE OF WALES SMOKES.

DURHAM BULL

FOR OVER 25 YEARS THE LEADING SMOKING TOBACCO.

TRY IT

SMOKING TOBACCO

is not like other kinds. It has peculiar fragrance and peculiar flavor. Its peculiar uniformity always gives peculiar comfort, and has made it peculiarly popular. Sold everywhere. Made only by

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO., Durham, N. C.

SATURDAY SHOPPERS

Come in the morning, before the rush comes on. Beautiful goods arriving daily at Powell's, 330 Summit st., between the transfer stations.

They Are Here.

The Holiday Fans. Larger line—finer goods—more artistic decorations. OH, THEY ARE BEAUTIES! Be sure and see them. LAMSON BROS.

To-morrow buy cloaks at Connolly Bros'.

Our line of "Cloaks" is again full; great lots of new garments just opened. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

DIED.

KELLY—Friday, Nov. 25th, 1892, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of his parents, 1961 Warren street, Fred H. Kelly, son of Theodore and Minerva Kelly, aged 25 years. Funeral Sunday, Nov. 27, at 2 o'clock from the residence.

HENNESSEY—Thursday, Nov. 24, 1892, at 1:15 p. m., at the residence, 325 Nebraska avenue, Ellen Henressey, aged 71 years and 3 days. Funeral from Father Hannin's church Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. p

SKAHILL—John, son of Thomas and Ellen Skahill, 817 John street, East Toledo, Thursday, Nov. 24, 1892, aged 50 years. Funeral from the Good Shepherd church at 9 o'clock Saturday morning. Friends invited. p

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—A HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS: modern conveniences; rent $13.50, on Dorr street, No. 645. Inquire 2d door, Mrs. Holland. p

WANTED—WOMAN EXPERIENCED IN sickness to care for an invalid lady. Address K. 55, care Bee. p

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 135 11th st. 25nov2p

LOST—A YOUNG IRISH SETTER DOG, color red; had new leather collar on. Any information thankfully received by F. C. Arnold, care Smith, Simmons & Peabody Co. 25nov3p

FOR RENT—VERY REASONABLE TO satisfactory applicant, a nice basement and second floor, partially furnished; every convenience; no

The Toledo Bee.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper, it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

TOLEDO, OHIO, NOV. 25, 1892.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN IN CAPACITY of news agent on railroad trains. Apply to Union News Co., Pennsylvania Depot. 23nov2

$5 TO $15 PER DAY AT HOME SELLing Lightning Plater and plating jewelry, watches, tableware, etc. Plates the finest of jewelry good as new, on all kinds of metal with gold, silver or nickel; no experience; no capital; every house has goods needing plating. H. K. Delio & Co., Columbus, Ohio. 22sep 1mats

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMEN TO sell Baking Powder. We put our goods in Glass Rolling Pins. $60 month salary and expenses, or 25 per cent. commission; good side line; if you want a job, write; send stamp for reply. Chicago Baking Powder Co., 707 Van Buren street, Chicago. 5nov1m-p

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must bring references. 213 17th street. 21nov6p

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 510 Front street, East Toledo. 23nov4p

WANTED—GOOD WASHER AND ironer Monday and Tuesday; steady place. 2108 Collingwood. 21nov6

WANTED—GOOD GIRL; ONE WHO is neat and good cook; good wages and no laundry work. 2108 Collingwood avenue. 21nov6

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GIRL for general housework; small family; good wages paid. Mrs. L. K. Parks, 907 Grand avenue, corner of Lawrence avenue. 21norGp

WANTED—A GIRL AT 1449 HURON street for general housework. 21nov6

WANTED—A NURSE TO TAKE CARE of baby 2 months old; middle aged woman preferred. Address K. 41, Bee office, giving address, terms, etc.; must give good references. 14nov-tf

LADIES MAKE $20 A WEEK WHO write for us at home. No canvassing. Reply with addressed and stamped envelope. Woman's Co-operative Toilet Co., (Incorporated) South Bend, Ind. 29oct26

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1415 Adams st. 27oct-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, organs, horses, cattle, wagons, etc., without removal and on satisfactory terms; partial payments received deducting cost pro rata. All business strictly confidential. Lucas Loan Co., Room 3, Trinity Block, corner Adams and St. Clair. Entrance on both streets. 1nov-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—I BUY TIME and negotiate loans on household goods, pianos, organs, etc., without removal, on reasonable terms; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata. G. E. Knapp, Lock Box 288. nov-21-to-jan1p

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, from one to ten years; interest payable annually, with privilege of paying any part or all of the principle at any time. For further information call on or address L. Vanderburg, 37 Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, Ohio. 30oct1yr

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM AND CITY property at six, seven and eight per cent. S. G. Southard, Room 11, Gardner Place, corner Superior and Madison. 27feb1y

MONEY TO LOAN—ON REAL ESTATE only, in large or small amounts at low rate of interest; can arrange to make partial payments if desired. 512 Madison street. T. S. Merrill. 30aug1yr

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, Room 2, Worthington Block, Adams and Superior streets. 16may-tf

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

HOUSE FOR RENT—10 ROOMS, FURnace, large brick barn. 1432 Huron street. 18nov6p

FOR RENT—BUTCHER SHOP, WITH tools, counter, etc., cheap; good location. Apply at 605 Lafayette street. 18nov6p

FOR RENT—HOUSE ON WEST WASHington street, new, modern, complete, and cheap, $25; house on Locust, 12 rooms, modern, $25. W. L. Holbrook. 18nov6

FOR RENT—THREE ELEGANT SMALL stores on Bancroft st., opposite the Smead Foundry and Toledo Meat Wheel Works. Good location for dry goods, boot and shoe store, tailorshop, barber shop and cigar store. Inquire at Smead Foundry, or Isaac D. Smead, 129 Huron st. 11nov-tf

FOR RENT—A NEAT COTTAGE ON E. Bancroft st., near Vermont ave. (No. 175), at $10 per month. Chas. J. Kirschner & Co. 7nov3

FOR RENT—HOUSE NO. 527 BROADway, near Union Depot; has eight rooms, both kinds of gas, well, cistern and river water; $18 per month. Enquire at McCormicle's Music Rooms, 414 Adams street. 31oct-tf

FOR RENT—HOUSE 439 DORR STREET, 10 rooms, natural and artificial gas, at $20 per month. E. M. Beard, 21 Drummond Block, Madison street. Phone 302. 26oct-tf

FOR RENT—MODERN HOUSE, NINE rooms, (newly decorated), every modern improvement. No. 1704 Monroe street, $30 per month. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 27sept-tf

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE HOUSE, NO. 1704 Monroe street; all modern improvements; possession Oct. 1st. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 27sept-tf

FOR RENT—LARGE BRICK HOUSE OF ten rooms; water, gas and natural gas connections. No. 1818 Adams street; rent $33.33 per month; key at Drug Store corner Adams and Warren streets. D. C. Hart, Agent. 30aug tf

FOR RENT—STABLE ON OTTAWA street, now occupied by Michigan Lake Ice Company. Apply to W. H. McLyman. 14oct-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN LADIES' FINE Hand Turned Button and Lace Shoes; extra special on A, B and C lasts. Henry Egley, 117 Summit. 23nov3

WE INVITE ALL LADIES DESIRING dressmaking done to call on Miss Taylor, 810 Madison; prices reasonable; good fit guaranteed. 21nov6p

MISSES' DONGOLA AND MISSES' GOAT Button Shoes in old pairs for 75c and $1 per pair; this is less than cost. Egley's, 117 Summit. 23nov3

WANTED — CARPET WEAVING, rugs and rug fringe can be done on short notice at 839 Broadway. Carney & Longmore. 21nov6p

GUITAR AND BANJO TEACHER—MRS. R. Thompson, 1849 Erie street, between Ash and Buckeye streets. 19nov6p

CISTERNS AT LOW PRICES; WASHING Machines $3.50. C. H. Atkinson, 448 Euclid avenue, East Toledo. 19nov6p

BOYS' BUTTON AND CONGRESS SHOES, leather counters, innersole and outersoles, to be closed out at $1 per pair, at Egler's, 117 Summit. 23nov3

TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC—HAVing purchased the "Wauseon House," which I have styled "Hotel Central," and furnished as a first class hotel, I would be pleased to have my old friends and others give me a call. J. C. Blair, Wauseon, O. (Formerly of Central House, Delta.) 18nov12

FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS insurance and real estate. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 New Bee Building, first floor. 5dec-tf

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A MARried man; can do any kind of work; can give best of references. Address K. 21, care Bee. 21nov2p

WANTED—SITUATION BY A MARRIED man; can do any kind of work; can give best of references. Address K. 5, care Bee. 21nov2p

WANTED—PLACE FOR A BOY OF 15, at any kind of light work. Address K. 50, care Bee. 21nov3p

FOR SALE.

AUCTION—TWO ELEGANT PIANOS, 6 stoves, 6 bed room suits and bedding, 20 carpets, folding bed, etc. Market Space, Sat. Nov. 26th, 10 a. m. W. G. Alexander, Auct. 19nov6

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—FIVE room cottage near Western avenue; electric light and cars; natural gas, good neighborhood; rent pays 14 per cent. Corke y Bros., 4 Darst Block, 416 Adams. 22nov6

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—THREE acres of ground, including house, etc., in Wauseon, Fulton county, O. For further particulars inquire of Aaron Chesbrough, care Chesbrough Bros., corner Oak and Water street, Toledo, O. 19nov6p

GOOD HORSE FOR SALE, AT A BARgain, suitable for buggy or any kind of delivery; gentle; fair traveler, not afraid of any kind of cars; will stand anywhere. Address or call 16 John street, near Franklin avenue. 23nov5

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE FOR SALE—F. J. Reynolds, Esq., authorizes us to offer his beautiful residence on Madison street, corner 21st. He desires to sell before the completion of his new one on Collingwood avenue. It is complete in every respect and no expense has been spared in making the interior perfect, so far as modern improvements are concerned. An unusual opportunity is here offered and permission to inspect can be obtained from us on short notice. Geo. E. Pomeroy & Son. 19nov8

FOR SALE OR RENT—SALOON and grocery; one of the best places on Lenk's Hill. Address K. 48, Bee office. 21nov6p

DO YOU WANT A HOME? I HAVE three more handsome cottages on Nevada and Nasby streets, East Toledo, within one square of Raymer street school. These cottages will please a woman. They are finished nicely, well, cistern, etc. Will rent or sell on monthly payments. Can give you a bargain. Come and see me, J. W. Gunnels, Room 7, Merchants' National Bank Building, corner Monroe and Summit sts. 19nov6p

FOR SALE—A FINE NEW COTTAGE and one or two lots, with well, cistern and outbuildings, on Alva street, West Toledo, between M. C. R. R. and Detroit avenue; two blocks north of Cherry street cars, nearly opposite Lenk's Winery. Inquire on premises. W. W. Hoag, owner. 18nov6p

ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS—THE NEATest house in the city for sale on Acklin avenue, near Parkwood; grates, mantles, mirrors, sewer and very complete; price $2,500. W. L. Holbrook, Gardner Place. 18nov6

FOR SALE—A NEW TWO-STORY house on Missouri street, near Hoag, just completed; will sell on long time, monthly payments; low rate of interest. D. Robison, jr., & Sons, Summit and Madison sts. 15nov12

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—RESIdence No. 2153 Ashland ave., with all modern conveniences; located on two car lines; D. Robison, jr., & Sons; Summit and Madison sts. 11nov-tf

FOR SALE—A NEW ORGAN, WHICH will be sold for less than manufacturers' price; time given if desired; any church, society or private parties thinking of purchasing will do well to investigate. Address L. W. Isherwood, Bee office, or call at Bee office and I will show it to you. 31oct-tf

FOR SALE—A FINE KENTUCKY SADdle horse; good under saddle or in harness; can be seen at stable of A. W. Ballard, on Bancroft street, between Lawrence avenue and Monroe; price $250. Isaac D. Smead, owner. 30sept-tf

FOR SALE—$20,000 STOCK OF THE Findlay Brewing Co. Enquire of M. M. Epstein, 1014 Superior street. 19aug-tf

FOR SALE—THREE LOTS ON MAPLEwood, on the west side, between Virginia street and Delaware avenue. Enquire B. F. Wade, St. Clair street. 20july-tf

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT RESIdence on the corner of 22nd and Madison streets, lately the home of M. J. Enright. Enquire of Scribner & Hurd. 22aug-tf

FARM LANDS, IMPROVED AND UNimproved, for sale in Hancock, Wood, Ottawa and Henry counties, Ohio, and Lenawee county, Michigan, in lots to suit, and at reasonable terms. The Dewey Stave Company, Room 48, St. Clair Building, Toledo, Ohio. 6aprlyr

AGENTS WANTED.

SALARY OR COMMISSION—TO AGENTS to handle the Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The most useful and novel invention of the age. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent. profit. Agents making $50 per week. We also want a general agent to take charge of territory, and appoint subagents. A rare chance to make money. Write for terms and sample of erasing. Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., Box 879, La Crosse, Wis. 25nov1m

WE OFFER AGENTS BIG MONEY, IN exclusive territory. Our sales sell at sight in city or country. Agents first in field actually getting rich. One agent in one day cleared $91.50. So can you. Catalogue free. Address Alpinb Safe Co., No. 369-371 Clark Street, Cincinnati, O. 1oct13sat5

WANTED—AGENTS AND CANvassers; household article; quick seller; good pay; write for circular and terms. Address Morgan Mfg. Co., Kalamazoo, Mich. 21nov3

WANTED—TWO ACTIVE, ENERGETIC female agents to sell an article that ladies need. You can make big pay for light work. Room 6, 419 Madison street, Dr. C. G. Clark. 13sept-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LAST TUESDAY, AN OLDstyled pin, Topaz set with pearls, one pendant. Finder please return to this office and receive reward. 22nov2p

LOST—CHILD'S CLOAK PATTERN ON Summit street between Neuhansel's and Harley's; papers were also inside. Finder please return to Bee office and receive reward. 22nov3p

LOST—WHITE FOX TERRIER; black spot over each eye; answers to the name of Kate. Liberal reward for the return to James T. McGuire, 935 West Bancroft. 21nov6p

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FLATS TO RENT—IN "NORRIS FLATS," Ontario, near Monroe, one English basement, six rooms, $20, suitable for a physician; one main floor, independent porch and hall, six rooms, main floor, $30; one second floor, 7 rooms $25. Bath rooms and halls to all, and all new and in perfect order. Apply to F. J. Scott, Hotel Madison. 12oct-tf

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE. Enquire at Singer Mfg. Co., 606 Adams street. 4oct-tf

ELEGANT SUITE OF THREE ROOMS in Hotel Madison, main floor, now occupied by F. J. Scott and wife, will be let, furnished, during three or four months absence of proprietor. The rooms are a large front parlor, sitting room and bed room, and a smaller bed room. Apply to the subscriber or wife, or to W. O. Field, manager at the hotel. Frank J. Scott. 22nov.w

WANTED—BOARD AND GOOD ROOMS for gentleman and two ladies; private family preferred, in good quiet part of the city. Address price, etc., K. 54, Bee office. 23nov3p

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms. Enquire at 907 Washington street; also a splendid heating stove for sale cheap, same place. 21nov6p

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; two large pleasant rooms en suite, for light housekeeping; also room with fire, suitable for two gentlemen. 28 Ontario street, near Monroe. 21nov6p

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room, with outside door, about two blocks from Union Depot; gentleman preferred; reference exchanged. Inquire 110 Williams street. 18nov6p

FOR RENT—STORE NUMBER 320 MONroe street. Enquire at store. 28sept-tf

FLORIDA AND THE SUNNY SOUTH

Via the Big Four Route.

To all persons contemplating a southern trip, the Big Four offers special attractions and advantages possessed by no other line. Solid vestibuled trains, heated with steam and equipped with palace sleeping cars, reclining chair cars and elegant parlor cafe dining cars run daily, making connection in Central Union Station, Cincinnati, with through express trains of the Queen & Crescent route, Louisville & Nashville, Kentucky Central and Chesapeake & Ohio railways, avoiding the tedious transfer necessary via other lines, and affording practically through train service to Old Point Comfort, Ashville, Chattanooga, New Orleans, Savannah, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Tampa, Indian River, and all the winter resorts of the south. Tourist tickets via the Popular Big Four Route at special low rates are on sale at all coupon ticket offices throughout the country. Ask the agent for tickets via the Big Four Route. D. B. Martin, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, Cincinnati, O.

The greatest pain-annihilator of the age is Salvation Oil. It always cures.

To pass the winter season comfortably avoid colds; use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

KICKING THE LEATHER.

Toledo Y. M. C. A. Loses to Ann Arbor High School.

The Way in Which Foot Ball is Played.

The Game is Becoming Popular Here—Yesterday's Games in Toledo and Other Places and the Results.

There is no doubt about it, foot ball is rapidly coming to the front as the national game and base ball is being relegated to the back stairs. Base ball is a good game, allow that, but it is hard to work up enthusiasm when one knows that not one of the players belong to the city they represent, and then, too, are paid for the interest they take. In foot ball it is different. It is root hog or die. The game is becoming popular in Toledo, as it is immensely so in the east. The attendance yesterday at the Y. M. C. A. and the Ann Arbor high school game was very large.

All that the word "football" suggests to many people is a black rubber ball, kicked helter-skelter by a lot of "hooting hoodlums" who might better be "sawing wood."

The impression is wrong. In the first place, the football is oval in shape and is made of pigskin; besides it is only occasionally that the ball is kicked. It is handled a score of times to its being kicked once, and not a word is permitted except the signal. Originally in the scientific game there were 15 players on each side; now there are 11, viz.: Center rush, right and left guards, right and left tacklers, and rushers, quarter-backs, right and left halfbacks and full-back. The field is 330 by 160 feet. The rushers and end men, guards and tacklers of one team form a line opposite corresponding players on the opposing team, the center rushers being flanked by the others. The quarter-back is just in the rear of the center rusher. The two half-backs are on either side and in the rear of the quarter-back, while the full-back is between the half-backs. The full-back is exactly what his name indicates. His position corresponds at certain stages of the game with the goal guard in polo. The two goals are at either end of the field, and are similar to those used in the old game of lacrosse. It is the business of each eleven to get the ball through the other's goal above a definite height.

If the Toledo team is playing against the Ann Arbor team the Ann Arbor men face Toledo's goal, and in order to advance the ball toward that goal it is necessary for the Toledo men to break through the Ann Arbor line. Say that Toledo has possession of the ball at the beginning of the game by a toss. It is customary for the Toledo center rusher, in order to put the ball in play, to merely touch it with his toe and pass the ball to another, who attempts to advance it a few feet over the line before he is tackled and downed by the Ann Arbor men, or frequently a wedge or V is made.

Probably the center rusher is put at the apex of the wedge; the quarter-back is in the middle with the ball surrounded by the guards and tacklers. The wedge advances like a battering ram into the opposing team, but just as the wedge advances the center rusher picks the ball from the ground and passes it to the quarter-back, who, just before the rush comes, frees himself from the wedge and runs with the ball, guarded by one of the backs, for all he is worth, around the opposing team and toward the opposing goal.

In the meantime is is the Toledo men's business to make their opponents believe that the ball is still in the wedge. The skirmish goes on while the Toledo man with the ball is encircling the field. Of course, all teams are equally acquainted with the wedge, and know what to look for. However, by slightly varying the technicalities the wedge is worked to great advantage nowadays.

When the man with the ball is successfully tackled by the other side and brought to the ground it is termed a "down." In a flush the sides are lined up on both sides of the spot where the "down" was made. The ball is not in play until some player, generally the center rusher, snaps the ball back between his legs to the quarter-back, who generally passes it on to one of the half-backs, who tries to advance the ball by running forward with it under his arm. A neat bit of strategy is sometimes practiced here by one of the end men running in the opposite direction across the field, adroitly taking the ball from the half-back, who continues running in his own direction until tackled by the other men. He fails, and it is not until then that the other side discovers that he is not the man who has the ball.

In the meantime the end man has perhaps made a good advance before he is tackled by the other side of the field. On the fourth "down," however, if the Toledo men have failed to advance the ball five yards—the field being marked out in five-yard lengths—the ball goes to the opposing team, whose center rusher snaps it back to his quarter-back in the same manner as just described. Of course, it is the business of the center rusher, as soon as he has snapped the ball back, to keep the opposing center rusher on his own side of the line. It is the same with the guards, tacklers and end men. Each man fights to keep his opposing man from getting through his "rush line," as it is called. But the rules of the American Intercollegiate association disqualify a player for "unnecessary roughness," hacking, or striking with closed fists.

When 165 yards or more is gained by Toledo it takes the ball to or beyond the goal line of the opposing side. This is called a "touch-down," which scores four points. Then the ball is brought into the field on a line parallel to the side boundary line. The ball is brought in as far as desired to make the best range possible for kicking the ball between the goal poles and over the connecting pole.

The most accurate kicker of the team then takes careful note of just the spot where the ball must be kicked in order to send it through the goal. If the goal is successfully kicked, the ball is brought to the middle of the field. The ball goes to the losing side, which begins the play again by a "kick-off," or sometimes with a wedge. In 40 minutes from the start, the referee blows his whistle and the first half is over.

In 10 minutes the second half has begun, with the possession of the two goals reversed. Sometimes one team may be forced back to its own goal, and to prevent the opposing sides from making a "touch-down," the goal guard receives the ball from another player on his side either by a pass, kick or snap-back. He touches it to the ground back of his own goal line. The ball is then taken back 25 yards from the goal and put into play by the other side. This play is called a "safety," and counts the opponents two points.

It is called a "safety" because the closing side considers it safer to make that forfeit of two points than to run the chances of the opponents making a "touch-down" and kicking a goal, which counts six points. There is only one other possible score. It is made when a goal is kicked from the field and counts five points. If the play is successfully made a single time by a team in a season, the man who made it is lionized for the remainder of the year.

Ann Arbor was too much for Toledo yesterday, as they won with a score of 28 to 4. The teams were lined up as follows:

Toledo.	Position.	Ann Arbor.
Art Brayman	right end	Tom Parmalee
Frank Ayres	right tackle	C. Vosburg
Joe Taylor	right guard	B. A. Parsons
Will Fraser	center	Percy Evans
Will Carew	left guard	Fid Farnham
Earl Warren	left tackle	P. Farnham
Dan Moore	left end	C. Eighman
Willis Upp	quarter back	L. Norris
R. Carew	left half	C. H. Ferbert
Bert Whitney	right half	E. McAllister
Curly Mills	full back	I. Duffy

Toledo put up a good fight, but they were out-matched. There was some lively playing, however, and it was exciting at times. Moore played a great game and only stopped after being twice laid out. The third time he was carried from the field by six players and laid out to revive on a pile of overcoats. No one was injured, but several had their wind punched out or were knocked useless.

In Other Places.

New York—Yale defeated Princeton 12 to 0.

Detroit—Pullman 2, M. A. A. 2 (darkness).

Chicago—Boston 18, Chicago 12.

Kansas City—Kansas 12, Missouri 4.

Nashville—U. N. C. 24, Vanderbilt 0.

Milwaukee—U. W. 6, Evanston 20.

St. Louis—University eleven 6, Passimes 4.

Denver—Denver 36, Golden 4.

Louisville—Louisville 6, Sewanee, 6.

Cincinnati—Center College 36, University of Cincinnati 0.

Pittsburg—Toronto won from Pittsburg.

Champaign, Ill.—U. of I. 28, Chicago University 12.

Omaha—Iowa 10, Nebraska 10 (darkness).

THE U. S. COMMISSION

Of Fish and Fisheries Discovers, Officially,

A New Fish in Lake Erie—A Genuine Fresh Water Sculpin, Miller's Thumb or Star Gazer.

The following letter was received yesterday by J. E. Gunckel, commodore and fisherman:

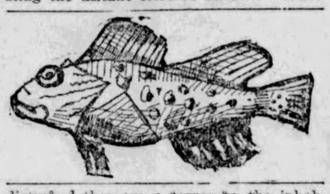
U. S. Com. of Fish and Fisheries,
Put-in-Bay Station, Nov. 18, 1892.

J. E. Gunckel, Toledo, O.:

Dear Sir: I will be glad to assist you in the collection of any odd forms of fishes which may be difficult to find in your locality, and which may be attainable here. I found a Star Gazer, Miller's Thumb, or Fresh Water Sculpin, here after the big blow of October 28. The first I ever saw in Lake Erie or its tributaries. I sent it to Washington.

Yours very respectfully,
J. J. STRANAHAN,
Supt. U. S. Fish Hatchery.

Relative to this strange fish, Mr. Gunckel says: "It is a callionymoid fish, having at an angle of the preoperculum a strong compressed dentate spine, and of the Sculpin tribe, all of which are of ugly spine, unshapely, with very large spiny head, wide mouth, comparatively slender, tapering body and irregularly mottled coloration. This species found in our fresh waters is known as "Miller's Thumb," due to the fancied resemblance of the head to the form of a miller's thumb is popularly supposed to assume from the frequent sampling of meal with the hand. The "Star Gazer" is the name given this fish by marine men, from the fact that on a clear night, with the stars shining brightly, "the fish will gaze the night through," occasionally emitting a peculiar sound of satisfaction, much resembling the distant cries of an owl. When



disturbed they are a terror to the inhabitants of the deep. This may be the first "Fresh Water Sculpin" (for this is the real scientific name) the U. S. commission may have noted officially, but it was not the first taken from the waters of Lake Erie. I recall an incident.

The yacht Shamrock was anchored one pleasant summer evening where the lazy swells sleep, lulled by the idle air, in Put-in-Bay. It was a perfect summer's night; the stars shone with that brilliancy of a northern clime. The captain, crew and invited guest, G. Willis Morse, had retired about 8 o'clock. No night watch was necessary. About midnight Captain Charles W. Klauser was awakened by strange, unearthly sounds, which he soon discovered came from under the quarter deck. The sounds were heard distinctly above the billows as they broke on Gibraltar's strand. The captain was frightened, and then and there originated his Columbian yell, which awoke G. Willis Morse, who appeared on deck in an instant, attired in a Napoleonic suit. They glided about the yacht on tip toes, barely spoke above a whisper. They listened, and when quiet was restored the deep, wailing sounds greeted Morse's ears, who stood like a Schlosser statue. Tremblingly he said: "I have traveled through western wilds; have horse-backed over the Ozarks; have been at Marengo park, but I swear I never heard anything like this before."

"This thing's haunted," replied Capt. Klauser, who immediately aroused his crew, and at the first opportunity lowered the dingy, and, without a word to Morse, quietly left the yacht for safer quarters at the Bebee. G. Willis Morse, in his time, has had many varied experiences, and when forced to face the inevitable, proves to be a very brave man. He lengthened the anchor chain, permitting the yacht to drift several feet. The water was unusually clear, and at the depth of eight or nine feet the smallest pebbles were magnified ten-fold. "A sure sign," says Rear Com. Tracy, "of an east wind within 12 hours." After some little time, carefully tracing by the sound from the object, Morse discovered, lying flat upon the gravelly bottom, one of the oddest looking fishes mortal eyes ever gazed upon. Taking three hooks, tying them together, then spreading them apart, by careful manipulations managed to capture it. The moment the fish landed upon the deck Morse disappeared below. Although a small, brown-colored fish, and as ugly as sin, it could produce more new sounds and guttural warbles than a Comanche Indian. It could balance on its tail, leap across the deck with one bound. When Morse again returned on deck it was gazing at the stars and "singing as this fish only can," and so long as it was left undisturbed seemed contented to stare at the stars. No effort was made to kill it, in fact Morse was afraid of it, and waited patiently until daylight, when Captain Klauser and his crew returned.

G. Willis Morse was found intently watching the sky, his eyes fixed upon the stars. Nothing could change him. He was locked up by a spell, the sculpin had charmed him, and not until the hot rays of an August sun and the removal of the Miller's Thumb did Morse come to himself. He was then newly surnamed "Napoleon the Star Gazer," and to this day is known as "Nap."

THANKSGIVING DINNERS

Will be made more than ever memorable with the assistance of the Martha Washington cook-book, which is sent free to any address on receipt of 10 cents in stamps by E. O. McCormick, G. P. & T. Agent Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad, Cincinnati, O. The C., H. & D. edition of the famous cook book contains 320 pages of old and tried recipes, fully illustrated. Be thankful, too, that the superb train service of the C., H. & D. via Cincinnati to the south make a journey to the milder climates of southland comfortable and pleasureable.

And as pretty as if it cost $10, although it was only her old grey serge dyed a stylish navy blue, and worn with a cardinal silk vest made out of the last year's blouse and dyed over. Not only that, but the beautiful bunch of tips in her hat were old faded grey feathers dyed over into new ones.

She began it all just to see if DIAMOND DYES really would do all that people said. She had no faith in home dyeing, and sending it to a dyer's was so expensive—but once begun, she did not stop until she had an entire new outfit, and now even the children's old cotton school dresses and faded stockings are dyed as fast as they become shabby.

She finds the colors strong, beautiful, and absolutely fast, and knows that home dyeing is a success, if done with the DIAMOND DYES—you may know it, too, if you will send stamp for free instruction book of home dyeing and 40 samples of colored cloth.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO.,
Burlington, Vt.

CALIFORNIA IN THREE AND ONE-HALF DAYS.

If you are going to California and desire to make the journey in the most economical, quick and comfortable manner, purchase your ticket via the Chicago & Northwestern, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railways. Pullman drawing-room sleeping cars are run from Chicago to San Francisco without change in three and one-half days. Completely furnished tourist sleeping cars are also run in which accommodations can be procured by passengers holding either first or second-class tickets at a cost of only $4.00 per berth from Chicago to San Francisco and other California points. The hour of departure of trains from Chicago affords prompt connection with all trains from the east and south. Variable route excursion tickets, allowing nine months' stay in the health-giving climate of California, second-class tickets at low rates, sleeping-car reservations and full information can be secured of any ticket agent, or by addressing W. A. Thrall, General Passenger and Ticket Agent Chicago & North-Western railway, Chicago.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railway and its connections forms the short line to Washington, D. C., Richmond, Va., and Old Point Comfort. Ask for tickets via this line.

Beecham's Pills for a bad Liver.

P. (Trade Mark.) & P.
KID GLOVES

MANUFACTURED BY Chaumont TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY BERTHOLD TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY FONTAINE TRADE P. & P. MARK

If you cannot get these gloves from your dealer, notify the manufacturer, Pings & Pfaner, 384 and 386 Broadway, N. Y., and they will see that you get them.

6 PER CENT LOANS.

We are prepared to make loans for any amount from $1,000 to $50,000, for 1 to 10 years, upon first mortgage, on improved farms or city property anywhere in Northwestern Ohio, upon 10 days notice at 6 per cent. interest.

We also loan money at 5 per cent. on central improved Toledo property, in sums of $25,000 to $250,000.

POE & THOMSON,
(Successors to F. G. Thomson & Co.)
331 SUPERIOR STREET.

OUR $16.00 FRIEZE ULSTERS!

Black and colors, all wool, fine wool linings, extra long, made as well as coats can be, are extra value, and when compared with others in the town, are worth $20. Our orders on these coats were for over 1,500 garments. We secure the lowest prices through largest buying; our customers reap the benefits.

IN KERSEY OVERCOATS, - $12, $15 $18, $20 to $38,

We show all colors, styles, single and double-breasted, regular and extra lengths. Genuine Auburn Melton at $15; good Kerseys, four colors, $12.

IN THE BOYS' DEPARTMENT!

We are beating all former records; $5 and $6 for pretty Double-breasted Suits of fine quality; $4 and $4.50 buys All Wool Suits that are very serviceable; $5 now for pretty Reefers that were $6, $7 and $8. Boys' Ulsters and Cape Coats of every kind of materials.

MEN'S CORK SOLE SHOES $5, REDUCED TO $3.50.

Too many compels us to cut the price. We cannot carry them over. This week they're $3.50.

MEN'S $3.50 FINE CALF SHOES FOR $2.50!

Until the last pair goes we offer in Congress and Bals Shoes actually worth $3.50 for $2.50

SCHOOL SHOES $1. RUBBERS 25c.

Men's Heavy Single and Double Sole Shoes $1.25, $1.50, $2. Ladies' Bright Dongola, Pat. Tip and Plain Boots, $1.50, $2 and $2.50.

CLOTHING, SHOES. HUDSONS Furnishing, Hats, Caps.

SILAS WIGGINS WRITES AGAIN.

Dear sir: I take my pen in hand to write you and tell you we are all well except I have had a hepe ov trouble lately and when this gets to you hope you will be enjoin the same great blessin'.

I ain't been able to write you any letters since the election for I never seed things get so thundering mixed up and I am so darn mixed up myself I ain't fit to write both'n'.

First of all I had a mighty bad cold after that confounded hogg killin' I been a wantin' somebody to kick me clean out of Muscle Shoales for ever havin' anything to do with the hul darn business.

Then I have had the devil's own time with this ere widder all the angels that's been born since Adam was a kid couldn't please her she would ruin a lunatic asylum and drive 'em out of business.

Then come the election and I have had lots of blasted bad luck in my time but I hope I may die in a minute if I ever saw things go backwards and get twisted like they did then. I was so sick I coudent get around and my throat was so sore I coudent talk and the darn fooles got to talkin' about the tariff was a tax and I coudent talk enough to straiten them out and the first thing I knowed the devil and the democrats got everything—and the hul bizness and all the offices are gone to thunder except Mr. Pomick Gorge and the widder and them is the very things I wanted to go democratic and never come back, but they are here yet and it's enough to drive me crazy. So that's the reason I ain't wrote and can't write. I tell you Mr. Editor this widder and this election and these tin horne democrats is more en humanature can stand and I been sick ever since. Yours truly,

SILAS WIGGINS.

THE RESULT OF MERIT.

When anything stands a test of fifty years among a discriminating people like the Americans, it is pretty good evidence that there is merit somewhere. The value of a medicine is best proved by its continued use from year to year by the same persons and families, as well as by a steady increasing sale. Few, if any, medicines have met with such continued success and popularity as has marked the introduction of Brandreth's Pills, which, after a trial of over fifty years, are conceded to be the safest and most effective purgative and blood purifier introduced to the public.

That this is the result of merit, and that Brandreth's Pills actually perform all that is claimed for them, is conclusively proved by the fact that those who regard them with the greatest favor are those who have used them the longest.

Brandreth's Pills are sold in every drug and medicine store, either plain or sugar coated.

SPECIAL SALE!

One Week Only—Beginning Monday, Nov. 21, at 9 A. M.

One Week Only—Ending Monday, Nov. 28, at 6:30 P. M.

The Misfit never advertise anything they do not have, and at the prices as published.

This is too early ordinarily for a cut price sale, but we own these goods at less than ordinary prices.

Large invoices have been sent to us during the last few days by leading tailors from the east, which, under ordinary circumstances, would be more than we could dispose of, but the prices were so ridiculously low that we were almost forced to receive them, knowing that the prices at which we could and are now offering these goods would dispose of this surplus stock in a very short time. We can fit any size or shape, as they were cut for normal, lean, stout or extra size men.

A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Fine Custom-Made Suits, $10, $12, $15 and $18,

In Double and Single Breasted Sacks and Frocks, in all shades and colorings, plain and mixtures. All wool Cheviots, Cassimeres, Clays, Unfinished Worsteds, Thibets, Tricots, Bedford Cords, the new novelty Guanco, and every conceivable foreign and domestic weave, comprising one thousand patterns.

Fine Custom-Made Overcoats and Ulsters, $10, $12, $15 and $18,

In Double and Single Breasted, with and without velvet collars, plain and fancy lined, as well as silk lined, in all shades prevailing this season, cut extremely long or medium length, in Cassimeres, Cheviots, Thibets, Vicunas, Kerseys, Meltons, Chinchillas, Friezes, Clays, Worsteds, in plain and silk mixed.

All-Wool Pants, $2.50.

Fancy Dress Vests, $3.00.

We close Every Evening at 6:30, Except Saturdays. Open until 11:00 P. M.

Branch Store, 135 N. High St., Columbus, O.

Misfit Clothing Parlors COR. MADISON AND SUPERIOR STS.

All Alterations to Improve a fit made free of charge.

Goods kept in Repair One Year FREE of Charge.

IF YOU ARE IN A HURRY

For any small wares we invite your patronage. We are arranging our stocks of little every departments in the most convenient form for the quick serving of our customers.

You pay your money and have the right to choose. We keep the three best kinds of dress stays in all colors.

STERLING IMPROVED DRESS STAYS, SECURELY STITCHED, REINFORCED ENDS. WILL NOT CUT THROUGH. ONLY 15 CENTS A SET.	Ever ready Dress Stays. Sateen, Metal Tipped, Waterproof, pliable, easily adjusted, in fast colors of Black, Cardinal, Pink, Old Gold, Drab, White, Blue and Brown. Only 15 cents a set.	FAMOUS CORALINE DRESS STAYS, WARRANTED NOT TO BREAK OR RUST. ALL COLORS. 20 CENTS A SET.
	Fine Satin in all the above colors 25 cents a set.	

In every line of goods we have many qualities and brands from which to select. Buy what you prefer. In garments our qualities and prices to be correct.

WE WILL SERVE YOU QUICKLY AND PLEASANTLY!

THE LION DRY GOODS CO.

GEO. M. FISHER, Prest.